THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

AN INTERNATIONAL DAILY NEWSPAPER

BOSTON, TUESDAY, JULY 5, 1932—VOL. XXIV, NO. 186

** ATLANTIC EDITION—FIVE CENTS A COPY

COPYRIGHT 1932 BY THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY

The MARCH of the NATIONS

by RUFUS STEELE

Reparations Move Toward End

Irish Save a British Break

'America' Is Sung 100 Years

Lindbergh Trifler Must Pay

Stick On Those Extra Stamps

STATESMEN at Lausanne believe a settlement of war reparations is in sight. France and Germany agree on a method. Germany proposes to pay France 2,000,000,000 marks in 10 annuities, beginning in 1937. France asks twice this sum, but expects to compromise. Italy dramatically seizes the stage and Foreign Minister Dino Grandi proposes that all reparations and all war debts owed by European powers to each other be wiped clean. Britain, owed $460,800,000 by Italy, demurs. Grandi's plea is to set the United States a cancellation example which Washington cannot ignore. Many adjustments remain to be made, but this much seems certain: The European powers, no longer stiff-necked, actually approach an agreement—an agreement that would instantly become the basis of many helpful understandings between nations.

¶ A British-Irish Free State break is again prevented by eleventh-hour conciliatory action. After the House of Commons authorizes a duty up to 100 per cent on Irish imports entering Britain to cover £3,000,000 annuities due, President de Valera announces that he is holding the annuities and other sums claimed in a separate account pending arbitration. Britain refuses to allow any foreign country to sit in the tribunal, as asked by de Valera, but quickly accedes to the method proposed—arbitration to settle the whole embittered question of whether the Free State should or should not pay.

¶ Old Park Street Church, Boston, Mass., hears "America" sung at a service for the 100th consecutive year. The patriotic song was first heard at a Fourth of July celebration in the church in 1832. Samuel S. Smith wrote the words while a student at Andover theological school. Mr. Smith hoped the children would be pleased with his sentiments and that their singing would inculcate greater love for the country. But that he never expected the stanzas to become among the most widely known ever written in America is evident from another fact—he never expected anybody would care enough for them to put them into print.

¶ Yugoslavia gets a new Government—in a step back toward absolutism. King Alexander, who set up a changed Cabinet in April in an announced return to the Constitution, reverses himself. From a new Government of his favorites only despotic rule is expected. Growing disorders forced the King to decide between sincere constitutional government or silencing public complaints with an iron hand. Belgrade is silent now—a suppressed people wondering how the dear freedom they welcomed could have proved only a myth.

¶ A New Jersey jury convicts John Hughes Curtis of obstructing justice in the hunt for the Lindberghs' stolen child. A judge will pronounce sentence. Col. Charles A. Lindbergh has undergone the ordeal of reciting on the witness stand the details of the long search for his baby in which he was cruelly misled. The pretender will pass to punishment, but what payment has the country made on the far greater debt it owes the Colonel? What of the outraged nation's vow that the operation of criminal gangs could and would be brought to an end? Until America has purged itself of organized crime Lindbergh's just cry will still carry its sweeping condemnation—What price my son?

¶ Malta returns to constitutional government. After two years, the ecclesiastical differences which countered civil rule have been satisfactorily adjusted and a new Legislature, recently elected, is to convene. A hard-working royal commission found a way for Britain to handle a delicate situation—to satisfy both the religious feelings of the people and to preserve the freedom of the elections.

¶ The United States's new postage rates go into effect with July 6. Three cents instead of two for an ordinary letter, eight cents instead of five if it goes by air. Postcards and parcel post do not change. Thus every letter-writer contributes a few cents—and hands the Government hundreds of millions of dollars it needs.

¶ Princeton University prepares to chill the atom to a standstill and then photograph it. Involved is a refrigerator in which liquid hydrogen will send the temperature down to 400 degrees below zero. At this point the atoms in mineral crystals are expected so to slow down their customary merry-go-round that they may be regarded as posing for the photographer. But the atoms may trick the camera man and disappear altogether. In fact, the wise physicists don't claim ever to have seen anything worth relating—about all they know of atoms is what they have thought out.

They're 'Red' But—Not Revolutionary

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

Sofia, Bulg.

EH, DID you catch that sweet and pleasant whiff? It made you wonder if they'd begun to perfume their trains down in the Balkans, didn't it?

And it smelled red, too. But not revolutionary—just royal—Bulgarian strawberries, racing toward the big cities of Germany.

Every day a special car is hooked on to the fast train, which runs through the strawberry district and Bulgaria's most luscious product, except perhaps her essence of roses, races up valleys and through tunnels as triumphantly as an ambassador bringing home peace with honor or a football team the season's cup.

But there's plenty left for home consumption, and hawkers with red-laden carts fill the main streets of the principal towns trying "Strawberries, big, fresh strawberries, three cents a pound."

Stronger Hand Takes Its Grip On Yugoslavia

New Cabinet Expected to Presage Tightening of Dictatorial Régime

Special to The Christian Science Monitor via Press Wireless

BELGRADE, Yugoslavia, July 5—Renewed tightening of the dictatorial régime is anticipated here as the result of a new cabinet having taken office Saturday. Dr. Voyislav Marinkovitch, former Premier, having resigned, King Alexander, after long and difficult secret negotiations, appointed Dr. Milan Srshkitch, former Minister of Justice as his successor.

Mr. Zika Lazitch, new Minister of the Interior, was formerly chief of police, and famous for his application of a strong hand in internal administration.

The appointment of Mr. Bosko Jevtitch as Foreign Minister and the removal of Mr. Bozidar Maksimovitch from the export folio imply a partial victory of a group of young politicians, friends of Gen. Petar Zivkovitch, former Premier, who resigned April 4, when the King decided to return to constitutional government. This group has leanings toward the formation of some sort of national organization similar to the Hitlerites of Germany.

Dr. Srshkitch, the first Bosnian to be Premier of Yugoslavia, is also the youngest. He was born in 1880.

The new Yugoslav Cabinet without any doubt represents a move toward a more drastic and uncompromising absolutism. During recent months, opposition to dictatorship has been growing throughout the kingdom, resulting in many minor disorders and frequent public manifestations of a revolutionary spirit, and resulting in many arrests.

It was evident that, to forestall widespread rebellion, the King must move immediately, either toward a more relentless police régime or introduce fundamental reforms, placing the country on a new democratic basis. He has chosen the former course with a cabinet of personal favorites noted for their attachment to Serbian domination, and their antipathy to other racial groups.

However, not one outstanding Croat, Slovene or Serb political leader is in the new Cabinet, and practically the whole nation will be vigorously opposed even though it means an intensification of relentless suppression.

Action by Dublin Eases Controversy

By Press Wireless from Monitor Bureau

LONDON, July 5—Prospects of an eleventh-hour settlement of the Anglo-Irish annuities dispute have suddenly been raised by announcement of the action Mr. Eamon de Valera proposes to take in paying the moneys in question into a suspense fund pending arbitration.

When the House of Commons met yesterday the British Government fully expected to have to implement the severe measures it has prepared against the Free State's default. "Do you intend to allow other people to get away with your money or don't you?" Mr. J. H. Thomas, Dominions Secretary of State, bluntly asked in presenting the bill to empower retaliatory tariff up to 100 per cent upon all Irish goods entering Britain. He made a much more conciliatory statement later on after the new action the President of the Free State's Executive Council proposes had become known.

Groceries Bought On 'Building' Plan

JOLIET, Ill., July 5 (AP)—This business recession isn't worrying Anton and John Grohar, brothers, who sell groceries for a living.

And neither are the delinquent bills of their customers. They're using them to build a new store.

The lease on their building is soon to expire, and Anton proposed that they build a store of their own.

"But," said John, "how can we do it? We have been carrying 60 per cent of the customers and we're short of cash."

"It's easy," replied Anton, "we'll let the customers do it."

CONSTITUTIONAL RULE IN MALTA RE-ESTABLISHED

Keystone of British Empire Returns to Normal Conditions

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

VALETTA, Malta — After a suspension of nearly two years, constitutional government has been re-established in Malta, a British possession in the Mediterranean Sea rightly regarded as the keystone of the British Empire. Elections for the local Legislative Assembly and the Senate took place in the middle of June and resulted in an overwhelming victory for the Nationalists over the Constitutionalists who were in power when the Constitution was suspended.

A whole series of unhappy incidents and acute controversies that occurred in the island during the administration of Lord Strickland—himself the son of a Maltese mother and founder of the Constitutional Party—culminated in May, 1930, in an open conflict between the local civil and ecclesiastical authorities, which eventually developed into a serious diplomatic dispute between the British Government and the Vatican.

Elections Are Staged

In view of the unprecedented situation created in Malta by the constitutional and religious disputes, the British Imperial authorities decided to stay the election for a new parliament already in course. This step was shortly afterward followed by the suspension of the Constitution itself and by a return to a strict Crown Colony government.

The intervention of the British Government in the internal affairs of an island which, in spite of its small size, enjoyed "quasi-Dominion status," was most unfavorably criticised in Malta. All three Maltese political parties, the Constitutionalists, the Nationalists and the Labor Party, agreed at least on this point—that the representative government granted to the Maltese people should, in no circumstances, be withdrawn or curtailed, and that, moreover, they should be allowed to settle their own affairs without interference.

Owing to the difficulty and delicacy of the issues raised by the Maltese problem, a Royal Commission, composed of Lord Askwith, Sir Walter Egerton and Count De Salis, was sent to Malta last year to report upon the local political situation and to make recommendations to the British Government for ending the anomalous state of affairs existing in the island and to devise a

(Continued on Page 5, Column 3)

Fog Holds Up First Landing Of World Fliers

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., July 5—A plane marked N R 869 E, reported over Wesleyville and at first believed to have crashed, was reported later over Cape Freels. The airmen dropped a note saying, "Please point direction Harbor Grace landing place," and then turned south. The airmen apparently lost their direction in a thick fog. They are nearly 100 miles north of Harbor Grace.

Fliers Hope to Better Post and Gatty Record

NEW YORK, July 5 (AP)—Mr. James Mattern, one-time jazz drummer, and Mr. Bennett Griffin, World War ace, hopped today for a round-the-world spin they hope will take them only six days.

Their red, white and blue plane, heavily loaded with gasoline, took off lumberingly from Floyd Bennett Airport at 4:01 a. m. and headed for Harbor Grace, N. F., the end of the first leg of the flight. They expect to reach there in seven hours.

Following approximately the route pursued by Mr. Harold Gatty and Mr. Wiley Post, who circled the globe in the Winnie Mae, they hoped to reduce the Gatty-Post record of eight days, 15 hours, 51 minutes.

The pilots plotted a course across the Atlantic to Ireland, over Europe to Siberia, across Asia to the Pacific and homeward by way of the north Pacific and Alaska.

Three-Cent Mail Comes In Tonight

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, July 5—Three-cent postage for ordinary first class mail will go into effect tonight at midnight, this being the first time that this cost has been demanded of letter writers since the war years from 1917 to 1919.

The increase is expected to add $130,000,000 to the postal revenue, in addition to another $3,000,000 derived from an increase in the air mail, also effective tomorrow.

BUSINESS IN TILTON NEEDS OUTSIDE HELP

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

TILTON, N. H., July 5—Business is booming in this New Hampshire town. In fact, employment has increased so rapidly in the past few months that manufacturers have had to call on the neighboring town of Franklin for help. Mr. Obe G. Morrison, owner of two of the largest cloth manufacuring plants in this State, reports that orders for the product of his mills are coming in so rapidly that the plants are required to work overcome,

Reparations Decision Hinges On Size of Final Payment

Germany and France Far Apart on Amount to Be Stipulated—British and Italians Differ on Contingency of American Debts

By ERWIN D. CANHAM

Staff Correspondent

By Cable to The Christian Science Monitor

LAUSANNE, Switz., July 5—In its concluding stages the Lausanne conference has run into two sorts of difficulties—first, with Germany, second, among the creditors themselves—which still require careful negotiations. Compared with the agreement already reached it seems unlikely that these details will prevent ultimate accord and some of them are purely tactical in nature.

The essential problem now is to reach an accord between France and Germany on the amount of the final payment. While both agree entirely on the fundamentals of this payment France asks 4,000,000,000 marks and Germany offers 2,000,000,000.

But Germany offers to pay in 10 annuities as from '937 and this is more attractive to France than hypothetical payments contingent on the decision of the Bank for International Settlements. Therefore there is strong prospect that the creditors may even accept Germany's own figure. At any rate today they are working hard to reconcile two sums.

More serious is the difficulty over war debts, both inter-European and to the United States. Germany stands aloof from this discussion, only insisting that the Lausanne settlement shall not be open to later revision.

This awkward corner was apparently turned by what is euphemistically called a gentlemen's agreement under which nobody ratifies the Lausanne protocol until they have reached an accord with the United States on war debts.

By this procedure the escape clause is rendered unnecessary. Indeed, even the gentlemen's agreement seems superfluous, since no European government would consider throwing away debts and reparations until it has learned how it stood with Washington.

The Germans are said to demand early ratification by the governments, but obviously cannot dictate what the sovereign parliaments will eventually decide.

Thus the difficulty regarding American payments itself loses importance. But the relations between European allied debtors and creditors has become serious. The Italian Foreign Minister, Signor Dino Grandi, who visited the chairman of the conference, Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, Sunday, was asked to approve a plan canceling reparations, but reaffirming the validity of Italy's war debt to Britain until United States settlement is reached.

The Italian minister in high dudgeon returned to his hotel and drafted a declaration insisting on the necessity of cancellation all round and published it yesterday. Rome therefore demands that the British cancel the Italian debt before asking Italy to wipe out its reparations.

PRESIDENT ASKS $120,000 TO USE ON RELIEF WORK

Needed, He Says, in Special Message, to Carry Over Next Fiscal Year

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, July 5 — In a special message to Congress today, President Hoover asked a special appropriation of $120,000 to continue the President's Organization on Unemployment Relief. The message:

The second deficiency bill just passed omitted an appropriation for continuance of the activities of the President's Organization on Unemployment Relief. I urgently request that Congress make a special appropriation of $120,000 to continue this work over the next fiscal year.

This organization, of which Mr. Walter S. Gifford is director, is comprised of leading men and women throughout every state in the Union, and has served to establish and coördinate state and local volunteer effort in relief of distress throughout the nation.

The organization has secured in a large way the coöperation of industry and labor, of national social welfare organizations, and has assisted in mobilizing a large amount of voluntary funds and administering local resources to the best advantage.

This organization is the only agency for national coördination and stimulation for the multitude of voluntary efforts and a clearing to these thousands of organizations with suggestions and methods for the alleviation of unemployment distress.

Should this organization be discontinued, not only would its important functions of stimulation of private giving and coördination be destroyed, but there would be grave danger of national, state and local volunteer groups concluding that services such as they have rendered were no longer necessary.

Voluntary effort amongst our people is of far more importance both morally and financially than the direct aid of local or other governmental agencies. To demobilize this organization might easily create a widespread confusion and bring great hardships when the need is greatest.

It is obviously of the utmost importance that no action be taken which shall in any way diminish voluntary efforts which combine the intimate knowledge of local conditions with the sense of responsibility toward fellow citizens and neighbors in distress.

Continuance of this organization with its background of experience is, in my opinion, most essential to the intelligent carrying out of the provisions of all relief activities whether private or public.

The organization is made up primarily of volunteers serving without pay or expense. It is nonpartisan and representative of various economic and social groups. To function successfully it must have funds to employ a relatively small number of trained personnel, together with necessary office help.

The appropriation requested for continuance of this organization is infinitesimal in its ratio to the large resources which are put at the command of those in distress, and thus also relieves burdens upon municipalities, states and the Federal Government.

SANTIAGO'S AID 100 PER CENT

SANTIAGO, Chile, July 5 (By U. P.)—Every worthy person in the city is now obtaining adequate food and shelter, the Mayor of Santiago announced Sunday.

LAGGARD VOTE TO BE ROUTED OUT BY WOMEN

Business Federation Condemns Let-George-Do-It Attitude of Voters

By MARJORIE SHULER

Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 5—A get-out-the-vote campaign for the national election this fall was decided upon in the closing hours of the meeting of the board of the National Federation of Business and Professional Women here.

Mrs. Lulu T. Andrews of Nebraska, national legislative chairman, who proposed the campaign and who will be in charge of it, deplored the "Let-others-do-it" attitude on the part of citizens, and the trivial things which are allowed to interfere with going to the polls on election day. Newspapers, platforms at meetings, and the radio will be used, said Mrs. Andrews, to promote "discriminating and sound thinking" about the elections of national officials next November.

Business women are thrifty according to the report of Mrs. Emilie H. Burcham of Spokane, Wash., national thrift chairman, who said that 77.6 per cent of the members have savings accounts, 75.3 per cent carry insurance, 39 per cent own their own homes, and 31.3 per cent use personal budgets. Although 36.3 per cent have dependents, the proportion with savings accounts and insurance is as great as in the rest of the group.

Arkansas stood first in the home-owning group, four clubs having 65 per cent of the membership in possession of their own homes. North Carolina carried off four of the trophies offered by the national publicity department. Chanute, Kansas, won the prize for the most dignified piece of publicity, a series of thrift articles. Hopkinsville, Kentucky, received the award for the best special edition of a newspaper edited by women, and Erie, Pennsylvania, was given a second award.

Three hundred women at a dinner for the board heard Dr. Paul Douglas, University of Chicago, advocate a program of economic adjustment, including employment relief, slum clearance, and the meeting of government deficits by the issuance of bonds against Federal Reserve notes, or by the printing of more money.

THE MONITOR INDEX

TUESDAY, JULY 5, 1932

General News—Pages 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11
News of Sports—Page 12
Financial News—Pages 13 and 14

FEATURES

Radio Programs 2
Events Tonight 3
The Home Forum 7
Security
[With German Translation]
Educational 8
Women's Enterprises and Activities 9
The Children's Page 10
Weekly Radio Column 11
Daily Features 17
Editorials 18

THINGS PRESENT

There's something timely and human about "Depression Blues" on the Editorial page. And while you are on the page, your Latin friends will tell you that *rus in urbe* means "the country in the city."

Now is as good a time as any to resolve never to miss the Parent column on the Educational page. Three readers share helpful experiences today.

The chance of a lifetime! Everyone will enjoy the thrill—you've wondered if such a thing ever really happened—in "When Tetrazzini Made Her Début" on the Home Forum.

Of course every youngster will make one of those paper caps shown on the Children's page!

AND THINGS TO COME

Tomorrow brings the weekly Aviation column.

Wednesday, lest we forget, is the day set for the weekly appearance of mliady's Fashions and Dressmaking page. Also look for Mr. Abbot's "Watching the World Go By," and another adventure with that dean of American squirrels, Roger P. Scroggins.

PLANS OUTLINED BY DEMOCRATS FOR CAMPAIGN

Gov. Roosevelt's Acceptance Speech Followed by Committee Meetings

Special from Monitor Bureau

CHICAGO, July 5—Plans for an aggressive Democratic campaign were laid here following the acceptance speech of Gov. Franklin D. Roosevelt and the nomination of his running mate, Speaker John Nance Garner, for the Vice-Presidency by acclamation.

Arriving in Chicago by airplane and breaking ancient precedents by making his speech of acceptance to the very convention that nominated him, Governor Roosevelt, in the final scenes of the momentous Democratic gathering here, repeatedly expressed a smiling confidence in the success of his ticket in November.

Mr. James A. Farley, New York boxing commissioner and floor manager of the Roosevelt forces here, succeeded Mr. John J. Raskob as chairman of the national committee. The whole committee has been reorganized on a Rooseveltian basis.

Lieutenants Scattering

Now the Roosevelt lieutenants are scattering to the various Democratic headquarters of the country, to start immediately on their most pressing task of conciliating the defeated candidates and attempting to present a united front to the Republicans. They carried with them the clear and succinct declaration of Governor Roosevelt that he would stand by the party platform.

The Garner nomination was put through with complete agreement, following which, in a day of consultation, a new national committee was named and campaign plans organized.

Senator James A. Reed, Gov. Albert C. Ritchie, former Gov. Harry F. Byrd, of Virginia, and other defeated Democratic candidates called on the nominee. Now the chief work for Mr. Farley is to line up the Tammany delegation. Mr. John F. Curry and his aid, Mr. John H. McCooey of Brooklyn, profess themselves pleased by the nominee's speech and welcomed him on his arrival here.

Gov. Alfred E. Smith and Mayor Frank Hague of Jersey City, Governor Smith's campaign manager, have, so far, not been in touch with Governor Roosevelt. Mr. Farley is a friend of Tammany's and is counted upon to attempt a reconciliation.

Governor Roosevelt, appearing before the convention accompanied by members of his family, said:

Chairman Walsh, my friends of the Democratic national convention of 1932:

I appreciate your willingness

(Continued on Page 4, Column 1)

Veterans Protest Close of Congress With Bonus Unpaid

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, July 5—As a protest against the forthcoming adjournment of Congress, 10,000 veterans of the Bonus Army paraded up Pennsylvania Avenue today to the Capitol.

Marching in military order with only a handful of drummers and buglers to time the cadence, the "army" staged its fourth demonstration during the five-week encampment. The parade was led by Mr. Harold B. Foulkrod, veterans' legislative chairman, and Capt. Doak E. Carter, chief of staff. Commander-in-chief Walter W. Waters was on his way to New York by airplane to obtain meat promised for the veterans' commissary.

The food situation is considered so acute that until Mr. Waters returns by plane with supplies there will be virtually nothing to eat. It is planned to rush meat to the various camps and billets.

A few contingents from near-by states are reported to have a fair supply of bread and potatoes but the national supply headquarters had but 50 loaves of bread, 1000 pounds of corn meal, 100 sacks of flour and two sacks of beans with which to feed between 15,000 and 20,000 ex-service men.

Bank Action Shows Revival in Adelaide

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

Adelaide, S. Aust.

AN APPRECIABLE brightening has been visible in business in South Australia for some months, which has been reflected in the operations of clearing houses, declared Mr. Norman Taylor, president of the Chamber of Commerce here.

These operations showed that great assistance was being given by the banks to the governments of Australia, and the encouraging growth in non-interest-bearing deposits was an indication of revival in trade and business conditions, although some allowance must be made for the reduced rates of fixed deposits.

Generally speaking, however, there was a definite forward move in business, added Mr. Taylor, and provided a sound policy was maintained by the governments, Australia's return to happier days would soon be assured.

Political Drys To Urge Borah For President

Prohibition Party Convention Seeks Senator as Its Candidate

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., July 5 — From the Chicago Stadium, where the two major national political conventions adopted submission planks, the prohibition scene quickly shifted to Indianapolis this week, where two dry groups convened to protest against action of Republican and Democratic conventions in opening the way to repeal of the Eighteenth Amendment. A return to militant advocacy of prohibition is asked by these dry groups.

The old Prohibition Party went into national convention today determined to be "reorganized on a larger scale" and to enter the field with a third-party candidate for President. Their convention follows a two-day meeting of the Women's National Committee for Law Enforcement ending last night.

The party had hoped to persuade Senator William E. Borah (R.) of Idaho to run for President as a candidate on their platform but realizing that he probably would not be able to accept the nomination, planned to choose from among Mr Owen Bruner, New Jersey; Mr. Frank Regan, Illinois; Dr. B. E. P. Pugh, Pennsylvania, and Dr. Grafton E. Day, New Jersey.

Women Against Change

Dr. Clinton B. Howard, Buffalo, N. Y., as permanent chairman of the convention, made the keynote speech. The Prohibition Party intends, he said, to draw voters from both major parties who are not in accord with Democratic and Republican prohibition planks. The party desires to register an impressive protest next November against any wet trend by the major parties.

The overtures to Senator Borah were conducted by Dr. D. Leigh Colvin, national chairman of the Prohibition Party, who conferred with the Senator in Washington Sunday, and then hurried here to conduct the convention.

The Women's National Committee for Law Enforcement feels differently about the practicality of a third party movement. It is better, the committee decided, to support dry candidates in the two major parties than to register a protest vote—but not a successful vote.

Need Found Urgent

The need is urgent for militant advocacy of prohibition, both conventions here agree. Speakers before both groups pointed out that dry sympathizers made the mistake of letting down after adoption of the Eighteenth Amendment.

"No Law Will Enforce Itself" and "Let the Nineteenth Amendment Save the Eighteenth Amendment" were slogans advanced at the women's meeting, which was attended by numerous dry leaders who had watched both the Democratic and Republican national conventions at Chicago.

Mr. Andrew W. Mellon, American Ambassador to Great Britain, was

(Continued on Page 2, Column 3)

Fort Necessity, Built by Washington, Now National Shrine in Pennsylvania

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

UNIONTOWN, Penna., July 5—A strip of meadow land amid the forested laurel hills of western Pennsylvania, the site of old Fort Necessity, where George Washington and his Virginia and South Carolina soldiers, fighting French regulars, French-Canadian militia and Indians commanded by Coulon De Villers 178 years ago, launched the first confederated action on the part of the colonies, has been dedicated as a national shrine in honor of the Father of his Country.

The outline of the old fort, which Washington threw up hurriedly to meet his foes in the first actual battle of his career, was traced by means of the remains of the original stockade and has been reconstructed. Fifteen years after the battle, which occurred on July 3, 1754, Washington bought the Great Meadows property on which the engagement was fought, held it for many years and bequeathed it as "one of his more important possessions."

The Battle of Fort Necessity marked the beginning of the French and Indian War in America and the Seven Years' War in Europe. It affected three continents and changed the course of history throughout the world. Voltaire said of the battle, "a cannon shot fired in the woods of America was the signal that set all Europe in a blaze."

The dedication of Fort Necessity on the anniversary of the battle was the official tribute of the State of Pennsylvania to the bicentennial celebration in honor of Washington. Among the speakers on the occasion were Dr. Albert Bushnell Hart, historian of the national George Washington Bicentennial Commission; Gen. Edward Martin and Maj.-Gen. Paul B. Malone, commander of the Third Corps Army Area.

Pennsylvania bought 314 acres, including the site of the fort, and the Federal Government has provided funds for a national monument and for reconstruction of the fort. The museum on the battlefield will be remodeled and furnished through money contributed by patriotic societies and individuals

DRYS AWAIT HOOVER WORD ON PLATFORM

Indorsement to Follow Outspoken Stand for Law Enforcement

REPUBLICAN WETS EXERTING PRESSURE

Repeal Plank of Democrats Brings Caustic Comment From Prohibitionists

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, July 5—President Hoover became the focal point of the prohibition controversy today as drys made it plain that their strategy in the forthcoming presidential campaign depends entirely on the position the Republican nominee takes in his acceptance speech.

If the President stands as dry in that speech as the Republican platform framed in Chicago, and insists on law enforcement pending a popular decision on the Eighteenth Amendment, leading drys are understood to be prepared to indorse his candidacy for the Presidency and come out openly against Gov. Franklin D. Roosevelt and the Democratic Party.

But if the President should succumb to the pressure being brought to bear on him by Republican wets, and take a personal stand opposed to the Eighteenth Amendment, the important dry leaders are also prepared to denounce both candidates and look for some other course of action divorced from either major party.

Conciliatory to Republicans

This became clear in the light of two successive dry statements, one issued here today by the Rev. Dr. Daniel A. Poling, chairman of the Allied Forces for Prohibition, a militant nation-wide dry organization, and the other issued in Chicago over the week-end by the National Prohibition Board of Strategy, the supreme council of all dry organizations.

Both statements boldly and unequivocally denounced the Democratic prohibition plank and the wet stand of the Democratic candidate for President, but no reference was made to President Hoover and the references to the Republican prohibition plank were sufficiently conciliatory to leave the way open for qualified indorsement if this course of action becomes desirable at a later date.

It is both the sincere hope and the expectation of the dry leaders that the President will make it possible for them to support him. The extreme wetness of the Democratic platform makes their opposition to that party inevitable. If the Republicans should also prove in the end to be too wet for them they would be forced into opposition with both consequential political groups.

Third Party Considered

Whether such a situation would result in a prohibition party movement headed by Senator William E. Borah (R.) of Idaho, is another question causing considerable speculation in political circles here. Particular interest on this score was aroused by the fact that Dr. Poling came straight here from the deliberations of the Board of Strategy in Chicago to confer with Senator Borah. Whether a third party was the object of their discussion is not known.

While waiting for these considerations to develop, however, the drys are by no means planning to rest idle. Their real battle, according to both statements will be in the Congressional districts and here they are going to start work at once.

Dr. Poling, in his statement, first analyzed the two prohibition planks. He rejected "specifically" the resubmission phase of the Republican plank and then denounced in its entirety both the Democratic plank, which he quoted Senator Carter Glass (D.) of Virginia as calling "a bar room plank," and the indorsement given to that plank by Governor Roosevelt in his acceptance speech.

Prepared for Campaign

He declared, in conclusion: "Our campaign does not wait. We shall participate in all contests against the repeal of state enforcement laws."

Other developments in the prohibition picture over the week-end included a statement from Senator Morris Sheppard (D.) of Texas, clarifying his position in the light of his party's recent action in Chicago, and the return of Mr. D. Leigh Colvin, chairman of the national committee of the Prohibition Party, to the party convention in Indianapolis following a conference with Senator Borah.

Mr. Colvin, who offered the party's presidential nomination to the Senator, declined to disclose on his return how the negotiations had turned out. It was said, however, from reliable sources, that Senator Borah had not definitely and finally declined the nomination.

Senator Sheppard's statement made it very clear that he remained opposed to repeal or modification of the Eighteenth Amendment, modification of the Volstead Act and resubmission of the Eighteenth Amendment, and would vote against such action "unless directed to vote for it by a representative referendum in my State."

Returns from the North Carolina senatorial primaries indicated that the dry candidate, Senator Cameron Morrison, had lost by almost a two-to-one vote to his wet opponent, Mr. Robert R. Reynolds.

BOSTON ORATOR SAYS LIBERTY IS TOO MISJUDGED

Is Privilege to Be Earned, Professor Rogers Says, Not Simply a Right

The 156th anniversary of the signing of the Declaration of Independence was observed in Boston yesterday with the customary flag-raising ceremonies at City Hall, the reading of the Declaration from the balcony of the Old State House, oration and exercises at Faneuil Hall, and the usual band concerts and fireworks.

Prof. Robert E. Rogers of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology was the orator of the day. His topic was liberty and freedom, and he reviewed the events of freedom since the signing of the independence declaration. He said that most of the internal problems of the nation for the last 100 years have been the fruits of the tremendous emphasis placed on liberty and freedom by the fathers of the nation.

"The American has been wrong," Professor Rogers declared, "in his inherited belief that liberty and freedom are rights to be enjoyed instead of privileges to be earned. He has been wrong in allowing the millions who have come to us from other shores to think of America in terms of freedom and opportunity and wealth, instead of in terms of responsibility and duty and obedience."

The orator dwelt on politics and asserted that the Republican Party is no more responsible for failing to control the financiers and business men during this past craze for inflation than the Democratic Party was responsible for failing to control the financiers and business men during the World War.

Mayor James M. Curley arrived home early last night from the Democratic national convention in Chicago in time to address a holiday crowd on Boston Common. The Mayor received one of the most spontaneous welcomes ever given a Mayor and police officials estimated that more than 100,000 people heard the Mayor's address, which was followed by a band concert and fireworks.

Fair weather Sunday attracted thousands to the beaches and summer resorts. Railroads and steamship companies reported excellent business over the week-end. The Boston & Maine and the Eastern Steamship Line's "boat train" carried 1200 excursionists on an all-day trip around Massachusetts Bay.

Hoover Sees Hope Of Renewed Faith

PHILADELPHIA, July 5 (AP)—The nation's birthday was ushered in officially Sunday midnight (Eastern Standard Time) with 156 rings of the state house bell in the steeple of Independence Hall.

The ceremony required 23 minutes.

The combined strength of two men was needed to swing the 300-pound clapper of the 13,000-pound bell. The state house bell weighs six times as much as the Liberty Bell which rests in the corridor below.

Mr. Ernest Lee Jahncke, Assistant Secretary of the Navy, principal orator, portrayed President Hoover as the leader needed to guide the nations of the world to peace.

Designated by the President, who was unable to attend, Mr. Jahncke conveyed a message from the President to the nation. It was that he hoped observance of the Fourth of July might renew faith in government by the people as "not only the surest road to equality and justice, but also the only system that makes it possible to permanently release the energies of all the people in voluntary productive enterprise."

Americans in Manila Celebrate 'the Fourth'

MANILA, July 5 (AP)—Before the United States began its formal celebration of the Fourth of July, the Philippines, aided by a difference in time, had completed celebration of Independence Day.

The day's principal observance in Manila was the usual military parade, followed by an address of Gov.-Gen. Theodore Roosevelt, in which he told the Filipinos that privileges enjoyed under the American flag carry definite responsibilities.

U. S. and Britain Both Win

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

GLENOLDEN, Penna., July 5—As a result of the American Revolution, Great Britain and the United States each are greater and more powerful than they would have been combined, declared Mr. William T. Kerr, national president and founder of the American Flag Day Association, at the Independence Day exercises here yesterday.

Motion Pictures

"Das Lied ist Aus"

Herren Robert Stolz and Geza von Bolvary, composer and director respectively of the popular "Zwei Herzen," have gone themselves more than one better in "Das Lied ist Aus," now running at the Fine Arts Theater. The music is not only delightfully written in its lightly tripping style, but is well played and well recorded. The direction, though not entirely free from Teutonic clumsiness, overcomes this unfortunate quality in some measure. Herr von Bolvary evidently takes pride in some of his upside-down shots and other little vagaries, such as reflecting a bit of action by pool instead of mirror.

Herr Willi Forst, the dapper song and dance man who seems to have won a following here as in Germany, proves that he can be serious on occasion. He it is who plays progressively, first offender-secretary-sweetheart to the presumably great actress depicted by Fraulein Liane Haid. Fraulein Haid wears ravishing gowns and hostess pajamas, looks continuously lovely, and does everything but act. Acting, however, as applied to stage deportment, hardly seems important in these modern German fairy tales, with their refulgent settings and expensive costuming, so long as the papier-mâché obstacles are overcome and true love wins in the end. The most attractive sequence in the picture is the cleverly contrived marionette operetta, inserted in the story, which Herr Forst appears to execute single-handed.

An aptly chosen complementary short feature, just imported from Germany and shown at the Fine Arts for the first time in America, is a strikingly photographed travelogue of Munich and the Bavarian Alps. An engaging musical score replaces the customary spoken monologue-in-monotone. The high spot of this film is the episode of native school children practicing their favorite lesson, which consists of stunts and games on skis. The picture exudes the tang and tingle of fresh winter air and joy in nature.

M. L.

SHAWSHEEN VILLAGE SOLD FOR $1,000,000

LAWRENCE, Mass., July 5 (AP)—Shawsheen Village, the $5,000,000 development conceived by the late William W. Wood when he was president of the American Woolen Company, has been sold, records on file at the registry of deeds here show.

Stamps on the papers filed showed that approximately $1,000,000 was involved in the deal. The Andover-Shawsheen Realty Company were the purchasers. The property involved in the sale consisted of 250 model brick and wooden homes and the land on which they were situated.

POLITICAL DRYS TO URGE BORAH FOR PRESIDENT

(Continued from Page 1)

assailed for his failure to support prohibition when Secretary of the Treasury and so charged with its enforcement.

Congressional and legislative leaders who have been secretly wet but dry for expediency and who now are planning to emerge from their shelters were amazed as was the metropolitan wet press, "which brazenly refuses to give an unbiased picture of the improved economic and social condition of America under prohibition."

Advice was given that hereafter drys be wary whom they indorse for any political office and that sincere personal dryness as well as political dryness be demanded.

Swift on the echoes of the conventions follows the declaration of the Woman's National Committee for Law Enforcement that it will refuse indorsement of either party as a result of their action on prohibition.

Summoning women to transmit their potential strength into a purgative power, the committee called for a new political picture. It declared:

"A spiritual democracy must take the place of our Government, which has failed through men elected or appointed, unfit to govern and out of sympathy with the ideals on which this nation was founded."

In a time of economic stress people wanted statesmanship that would give them bread, the declaration continued, instead modern statesmanship would give them beer. The time has come, it declared, for the American women to decide.

Demands were leveled at the President in reference to the "beer rebellion." He was called on to declare unequivocably for the Eighteenth Amendment and to express his belief in its benefits.

Enforcement of the dry law, "without fear or favor" and the making of "needed changes in the Treasury and Department of Justice"; dismissal of Cabinet members opposed to prohibition in thought and action, disciplining of judges "who have made the supreme law a farce" were likewise demanded.

Mrs. Henry W. Peabody, chairman of the committee, stated that there was no intention of aligning with a third party.

Wet Planks Denounced By Southern Baptists

SHREVEPORT, La., July 5 (AP)—The prohibition planks of the Democratic and Republican parties are not acceptable to 4,000,000 Southern Baptists, Dr. M. E. Dodd, vice-president of the Southern Baptist Convention and pastor of the First Baptist Church of Shreveport, told his congregation Sunday.

He also criticized Mr. John D. Rockefeller Jr. because of his recent letter favoring repeal of the Eighteenth Amendment. The letter likewise is not acceptable to Southern Baptists, the pastor declared.

Dr. Dodd termed all talk about resubmission as "simply a part of the strategy of the wets seeking repeal."

He described the Democratic and Republican prohibition planks as identical in character and objective.

Dry Amendment Author Says He Still Backs It

WASHINGTON, July 5 (AP)—Senator Morris Sheppard (D.) of Texas, author of the prohibition amendment, yesterday said he was opposed to repeal or modification of the Eighteenth Amendment and to modification of the Volstead Act and would vote against such action unless directed to vote for it by a referendum in his State.

In a statement clarifying his previously expressed views the Texan announced he also opposed submission of the liquor question and would vote against it.

Drunken Drivers Committed to Jail

Seventy-four persons were convicted in Massachusetts last week for operating vehicles while under the influence of liquor, 78 less than in the preceding week, Mr. Morgan T. Ryan, registrar of motor vehicles, reports. Nine of this number were committed to jail, five from district courts and four from superior courts. Four persons were convicted for the second time within six years in district courts for operating while under the influence of liquor.

The weekly report of the registrar also shows 17 motor fatalities, eight more than in the week before and six more than in the same period last year. Suspensions or revocations of licenses totaled 1963, 45 more than in the week before and 552 more than in the same period last year. Eighty-seven of these were for driving after drinking intoxicating liquor and 1360 were suspended on account of insurance cancellations.

Carelessness, drunkenness, and speed are again blamed for the increase in motor fatalities. Mr. Ryan reports that in one head-on collision, which resulted fatally, one of the operators was charged with operating under the influence of liquor. High speed on a curve, a hit-and-run driver and failure to heed signals at a railroad crossing were other factors resulting in the 17 fatalities last week.

Robin Slows Up Work On Santa Fe Railroad

EMPORIA, Kan., July 5 (AP)—The hiss and rumble of giant locomotives which are guided onto a big turntable at the Santa Fe roundhouse here is being carefully reduced to a minimum.

A robin has selected the turntable as a likely spot to rear a family and has deposited three blue eggs in a tidy nest. Mrs. Robin leaves her nest while each engine is turned, but returns quickly as soon as the turntable is vacated.

WOOLEN PLANT TO REOPEN

CHICOPEE, Mass., July 5 (AP)—Asinof & Sons Inc., woolen clothing manufacturers, whose plant has been closed since May 1, announced today that work would be resumed on nearly full schedule this week, giving employment to about 750 persons. It is believed that the raw material market has stabilized to a point warranting operations on normal basis.

Radio Tonight

DAYLIGHT SAVING TIME

WEEI, Boston (590kc-508m)

5:00 p. m.—"Kentucky, Ky." songs.
5:15 NBC, "Skippy," children's sketch.
5:30 NBC, Pop's Pirate Club.
5:45 O'Leary's Irish Minstrels.
6:00 "The Daily Tattler."
6:30 News; organ recital.
7:00 Phil Saliman, pianist.
7:15 "Tessie the Typist."
7:30 NBC, Ray Perkins; Van Steeden Orchestra.
7:45 NBC, "The Rise of the Goldbergs."
8:00 NBC, Julia Sanderson and Frank Crumit; guitar orchestra.
8:30 NBC, Magazine sketch.
9:00 Jenney Concert Band.
9:30 NBC, Ed Wynn; Fire Chief Band.
10:00 NBC, Walter O'Keefe; police dramatization; Weeks Orchestra.
11:00 Forecasts; E. B. Rideout; news.
11:16 Mayflower Orchestra.

WBZ and WBZA, Boston and Springfield (990kc-303m)

5:00 p. m.—Agricultural markets talk.
5:15 "Toe Ticklers"; orchestra; soloist.
5:30 NBC, "Singing Lady."
5:45 NBC, "Little Orphan Annie."
6:00 Time announcement; weather.
6:02 Sport Review, Bill Williams.
6:10 Bradford organ, Louis Weir.
6:15 "The Monitor Views the News."
6:30 Talk, Gov. John G. Winant of New Hampshire.
6:45 NBC, "Today's News," Lowell Thomas.
7:00 Time; NBC, "Amos 'n' Andy."
7:15 Toy Town Trio.
7:30 NBC, Stebbins Boys.
7:45 NBC, Billy Jones and Ernie Hare.
8:00 NBC, "You and Your Government"; "Results of the Democratic Convention," William Hard.
8:30 "Jack and Jane," songs.
8:45 "Snoop and Scoop"; skit.
9:00 NBC, Household Orchestra; Edgar A. Guest; male trio; soloist.
9:30 Talk, Mr. Carl P. Dennett of Reconstruction Finance Corporation of New England.
10:00 NBC, Sketch, with Phillips Lord.
10:15 Female vocal trio.
10:30 NBC, Soloists; orchestra.
10:45 News; time; weather.
11:02 Sport Review, Bill Williams.
11:15 Joe Rines and his orchestra.
11:45 Louis Weir, organist.

WNAC, Boston (1230kc-244m)

5:00 p. m.—"The Puzzle Man."
5:05 "The Dance Parade"; orchestra.
5:30 Organ recital, Francis J. Cronin.
5:45 Shepard Musical Sketch Book.
6:00 Studio announcements; news.
6:15 Short subjects.
6:30 Big Brother's Opportunity Night.
6:45 "Chandu"; transcription.
7:00 CBS, Sid Gary; orchestra.
7:15 CBS, Mills Brothers; orchestra.
7:30 "Rajput"; transcription.
7:45 Radio banquet, Hotel Westminster.
8:00 CBS, Linit Orchestra; soloists.
8:15 CBS, Abe Lyman's Orchestra.
8:30 Adrien O'Brien, soloist.
8:45 CBS, "Joe Palooka."
9:00 CBS, Ben Bernie and his orchestra.
9:30 CBS, Edgar Wallace story.
10:00 CBS, Alex Gray; orchestra.
10:15 Local dance music.
11:00 Studio announcements; news.
11:15 Organ recital, Francis J. Cronin.
11:30 Local and CBS dance music.

WAAB, Boston (1410kc-213m)

5:15 p. m.—CBS, "Meet the Artist"; Henry Misselwitz, White House correspondent.
5:30 CBS, "Musical Comedy Memories."
6:00 CBS, George Hall's Orchestra.
6:15 CBS, Reis and Dunn; orchestra.
6:30 Time; baseball.
6:38 Jack Miller's Orchestra.
6:45 CBS, Noble Sissle's Orchestra.
7:00 Weather; news; time.
7:15 "Big Brother" Bob Emery.
7:30 CBS, "Connie" Boswell, songs.
7:45 CBS, "Bing" Crosby, songs.
8:00 The Gossipers.
8:15 Golden Slipper Marathon.
8:30 CBS, Dictators Orchestra; soloist.
8:45 Book talk, George D. Ross.
9:00 Serial dramatic sketch.
9:30 Organ recital; soloist.
10:00 Studio period; Herald news.
10:15 CBS, Quartet and organist.
10:30 CBS, Columbia Symphony Orchestra.
11:00-12:00 CBS popular programs.

Tomorrow's Features

WBSO, Babson Park, Mass. (920kc-326m)

7:00 a. m.—Studio and musical programs.
12:00 noon—Stocks; piano; talk.
12:45 p. m.—Studio soloists.

1:35 p. m.—Parents Question Box.
2:45 p. m.—Book review.
3:00 p. m.—Talk, the Rev. E. J. Fairweather.
3:30 p. m.—Good Cheer Service.
4:00 p. m.—Studio soloists.
4:30 p. m.—Gordon College program.

WEEI

6:00 a. m.—NBC, Gene and Glenn.
8:15 a. m.—E. B. Rideout; news.
8:30 a. m.—NBC, Cherrio.
9:00 a. m.—Studio programs.
9:15 a. m.—NBC programs.
12:15 p. m.—News; stocks; produce.
12:45 p. m.—Neapolitan Dutch Girls.
1:15 p. m.—NBC, dance music.
2:30 p. m.—New England Kitchen.
3:00 p. m.—Musical programs.
4:00 p. m.—News; stocks; musical.
4:30 p. m.—NBC, Kathleen Stewart, pianist.

WBZ

7:00 a. m.—Musical programs.
8:00 a. m.—NBC, "On the 8:15."
8:15 a. m.—Studio and musical.
9:30 a. m.—NBC programs.
10:45 a. m.—Studio and musical.
12:01 p. m.—"The Monitor Views the News."
12:15 p. m.—NBC, Pat Barnes.
12:30 p. m.—Studio period.
1:30 p. m.—NBC, Farm and Home Hour.
2:30 p. m.—Testimonial program to G. A. Loveland, United States Weather Bureau.
3:30 p. m.—Home Forum Cooking School.
4:00 p. m.—Popular music.

WNAC

6:30 a. m.—Studio and musical.
11:00 a. m.—CBS program.
12:00 noon—Studio period; news.
12:15 p. m.—CBS musical programs.
1:00 p. m.—Studio and musical.
2:00-5:00 p. m.—CBS programs.

WAAB

7:45 a. m.—Time; news; weather.
8:00 a. m.—CBS programs.
11:00 a. m.—Studio and musical.
1:0[illegible] p. m.—CBS musical programs.
2:00 p. m.—Studio and musical.
3:00 p. m.—Red Sox-St. Louis Browns, Fenway Park, Fred Hoey, reporting.

WEATHER

U. S. Weather Bureau Report

Boston and Vicinity: Fair tonight; Wednesday partly cloudy, followed by showers in afternoon or at night; not much change in temperature; gentle to moderate westerly winds.

Maine: Fair tonight and Wednesday; showers Wednesday night; not much change in temperature.

New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut: Fair tonight; Wednesday increasing cloudiness, followed by showers beginning Wednesday afternoon or evening; not much change in temperature.

Atlantic Coast, Eastport to Sandy Hook: Diminishing north shifting to east or southeast winds and fair weather tonight; Wednesday increasing cloudiness; showers by Wednesday night.

Weather Outlook for the Week: For the North and middle Atlantic States: Fair Monday, followed by showers Tuesday or Wednesday and possibly Thursday; then generally fair. Moderate temperature Monday; warmer Tuesday and Wednesday; cooler latter part of week.

Official Temperatures

	A	B		A	B
Atlantic City	68	80	Montreal	64	72
Bismarck	58	64	Nantucket	64	70
Boston	64	70	New Orleans	80	84
Buffalo	60	70	New York	62	78
Calgary	50	64	Norfolk, Va.	76	86
Charleston	84	88	North Platte	60	86
Chicago	64	66	Philadelphia	66	78
Cincinnati	64	86	Phoenix, Ariz.	80	104
Denver	58	90	Pittsburgh	62	80
Eastport, Me.	56	68	Portland, Me.	64	64
Hatteras	82	84	Raleigh	78	86
Honolulu, T.H.		82	St. Louis	70	86
7p.m. July4	74		St. Paul	60	70
Helena, Mont.	44	64	Salt Lake City	56	76
Huron, S. D.	60	68	San Francisco	56	74
Jacksonville	80	94	SantaFe, N.M.	62	90
Kansas City	66	92	Seattle	52	62
Key West	84	88	Tampa	80	92
Los Angeles	60	74	Washington	66	78
Memphis	76	86	Wichita, Kan.	68	96
Miami, Fla.	84	90	Williston, N.D.	56	70

A—9 a. m., eastern daylight saving time, July 5.
B—Maximum July 4.

High Tides at Boston
(Eastern Daylight Saving Time)

Tuesday, 1:06 p. m., Wednesday, 1:14 a. m.
Height of tides, 8.3 feet, 9.7 feet.
Light all vehicles at 8:53 p. m.

CALL TODAY

For authentic information on the elimination of all Household Insects call nearest office.

Oakwood 5203
New Rochelle 2133
Nepperhan 234
White Plains 9325
Stamford 3 7824
Main 4 3467
Jamaica 6 7080
Garden City 8686
Market 3 6063

GUARANTEE EXTERMINATING COMPANY
11 West 42nd Street, N. Y. LOngacre 5-6600
"20 Years at 500 Fifth Avenue"

NEW YORK CITY
"Select Your Warehouse as You Would Your Bank"
KINDERMANN
Storage, Moving, Packing
Carpet Cleaning
Silver and Rug Vaults
Agent Allied Van Lines

MAIN OFFICE
Webster Ave. at 170th Street
Tel. Jerome 7-0196 N. Y. City
Correspondents in All Cities
Established 38 Years

1883 1932

MARKDOWN SALE of Suits and Topcoats

SUITS		TOPCOATS	
Formerly $75.00 now	$60.00	Formerly $75.00 now	$60.00
" 70.00 "	56.00	" 65.00 "	52.00
" 65.00 "	52.00	" 50.00 "	40.00
" 60.00 "	48.00	" 40.00 "	32.00
" 50.00 "	40.00	" 35.00 "	28.00

(Sports Suits included)

Collins & Fairbanks Co.
383 Washington Street
16 Bromfield Street
BOSTON

ALL IT COSTS IS $5.95 A DAY!
Germany
SEASON OF BIG TRAVEL REDUCTIONS
$5.95 a day includes trains, meals, hotels, sightseeing, tips, and excursions. Consult any leading travel bureau.
Write for Booklets "Combination 1932".
GERMAN TOURIST INFORMATION OFFICE
665 Fifth Avenue · New York, N. Y.

CHALFONTE-HADDON HALL
ATLANTIC CITY
A VACATION BY THE SEA
Bring the family down to the comfort of Chalfonte-Haddon Hall for their vacation. The diversions of the seashore. Entertainments. Game rooms. American and European Plans. Garage. Phone 4-0141. Special week-end railroad tickets available. Christian Science church in our block.

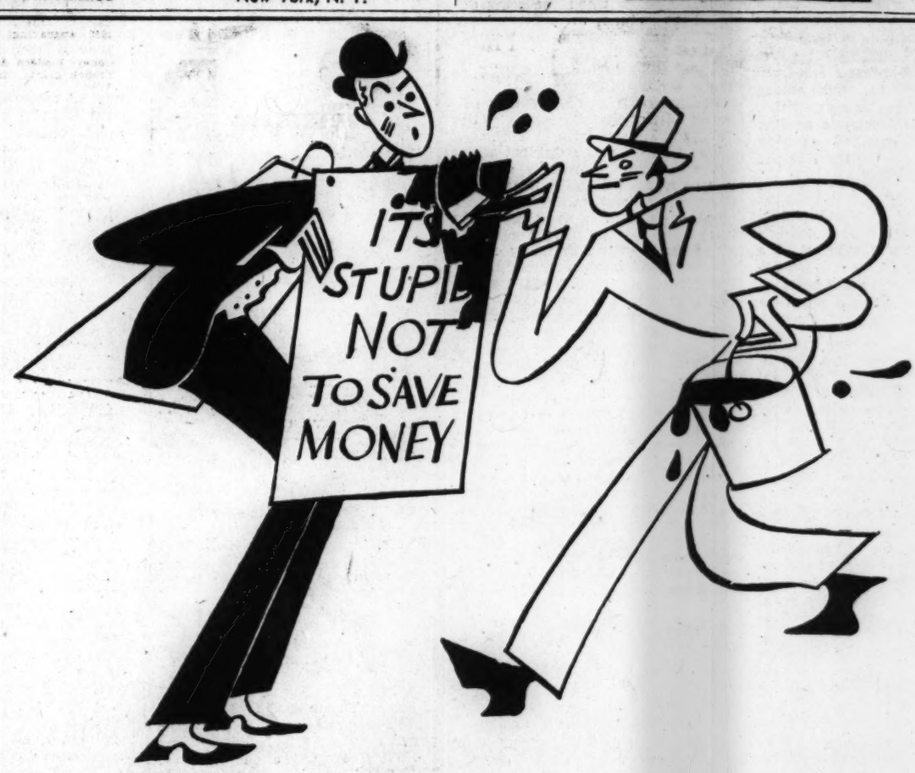
NEW YORK
This Question of Economy
IT needn't be a problem. Clothes for which Lasarow received $140 and now sells at $110 will be
Ninety Dollars
Silk-lined
during July only
In this way we offer genuine savings. Particularly when you consider that Lasarow clothes retain their crispness of style; their individuality and wear so well that many are now being worn for the third year.
If you have been paying around $110 you will at once recognize the value as out of the ordinary; if less—it is an opportunity for greater value at a little higher price.
LASAROW
Tailors to Men
18 East 53rd Street

NEW YORK CITY
Miss Emma
Formerly of West 57th Street
has opened her New Hair Goods and Beauty Salon at
545 FIFTH AVE.
Entrance also at 2 East 45th Street
Murray Hill 2-3409 Suite 207

Banff
Not only the Air—it's the Mountains!
SPRINGS HOTEL

REDUCED FARE
Round Trip From New York
$116.57
return limit Oct. 31
SPECIAL 30-DAY FARE
$100.00
On sale until Sept. 30
Tonic of mountain-cooled air! Sportiest of golf courses. Marvelous cuisine and service. Climbing. Mountain ponies. Warm sulphur and cool glacial swimming pools. Tennis. Motor trips. Banff Springs Hotel rates scale downwards—also at Chateau Lake Louise and the Chalet-Bungalow Camps.
IN THE CANADIAN ROCKIES
Apply Canadian Pacific, 344 Madison Ave., N. Y.; 405 Boylston St., Boston

The Lowest Price at Which
Phoenix Silk Stockings
have ever been sold here
69c pair
Sheer and Service Weight
We need hardly say more . . . for to the woman who knows hosiery the name Phœnix means fine quality silk stockings that she knows wear well!
The Sheer Stockings
. . . (all-over silk) . . . are of an exquisite clear, even texture . . . high twist, which means the silk has greater strength and is luxuriously dull. Full fashioned, of course . . . with Paris-type picoted tops . . . lockstitch garter-run stops . . . silk plated cradle soles . . . and narrow French-type heels.
French Grege . . . Vanity . . . Gazelle . . . Nude . . . Promenade Beige . . . Sand Dune . . . Parchment . . . Off-White.
The Service Weight
are fashioned of the same fine quality, certified silk as the sheer stockings . . . seven threads instead of five . . . with lisle garter hems and soles.
Sand Dune . . . Vanity . . . Promenade Beige . . . French Grege
Sizes 8½ to 10½—In Each Style
And in Every One of the Smart Shades!
Mail and telephone orders filled
WANAMAKER'S—STREET FLOOR, NORTH BUILDING
John Wanamaker New York
Wanamaker Place—Ninth Street at Broadway



Objections to the Contrary Notwithstanding
We've been advised against saying that it's stupid not to save money. We've been told that people don't want to be told that.
But here is the advertisement just the same. Here it is because we are convinced that most people do want to save money——
The best food obtainable shouldn't cost you much nowadays. In the sections where it is grown, the best food is selling for less than it has in many years.
If you are not saving a whole lot on your groceries today, the saving which is due you is going — not to pay for food—but to pay high profits on the food before it reaches you.
The price of food is always low in A&P stores because A&P buys its food direct from the producers and sells it to you at one small profit.
It's just plain common sense to get your money's worth.
The Great ATLANTIC & PACIFIC Tea Co.
OUR DAILY FOOD, A&P's radio program for women who keep house, is broadcast every weekday morning at 8:45 and 9:30, Eastern Standard Time, over 48 N.B.C. stations.

WOMEN AIDING IN CAMPAIGN OF 'WISE SPENDING'

Thousands Register Opinions on Important Sales Problems

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, July 5 — Thousands of feminine "purchasing agents" of the American family in various sections of the country have registered their opinions in the "wise spending" study program initiated by the General Federation of Women's Clubs in coöperation with the Department of Commerce, it was announced here today by Mr. H. C. Dunn, chief of the merchandising research division of the department.

The women are contributing their part to business improvement and economic stabilization of the country by answering important questions relating to current merchandising practice such as returned goods, retail delivery, credit relations, advertising and desirable types of merchandise.

When reports from all coöperating states have been completed, the results will be tabulated and made available for use by business and the public. States in which federated club women have already registered their collective opinion on various aspects of the service offered by their local retail stores, include Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Delaware, Michigan, Missouri, Montana, Kansas, Nebraska, Idaho, North Dakota West Virginia and Wisconsin.

The "wise spending" campaign, according to the Federation of Women's Clubs, "aims to aid the women of the country to gain a more practical knowledge of the relation between wise spending of the individual consumer's dollar and national prosperity," as well as to bring about a better understanding between the consuming public and the merchandising interests which serve its needs. The coöperation of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce in the study was invoked "to insure the greatest amount of serviceability" of the results.

The questionnaires prepared for the women's clubs were based upon more than 44,000 inquiries received by the Commerce Department for business men and organizations interested in the efficient distribution of merchandise.

The results of the study are expected to provide a valuable cross-section of the views of the feminine portion of the national consumer market which is generally credited with annual purchases of merchandise in the neighborhood of $40,000,000,000 out of a national total of approximately $53,000,000,000.

NO WATERWAYS MEETING

PHILADELPHIA, July 5 (AP)—Mayor J. Hampton Moore announced today that the annual convention of the Atlantic Deeper Waterways Association, which was to have been held later in the year at Hollywood, Fla., has been called off. Mayor Moore is president of the association.

GOV. ROOSEVELT BACK AT ALBANY PLANS CANVASS

Democratic Candidate for President Busy With Preliminaries

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

ALBANY, N. Y., July 5—Gov Franklin D. Roosevelt is carrying forward here today the preparations for the Democratic national canvass in which he will be the party's standard bearer, at a tempo to match the rapid pace he set on Saturday by his airplane trip to the scene of the party convention in Chicago.

Governor Roosevelt returns to Albany with the setting up of the official framework of the party organization accomplished and Mr. James A. Farley, the field marshal of his candidacy, at the head of the Democratic National Committee.

Busy weeks face the Democratic nominee, whose return home here late yesterday was heralded by the acclaim of hundreds of citizeznsand friends and supporters. He was still acclaim of hundreds of citizens and gratulatory telegrams that await him here, but it was apparent that his chief concern lay in carrying forward the preliminaries to the national campaign.

Healing of Breach

One of the chief tasks facing him is the healing of the breach in party harmony with the Alfred E. Smith faction of the party which so bitterly contested his nomination at Chicago and left the convention city without waiting to tender its congratulations to Mr. Roosevelt on his success. There is, as well, a very delicate problem in strategy ahead of the Governor in the matter of the dripping wet plank in the Democratic platform on which Mr. Roosevelt stands with both feet, but the adoption of which brought to the surface in Chicago party differences ranking next to those surrounding the nomination.

Not the least of the problems before Governor Roosevelt is the disposition of the case of the Tammany Mayor of New York City, Mr. James J. Walker, whose answer to the removal charges pending against him has been promised within the next fortnight.

The Tammany delegation kept off the bandwagon throughout the crucial fourth ballot, continuing to give its allegiance to Mr. Smith, who made no gesture of throwing his votes to Mr. Roosevelt, even after the latter had shown that he was easily in possession of the two-thirds vote necessary to nomination. Mayor Walker, a member of the Tammany bloc, stressed his defiance of the New York Governor by casting his vote for Mr. Smith.

Awaits Mayor's Answer

In view of this convention background, therefore, the issue is not to be clarified apparently until the Governor has the Mayor's answer to the ouster charges in hand, and political observers everywhere await that moment with much interest.

Meanwhile Mr. John F. Curry, Tammany leader, who was one of the committee named to welcome Governor Roosevelt to the convention platform in Chicago on Saturday when he arrived there to accept the nomination, has given the pledge of his organization to support the Roosevelt campaign. Likewise the Democratic organization at Albany, one of the powerful factions in the state party, which stood with Tammany against the Governor at Chicago and for Mr. Smith, has declared that it intends to let bygones be bygones.

Governor Roosevelt has begun his conferences on national problems, he disclosed on his arrival here, but the procession of party leaders is not expected to begin before next week to allow for a breathing space after the strenuous party conclave. By then the Governor expects to have mobilized his special campaign staff, at least in so far as the clerical routine of the campaign is concerned.

He expects to go to New York next week, where the main headquarters for his candidacy for the nomination functioned at the Biltmore Hotel and where he has a town house on 65th Street. He laughed off the question as to whether he would then see Mr. Smith and patch things up with him.

The Governor said he expected to see Speaker John N. Garner of Texas, his running mate, as soon as Mr. Garner could get away from Washington after the adjournment of Congress.

The Governor is placing much faith in that axiom of politics that bitterness born of convention strife is superseded by the imperative call of party exigency as election-time draws near, and he has no misgivings that the handful of eastern states that remained in the Smith column to the last will fail him in the heat of the campaign. The statement of Senator David I. Walsh, of Massachusetts, indorsing the Governor, was taken in some quarters as an indication of the beginning of this trend.

Missing Child Welfare Plank Supplied by Woman's Activity

'Postscript' to Democratic Platform the Result of Efforts of Mrs. Caroline O'Day of New York

Special from The Christian Science Monitor Bureau

CHICAGO, July 5—A woman's postscript is to go before the country when the Democratic platform is put out to voters. That postscript is an important plank on child welfare which the resolutions committee did not write but which was adopted by the convention after it had been proposed from the floor at the request of a woman delegate.

The story of how this came about was told in an interview by the woman herself, Mrs. Caroline O'Day, a member of the New York delegation from Westchester County. A busy delegate, Mrs. O'Day did not see a copy of the platform as adopted by the resolutions committee until it came out in the late afternoon edition of a newspaper immediately after the committee adjourned. When she read it she was distressed to find that it did not contain any declaration for the maintenance of child welfare activities in government similar to that of the Republican platform.

Mrs. Henry Goddard Leach, a fellow member of the National League of Women Voters, in which Mrs. O'Day is active, came to her to see what could be done about it. The missing plank was one for which the league had lobbied before the resolutions committee. By that time it was too late to see her delegation, Mrs. O'Day said. In a few minutes the convention would be assembling to take action on the resolutions committee report. Forgetting all about party etiquette, she confessed she telephoned the chairman of the resolutions committee and asked what could be done.

The outcome was that when the convention was called to order, Senator Walsh, presiding officer, had in his hand a little note from Mrs. O'Day, asking him to present in her name a child welfare plank which she and her friends had sketched. It was done to the surprise of the New York delegation, as well as to the rest of the convention. It was taken, as Mrs. O'Day intended it, as a disinterested plank, adopted, and is now a part of the brief Democratic platform.

The plank added to the platform declared: "We favor continued responsibility of government for human welfare, especially for the protection of children."

Mrs. O'Day and the National League of Women Voters, of which she is a county vice-president, are immensely pleased with the outcome. The incident served to show, Mrs. O'Day said in an interview, the importance of women taking active part in politics. Men look at party platforms from a business-like standpoint, she said. Women in the party must keep their eyes open for little lapses which come from too strictly masculine thinking. They must be present to keep to the fore the social point of view.

Mrs. O'Day has been active in organization other than politics. She organized the Westchester County League of Women Voters, is a member of the New York Board of Social Welfare and of the Henry Street Settlement. She is convinced, she said, that if women want to make their influence felt they must join parties and work with them. While outside work is important, there must be people within the parties to give expression to the things women stand for.

EVENTS TONIGHT

Carillon recital by M. Kamiel Lefevre, St. Stephen's Church, Cohasset, 8:30. Program as follows:

Tema and Variations. Old French Folksong
Believe Me, If All Those Endearing Young Charms ..... Moore
Last Rose of Summer ..... Folksong
Still as the Night ..... Carl Bohm
Giga ..... Couperin
Absent ..... Metcalf
My Gentle Harp ..... Londonderry Air
A Tear (Un Larme) ..... Moussorgsky
Spring Song ..... Mendelssohn
Mighty lak' a Rose ..... Nevin

Theaters

Fine Arts—"Das Lied Ist Aus," German Film. Continuous from 1 to 11.

EVENTS TOMORROW

Boston Museum of Fine Arts: Print Galleries, Miss Maginnis, 11.

Children's Museum of Boston: Open daily 9 to 5, Sundays 1:30 to 5.

Exhibitions

Museum of Fine Arts, Huntington Avenue—Admission free. Open weekdays except Mondays from 9 to 5, Sundays 1 to 5. Free guidance in the galleries every day except Monday at 11 o'clock. Exhibitions: Paintings by the New England Society of Contemporary Art; woodcuts of the Far East, to June 30; British etchings, 1650-1850; engravings by Stefano della Bella; prints by Goya; American silver by John Coney; modern American prints; modern French prints; designs in color by Anne Allen.

Fogg Art Museum, corner Quincy Street and Broadway, Cambridge—Open weekdays 9 to 5, Sundays 1 to 5; admission free. Winslow Homer water colors. Through the summer. Paintings by Professor Pope. Copies of twelfth century Heike Scrolls. French drawings of the eighteenth, nineteenth and twentieth centuries. Water color studies by Lewis Rubinstein.

Isabella Stewart Gardner Museum, Fenway Court—Open Tuesdays, Thursdays and Sathrdays, 10 to 4, admission 25 cents; Sundays, 1 to 4, admission free.

Germanic Museum, Kirkland Street and Divinity Avenue, Harvard University, Cambridge—Summer exhibition of contemporary German art.

Boston Public Library—Treasure Room; Exhibit of Washingtonia. To be continued indefinitely. An exhibition of wood bloc prints in color by courtesy of Holman's Print Shop. Through July 31.

Boston Art Club, Dartmouth and Newbury Streets, Copley Square—Annual summer exhibition of paintings and sculptures. Through July and August.

Casson Galleries, 573 Boylston Street—Summer exhibition.

Goodspeed's Book Shop, 7 Ashburton Place—Exhibition of prints and lithographs.

Goodman-Walker Gallery, 607 Boylston Street—Summer exhibition.

Grace Horne's Galleries, Stuart Street at Dartmouth—Summer exhibition.

Foster Brothers, 4 Park Square—General summer display.

Vose Galleries, 559 Boylston Street—Nineteenth century American paintings from Doughty to Twachtman.

Doll & Richards, 138 Newbury Street—Summer exhibitions.

Schervee Studio, 665 Boylston Street—General print show.

Holman's Print Shop, 5A Park Street—Summer exhibitions.

Twentieth Century Club, 3 Joy Street—Paintings by J. Eliot Enneking. Continuing through summer months.

The Currier Gallery of Art, Manchester, N. H.—Exhibitions: Gravure prints of George Washington. Through July 25. Exposition of Indian Tribal Arts. Through Aug. 1.

CURTIS CONVICTED

FLEMINGTON, N. J., July 5 (AP)—A jury of seven men and five women Saturday convicted John Hughes Curtis, Norfolk, Va., boatbuilder, of aiding the kidnapers of the Lindbergh baby and preventing their capture. They recommended mercy. Curtis was returned to the jail, to await sentence July 11 by Judge Adam O. Robbins. The maximum penalty under the indictment is three years' imprisonment and $1000 fine.

FREE LECTURES AT YORKTOWN

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

YORKTOWN, Va.—The National Park Service will provide a series of free public lectures at the headquarters of the Colonial National Monument officials here, from July 1 to September 15, and also at the Moore House, for the benefit of tourists, the town lectures to be devoted to the natural history of the place and those at the Moore House will be strictly historical.

NEW NAVAL DIRIGIBLE ENTERS FINAL STAGE

AKRON, Ohio, July 5 (AP)—The navy's new dirigible, Macon, entered the final stages of construction today, after a ceremony accompanying the lifting of its bow.

A delegation of citizens from Macon, Ga., participated yesterday in the program as the 75-foot section was hoisted into place. The ship is expected to be ready for flight by January.

FORMER KING MANOEL

LONDON, July 2 (AP)—Former King Manoel of Portugal passed on today at his home, Fulwell Park, Twickenham.

Manoel II was the last of the house of Braganza to occupy the Portuguese throne. He was the younger son of Carlos I, King of Portugal, his mother being Marie Amélie of Orleans. Dom Manoel succeeded to the throne upon the assassination of his father and the Crown Prince Luis, Duke of Braganza, on Feb. 1, 1908.

The young king never succeeded in gaining much popularity for the throne, and a little more than two years afterward, on Oct. 3, 1910, the revolution broke out, which forced him to take refuge in England, where he settled down in comparative seclusion at Twickenham, showing much interest in sports. Of late years Dom Manoel had given much time to the preparation of a bibliography listing the items in his own extensive collection of rare books.

NEW YORK CITY

Globe Carpet Cleaning Co.

Incorporated

Our Specialty

Chinese and Oriental Rugs
Free Storage to Sept. 1st

Estimates Cheerfully Given. Special rates to Churches and Reading Rooms

Telephone Dayton 9-3400 9-3401

Insurance on each Rug up to $50 while in our possession. Call and Delivery in Greater New York and Westchester County.

529 WORTHEN STREET BRONX, NEW YORK CITY

FLANNEL TROUSERS

In addition to our regular grey, tan and white flannel trousers—which we make at all times in seven different shades—our summer stock includes a large assortment of other fine flannels: Glenurquhart plaids, for instance, and striped patterns in various color combinations. Ready-made in our own workrooms in three different styles.

$11 to $18

Brooks Brothers
CLOTHING
Men's Furnishings, Hats & Shoes
NEW YORK · BOSTON · NEWPORT · PALM BEACH

NEWBURY, COR. BERKELEY STREET, BOSTON
MADISON AVE., COR. FORTY-FOURTH ST., NEW YORK

FIRST NATIONAL STORES

2 Large Tins 29c

IN THE CAN WITH THE GOLDEN LINING

1 LB BULK 9c

Pure and delicious—a wonderful spread for between-meal sandwiches for the youngsters and those daintier sandwiches you serve at bridge parties and put up for picnics. With sliced Prize Bread or Belmont Bread, Finast Peanut Butter makes just about the lowest priced sandwich combination you could think of—and everybody likes it. Stock up at this new low price today.

Gulfkist Shrimp Extra Large Fancy Packed Shrimp 2 Tins 25c	Red Wing Grape Jelly 2 10 oz Jars 25c
Red Wing Currant Jelly 2 10 oz Jars 29c	Royal Baking Powder 12 oz Tin 43c 6 oz Tin 22c
Clorox Bleaches and Sterilizes Clothes 16 oz Bot 14c	Heavy Cream Brookside New England Quality 2 ½ Pt Jars 25c
Chipso Flakes or Granules Lge Pkg 18c

Friend's Beans	Oven Baked in Brick Ovens	2 LGE TINS 29c
Sealect Milk	Unsweetened Evaporated	TALL TIN 5c
Ivory Soap	Many Household Uses	5 6 oz BARS 23c
Toilet Tissue	Our Richmond Brand—a low price for this week only	3 ROLLS 10c
Tomato Juice	Alice of Old Vincennes.	16 Oz BOT 10c

BAKERY SPECIALS
Fresh From Our Ovens

Strawberry Layer Cake
Delicious Strawberry Frosting
EACH 23c

Pan Biscuits
12 delicious light fluffy brown crusted biscuits
DOZ 7c

Fancy Graham Wafers	N.B.C.	Lb Pkg 19c
Royal Lunch or Pilots		Lb Pkg 18c
Finast Mustard		8½ oz Jar 9c
Milco-Malt	Colored tumbler and coaster included with each purchase	Lb Tin 39c
Whittemore's Black Shoe Polish		Can 9c
Gold Dust		Lge Pkg 22c
Paper Napkins	60 napkins in each pkg.	3 Pkgs 25c
Certo	Aids you in preserving fruits	Bot 31c
Rice Pops		Pkg 11c
Wheat Pops		Pkg 9c

PRICES FOR BOSTON AND VICINITY

FIRST NATIONAL STORES

"Keep Your Footwear Looking New"

A Greater Value in Quantity and Quality

And is exactly suited for the type of leather in a man's shoes — that's why Whittemore's Oil Paste is used by so many thousand men. It gives a quick, lustrous polish and protects the leather against wear and weather.

Remember
WHITT WHITE
Cleaner for white kid and calf leathers.

Whittemore Bros. Corporation
BOSTON, MASS.

Gray Gables Inn
(formerly the home of Grover Cleveland)
Nationally known and historically famous, on the water front of BUZZARDS BAY, CAPE COD. Home environment, the best of everything altogether lovely; 1932 reduced rates. Route 28. Tel. connection.
MRS. JOHN F. STACKPOLE
BUZZARDS BAY, MASS.

Joseph
BEAUTY ARTISTS PARIS
$5
New
The CROQUIGNOLE
Self Setting Permanent Wave—ABSOLUTELY DIFFERENT—Now offered to Monitor Readers for $5.00.
Trim 50c
Shampoo 50c
Finger Wave 50c
13 West 39th St., Nr. 5th Ave. Penna. 6-6693
Across the street from Lord & Taylor
NEW YORK CITY

NEW YORK CITY
PERMANENT STEAM WAVE
$5.00
Guaranteed 6 Months.

No electricity used. Received GRAND Prize at International Hairdressers' Show 1930 and 1931-1932.
This Steam Wave Is Entirely Different from all electric baking methods. Supercurline steams the hair, leaving it soft and natural looking. Can GET IT YOURSELF, or if you prefer, our shampoo and wave set is $1.25.
Super Curline Paul E. Gaire, Inc.
TRADE MARK
67 W. 44th Street, 3rd Floor, New York
Phone Murray Hill 3-6557-8. Appointments taken until 4:30 daily. Thursday until 7:00 P. M.

FLOATING POWER

Thousands say a Plymouth ride is Too WONDERFUL for WORDS

GET YOUR Share of This Money!

1st prize		$1,000
2nd prize		500
3rd prize		250
50 prizes of	$100	5,000
100 prizes of	$50	5,000
200 prizes of	$25	5,000
300 prizes of	$10	3,000
1050 prizes of	$5	5,250
1703 prizes		$25,000

» » Easy To Enter « «

Anyone of legal driving age is eligible. Get entry form at any De Soto, Dodge or Chrysler dealers'. Write, in 50 words or less, your description of a Plymouth Floating Power Ride. The judges are Robert L. Ripley, creator of "Believe It or Not;" Barney Oldfield, veteran race-driver; Damon Runyon, well-known sports writer, whose decisions will be final. In case of ties, duplicate prizes will be awarded. Contest closes midnight, July 31, 1932.

What do YOU say? . . .

Ride in the new 1932 Plymouth. Describe your Floating Power experience . . . $25,000 in cash prizes

PLYMOUTH'S $25,000 Floating Power Ride Contest has only a few more weeks to run Don't wait another minute. Get your official entry form today. At any DE SOTO, DODGE or CHRYSLER salesroom.

Write your impressions of a Plymouth Floating Power ride briefly. Simply. Give us your opinion of the new Plymouth's smoothness, driving ease, riding comfort, economy.

Limit your description to 50 words. Five or ten words—a slogan—may win the first prize of $1,000.

See the new 1932 Plymouth. Ride in it. Ask Plymouth owners about their cars

Look at All Three Lowest-Priced Cars

Study features. Make comparisons. Bear in mind that the new Plymouth is the only car in the lowest-priced field with patented Floating Power. That Floating Power wipes out all vibration. That ANY CAR THAT HASN'T FLOATING POWER IS OUT-OF-DATE. 594

PLYMOUTH $495
AND UP, F. O. B. FACTORY
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY—DE SOTO, DODGE AND CHRYSLER DEALERS

PLANS OUTLINED BY DEMOCRATS FOR CAMPAIGN

(Continued from Page 1)

after these six arduous days to remain here, for I know well the sleepless hours which you and I have had.

I regret that I am late, but I had no control over the winds of heaven and could only be thankful for my navy training. The appearance before a national convention of its nominee for President, before being formally notified of his selection, is unprecedented and unusual, but these are unprecedented and unusual times.

I have started out on the tasks that lie ahead by breaking the absurd tradition that the candidate should remain in professed ignorance of what has happened for weeks, until he is formally notified of that event many weeks later.

No Hypocrisy or Sham

My friends, may this be the symbol of my intention to be honest and to avoid all hypocrisy or sham, to avoid all silly shutting of the eyes to the truth in this campaign. You have nominated me and I know it, and I am here to thank you for the honor. Let it also be symbolic that in so doing, I broke traditions. Let it be from now on the task of our party to break foolish traditions.

We will break foolish traditions and leave it to the Republican leadership, far more skilled in that art, to break promises. Let us now and here highly resolve to resume the country's uninterrupted march along the path of real progress, of real justice, of real equality for all of our citizens, great and small.

Our indomitable leader in that interrupted march is no longer with us, but there still survives today his spirit.

Many of his captains, thank God, are still with us, to give us wise counsel. Let us feel that in everything we do, there still lives with us, if not the body, the great indomitable, unquenchable, progressive soul of our commander-in-chief, Woodrow Wilson.

I have many things on which I want to make my position clear at the earliest possible moment in this campaign. That admirable document, the platform which you have adopted, is clear. I accept it 100 per cent. And you can accept my pledge that I will leave no doubt or ambiguity on where I stand on any question of moment in this campaign.

Ideals of Party

As we enter this new battle, let us keep always present with us some of the ideals of the party, the fact that the Democratic Party by tradition and by the continuing logic of history, past and present, is the bearer of liberalism and of progress, and at the same time of safety to our institutions.

And if this appeal fails, remember well, my friends, the resentment against the failure of Republican leadership. And note well that in this campaign I shall not use the words "Republican Party," but instead, day in and day out, the words "Republican leadership."

The failure of Republican leaders to solve our troubles may degenerate into unreasoning radicalism. The great social phenomenon of this depression, unlike others before it, is that it has produced but a few of the disorderly manifestations that too often attend upon such times.

Wild radicalism has made few converts, and the greatest tribute that I can pay to my countrymen is that in these days of crushing want, there persists an orderly and hopeful spirit on the part of the millions of our people who have suffered so much. To fail to offer them a new chance is not only to betray their hopes, but to misunderstand their patience.

To meet by reaction that danger of radicalism is to invite disaster. Reaction is no barrier to the radical. It is a challenge, a provocation. The way to meet that danger is to offer a workable program of reconstruction, and the party to offer it is the party with clean hands.

Proper Protection

This, and this only, is a proper protection against blind reaction on the one hand and an improvised, hit-or-miss, irresponsible opportunism on the other.

There are two ways of viewing the Government's duty in matters affecting economic and social life. It first sees to it that a favored few are helped and hopes that some of their prosperity will leak through, sift through to labor, to the farmer, to the small business man. That theory belongs to the party of Toryism and I had hoped that most of the Tories left this country in 1776, but it is not and never will be the theory of the Democratic Party.

This is no time for fear, for reaction or for timidity, and here and now I invite those nominal Republicans who find that their conscience cannot be squared with the groping and the failure of their party leaders, to join hands with us, here and now.

In equal measure I warn those nominal Democrats who squint at the future with their faces turned toward the past, and who feel no response to the demands of the new time, that they are out of step with their party.

Yes, the people of this country want a genuine choice between two names for the same reactionary doctrine. Ours must be a party of liberal thought, of planned action, of enlightened international outlook, and of the greatest good to the greatest number of our citizens.

Economic Conditions

Now it is inevitable, and the choice is not ours—the choice is that of all times—it is inevitable that the main issue of this campaign should revolve about the clear fact of our economic condition, a depression so deep that it is without precedent in modern history.

It will not do merely to state, as do Republican leaders to explain their broken promises of continued prosperity, that the depression is world-wide. That was not their explanation of the apparent prosperity of 1928.

The people will not forget the claim made by them then, that prosperity was only a domestic product, manufactured by a Republican President and a Republican Congress. If they claim paternity for the one, they cannot deny paternity for the other.

I cannot take up all of the problems today. I want to touch on a few that are vital. Let us look a little at the recent history and at simple economics, the kind of economics that you and I and the average man and woman talk. In the years before 1929 we know that this country had completed a vast cycle of building and inflation.

For ten years we expanded on the theory of repairing the wastes of the war, but actually expanding far beyond that and also far beyond our natural and normal growth. Now it is worth remembering, and the cold figures of finance prove it, that during that time there was little or no drop in the prices that the consumer had to pay, although those same figures prove that the cost of production fell very greatly.

Corporate profit resulting from this period was enormous. At the same time little of that profit was devoted to the reduction of prices. The consumer was forgotten. Very little of it went into increased wages. The worker was forgotten, and by no means an adequate proportion was even paid out in dividends. The stockholder was forgotten.

Little by Taxation

And, incidentally, very little of it was taken by taxation to the beneficent Government of those years.

What is the result? Enormous corporate surpluses piled up, the most stupendous in history. Where under the spell of delirious speculation did those surpluses go? Let us talk economics that the figures prove and that we can understand.

Why, they went chiefly in two directions. First, into new and unnecessary plants which now stand stark and idle, and secondly, into the call money market of Wall Street, either directly by the corporations or indirectly through the banks.

Those are the facts. Why blink them?

Then came the crash. You know the story. The surplus invested in unnecessary plant became idle. Men lost their jobs, purchasing power dried up, banks became frightened and started calling loans. Those who had money were afraid to part with it. Credit contracted. Industry stopped. Commerce declined and unemployment mounted, and there we are today.

Translate that into human terms. See how the events of the past three years have come home to specific groups of people. First, the group dependent on industry; second, the group dependent on agriculture; third, and made up in large part of members of the first two groups, the people who are called small investors and depositors.

In fact, the strongest possible tie between the first two groups, agriculture and industry, is the fact that the savings, and to a degree the security, of both are tied together in that third group, the credit structure of the nation.

Never in History

Never in history have the interests of all the people been so united in a single economic problem.

Picture to yourself, for instance, the great groups of property owned by millions of our citizens represented by credits issued in the form of bonds and mortgages, government bonds of all kinds, federal, state, county, municipal, bonds of industrial companies, of utilities companies, mortgages on real estate in farms and cities, and finally the vast investment of the nation in the railroads.

What is the measure of the security of each of those groups? We know well that in our complicated, interrelated credit structure, if any one of these credit groups collapses, they may all collapse. What is danger to one is danger to all, and how, I ask, has hte present Administration in Washington treated the interrelationships of these credit groups? The answer is clear—it has not recognized that interrelation existed at all.

Why, the nation says, has Washington failed to understand that all of these groups, each and every one, the top of the pyramid and the bottom of the pyramid, must be considered together; that each and every one of them is dependent on every other, each and every one of them affecting the whole financial fabric.

Statesmanship and vision, my friends, require relief to all at the same time.

Just one word or two on taxes, the taxes that all of us pay toward the cost of government of all kinds. Well, I know something of taxes. For three long years I have been going up and down this country preaching that government—federal and state and local—costs too much. I shall not stop that preaching.

Program of Action

As an immediate program of action, we must abolish useless offices. We must eliminate actual prefunctions of government—functions, in fact, that are not definitely essential to the continuance of government. We must merge, we must consolidate subdivision of government, and like the private citizens, give up luxuries which we cannot longer afford.

By our example at Washington itself, we shall have the opportunity of pointing the way of economy to local government, for let us remember well that out of every tax dollar in the average state in this nation, 40 cents enters the Treasury in Washington, D. C., 10 or 12 cents only go to the state capitals, and 48 cents out of every dollar are consumed by the costs of local government in counties and cities and towns.

I propose to you my friends, and through you, that government of all kinds, big and little, be made solvent, and that tne example be set by the President of the United States and his Cabinet.

And talking about setting a definite example, I congratulate this convention for having had the courage, fearlessly to write into its declaration of principles what an overwhelming majority here assembled really thinks about the Eighteenth Amendment. This convention wants repeal. Your candidate wants repeal. And I am confident that the United States of America wants repeal.

Two years ago the platform on which I ran for Governor the second time contained substantially the same provision. The overwhelming sentiment of the people of my State as shown by the vote of that year extends, I know, to the people of many of the other states.

I say to you now that from this date on, the Eighteenth Amendment is doomed. When that happens, we as Democrats must and will, rightly and morally enable the states to protect themselves against the importation of intoxicating liquor where such importation may violate their state laws. We must rightly and morally prevent the return of the saloon.

Reconstruction Plans

To go back to this dry subject of finance, because it all ties in together—the Eighteenth Amendment has something to do with finance, too—in a comprehensive planning for the reconstruction of the great credit groups, including government credit, I list an important place for that prime statement of principl in the platform here adopted calling for the letting in of the light of day on issues of securities, foreign and domestic, which are offered for sale to the investing public.

My friends, you and I as common sense citizens know that it would help to protect the savings of the country from a dishonesty of crooks and from the lack of honor of some men in high financial places. Publicity is the enemy of crookedness.

And now one word about unemployment and, incidentally, about agriculture.

I have favored the use of certain types of public works, as a further emergency means of stimulating employment and the issuance of bonds to pay for such public work. but I have pointed out that no economic end is served if we merely build without building for a necessary purpose.

Such works, of course, should in so far as possible be self-sustaining, if they are to be financed by the issuing of bonds. So as to spread the points of all kinds as widely as possible, we must take definite steps to shorten the working day and the working week.

Let us use common sense and business sense, and just as one example we know that a very hopeful and immediate means of release, both for the unemployed and for agriculture, will come from a wide plan of the converting of many millions of acres of marginal and unused land into timber land through reforestation.

Ther are tens of millions of acres east of the Mississippi River alone in abandoned farms, in cutover land, now growing up in worthless brush. Why, every European nation has a definite land policy and has had one for generations. We have not; having none, we face a future of soil erosion and timber famine. It is clear that economic foresight and immediate employment march hand in hand in the call for the reforestation of these vast areas.

Employment Given

In so doing, employment can be given to a million men. That is the creating of public work that is self-sustaining—and therefore capable of being financed by the issuance of bonds which are made secure by the fact that the growth of tremendous crops will provide adequate security for the investment.

Yes, I have a very definite program for providing employment by that means. I have done it and I am doing it today in the State of New York. I know that the Democratic Party can do it successfully in the nation. That will put men to work and that is an example of the action that we are are going to have.

Now as a further aid to agriculture we know perfectly well, but have we come out and said so clearly and distinctly, we should repeal immediately those provisions of law that compel the Federal Government to go into the market to purchase, to sell, to speculate in farm products, in a futile attempt to reduce farm surpluses.

And they are the people that are talking of keeping government out of business. Why, the practical way to help the farm is by an arrangement that will, in addition to lightening some of the impoverishing burdens from his back, do something toward the reduction of the surpluses of staple commodities that hang on the market. It should be our aim to add to the world prices of staple products the amount of a reasonable tariff protection, give agriculture the same protection that industry has today.

And in exchange for this immediately increased return I am sure that the farmers of this nation would agree ultimately to such planning of their production as would reduce the surpluses and make it unnecessary in later years to depend on dumping those impulses abroad in order to support domestic prices. That result has been accomplished in other nations, why not in America, too?

Farm leaders, farm economists generally agree that a plan based on that principle is a desirable first step in the reconstruction of agriculture. It does not in itself furnish a complete program, but it will serve in great measure in the long

WE CAN HELP YOU TO MARKET YOUR GOODS BY ADVERTISING!
An organisation of men with long and tried experience in Marketing and Advertising—a happy team delighting in their good work.
HERBERT GREAVES Ltd.
Houldsworth House, Houldsworth St., Newton St., MANCHESTER.

EDINBURGH, SCOTLAND

The Latest 'Alba' Sports Wear
includes attractive novelties in Jumper Suits in Botany Wool and Spun Silk. Fully illustrated list of the firm's exclusive Scottish productions will be given on request.
The house of Greensmith Downes specialises also in the following:
LADIES' DEPARTMENT: Day and Evening Gowns, Coats and Costumes, Hosiery and Underwear, Lingerie, etc.
MEN'S DEPARTMENT: Underwear, Hosiery, Shirts, Sports Wear, etc.
Greensmith Downes LIMITED
133-143 George Street, Edinburgh, Scotland, and at 1 Bell Street ST. ANDREWS
Agent for "BRAEMAR" Knitwear

LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND
Everything sold at an Irwin Store is GUARANTEED to give satisfaction and to be absolutely pure!
FOR over 70 years Irwins have adhered faithfully to a generous policy, which, today, makes their name a household word wherever quality and value are appreciated. Their famous guarantee specifies a complete refund of purchase money should any article fail to give complete satisfaction.
Over 180 Branches Including Liverpool, Birkenhead, Wallasey, Oswestry, Chester, Colwyn Bay, Southport, & Lytham-St. Annes
IRWINS for GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS

FLETCHERS DELICIOUS CHUTNEY SAUCE 6½d and 9½d BOTTLES
Prepared from Finest Mangoes, Choicest Fruits, Spices and Malt Vinegar. Thoroughly wholesome, appetising and delicious.
If your Grocer does not stock — ask him to obtain it for you.
Fletchers Sauce Co., Ltd., Selby, Eng. Established 1825

For comfort within never be without
OXCROFT THE ALMOST ASHLESS COAL
Ask for Price List
E. A. STEVENSON
Colliery Agent - Coal & Coke Contractor
141, NORFOLK ST., SHEFFIELD
Phones: Sheffield 23184, 23185 and 24894

It's always better to buy the best
There is no better value than a Guaranteed "Swan"
"Swan" Pens may be obtained of all Stationers and Jewellers. Black or Mottled from 15s., or Artistic Colours from 21s. "Fyne-Poynt" Pencils to match "Swan" Pens from 5s.
MADE IN ENGLAND
'SWAN PEN'
Illustrated catalogue post free from Mabie Todd & Co., Ltd., Swan House, 133 and 135 Oxford Street, London, W. 1.

Kendal's Sale
JULY 4th to JULY 16th, 1932
HUNDREDS of BARGAINS in ALL DEPARTMENTS
Kendal Milne & Co.
MANCHESTER, ENGLAND

When buying CHOCOLATE BISCUITS - Say Gunstones

You will then make sure of getting real Chocolate Biscuits. For flavour and variety, they cannot be beaten. There are eleven different kinds—all coated with the finest chocolate.
Say Gunstone's and get the best
If you cannot buy them locally, let us send you, post free, a ½ lb. packet for 1/2, or 1½ lb. tin for 3/6, or 4 lb. tin (as illustrated) for 8/8, plus returnable tin, 8d.
These prices apply only to the U. K. Prices for other countries on application.
WM. GUNSTONE & SONS, LTD. The Biscuit Factory, SHEFFIELD

For the Garden or the Beach
Shady Sun Hats 1/11 each
Japanese Sunshades 1/11 each
Jap printed Dressing Gowns 2/6 each
Jap Beach suits 2/11 each
African Garden Mats 4/11 each
UNUSUAL GOODS KEENLY PRICED
G. G. HENDERSON
109 George Street EDINBURGH

Bobby's of Lord Street Southport
One of the finest and best equipped Stores for Ladies and Children in the North of England.
FASHIONS FURNITURE CARPETS LINENS SILKS, ETC.
Cafe Restaurant Orchestra
Liberty Agents for Southport and District.
Lord Street, Southport, Eng.

When you come to Scotland make certain to visit John Wight of Princes Street. He is a specialist in tartans, kilts and everything truly Scottish. His experience is at your disposal.
If you wish Mr. Wight will assist you by helping you how to see Edinburgh easily. His knowledge of Old Edinburgh is probably unique.
John Wight
THE ARCADE 104 Princes Street EDINBURGH, SCOTLAND

LUCAS'
Blended to suit your Car. State year and make when ordering.
UBRICANTS
Delivered Free in Gt. Britain
1 gall 4/6 5 gall drum 17/6
40 gall drum £5
all drums fitted with taps.
10 Lower Charles St., E. C. 1, Eng.
LONDON

DICKSON & ROBINSON Limited
SEEDSMEN TO H.M. THE KING
Garden and Farm Seeds, Bulbs, Plants, Roses, etc.
Catalogue Free Please ask for it
CATHEDRAL STREET MANCHESTER

Furnish Out-of-Income at Cockaynes
Cockayne's "Furnish out-of-income" Scheme allows you to get the best on terms that are convenient to yourself.
When you buy from Cockaynes', you do so with the comforting knowledge that you are purchasing from a House with more than 100 years' reputation for quality, service and value.
FURNISHING, DECORATING, ELECTRIC LIGHTING AND HEATING BY COCKAYNES MEAN COMPLETE AND LASTING SATISFACTION.
T. B. & W. COCKAYNE, LTD. ANGEL STREET, SHEFFIELD

EDINBURGH, SCOTLAND
Binoculars
A complete range of ROSS, ZEISS, KERSHAW and BARR & STROUD GLASSES always in stock
OPERA GLASSES AND ALL MANNER OF OPTICAL EQUIPMENT
J. B. WATSON
3 FREDERICK STREET
PHOTOGRAPHIC DEALER
13 & 15 SHANDWICK PLACE EDINBURGH

CARR'S TABLE WATER BISCUITS
The perfect biscuit to eat with cheese
ON SALE IN ALL THE LEADING STORES IN THE U. S. A.
Agents: Julius Wile Sons & Co., 10 Hubert Street, New York City
MADE ONLY BY CARR'S OF CARLISLE

"DECORATIONS"
CHINTZES, CRETONNES, DAMASKS, BROCADES, CARPETS, CURTAINS, HOUSEHOLD LINENS etc.
Charles Hammond (Limited)
165 Sloane St., London, S.W. 1
Sloane 2151

Luckstone Toilet Preparations
impart an unusual sense of fragrance and freshness.
Price List from
The LUCKSTONE COMPANY
1 HIGH STREET
MARYLEBONE, LONDON, W. 1, ENG.

Last Days of D. H. Evans SALE
Ends Sat. (July 16th) at 1%
"Last minute" bargains in every department
D. H. EVANS & CO., Ltd., Oxford St., London, W. 1

Irish Linens
When you require household Linens of the best quality write to us and we shall be pleased to send you our illustrated Catalogue. Any orders placed with us will receive personal atttention and if goods are not satisfactory we shall be pleased to refund the purchase money.

Handpainted Linen Damask
ANDERSON & McAULEY Limited
Established 1861 LINEN SPECIALISTS
Donegall Place, Belfast, Ireland

SARAH-JANE
specialises in original "sets" of clothes:
LONG COAT
FROCK
CARDIGAN SUIT
BLOUSE OR JUMPER
HAT AND BAG
A complete outfit to match at an inclusive price.
19 Davies Street, Berkeley Square, London, W. 1.
Telephone Mayfair 0608

Partridge & Cooper Limited
Printers and Manufacturing Stationers
TWO POPULAR LINES
The Referee Housekeeping Book 2/-
The Referee Investment Account Book 5/-, 9/6, 14/6
191-192 Fleet Street London, E. C. 4, England
We Sell GRIP-FIX

WHITE STAR
THE BIG SHIP ROUTE EUROPE—AMERICA
Authorized Christian Science literature and periodicals will be found in the libraries on White Star Boston-New York Steamers.
Services
LIVERPOOL to BOSTON & NEW YORK
Georgic (M. V.) Sat. July 30
Britannic (M. V.) Sat. Aug. 13
*Baltic....Sat. Aug. 20
*Georgic (M. V.) Thur. Aug. 25
*Not calling Boston.
SOUTHAMPTON-NEW YORK Via Cherbourg
Homeric.Wed. July 27 Majestic.Wed. Aug. 10
Olympic.Wed. Aug. 3 Olympic.Wed. Aug. 24
NEW YORK & BOSTON to LIVERPOOL
*Baltic....Sat. July 23 Georgic (M. V.)
Britannic (M. V.) Sat. July 30 Britannic (M. V.) Sat. Aug. 27
*Not calling Boston.
NEW YORK TO SOUTHAMPTON Via Cherbourg
Olympic.Thur. July 21 Olympic..Fri. Aug. 12
Majestic.Thur. July 28 †Majestic..Fri. Aug. 19
†Also calls Plymouth.
For full particulars Apply White Star Line, Offices and Agents everywhere.

BON MARCHE LTD
BRIXTON
Great Summer SALE
· Now Proceeding
Remnants and Oddments Half-Price

50/- Guaranteed Tailoring 75/-
Made to Measure or Ready to Wear
The Fifty Shilling Tailors
TRADE 50 50 MARK
LONDON DEPOTS: 95-97-99 OXFORD STREET (Just before Bourne & Hollingsworths on the opposite side going West). OPEN ALL DAY SATURDAY 98-99 CHEAPSIDE. CLOSED 1 P. M. SATURDAY. 110-111 STRAND (Next door but one to Woolworths. Our only Strand Depot). OPEN ALL DAY SATURDAY.
CLAPHAM JUNCTION: 2-4 St. John's Rd.
CROYDON: 114 North End; 73-77 Church St.
DEPTFORD: 177-179 High St.
EALING: New Broadway, Uxbridge Rd.
EAST HAM: 104-6 High St. North
FULHAM: 322-324 North End Rd.
HACKNEY: 408-10 Mare St.
HAMMERSMITH: 107 King St.
HOLLOWAY: 82 Seven Sisters Rd.
ILFORD: 92 High Rd.
ISLINGTON: 15-17 High St.
KILBURN: 122-6 High Rd.
KINGSTON: 69-71 Clarence St.
LEWISHAM: 194 High St.
PECKHAM: 54 Rye Lane.
RICHMOND: Dome Buildings, The Square
STRATFORD: 30 Broadway
STREATHAM: 97-99 High Rd.
TOOTING: 16-20 High St.
TOTTENHAM: 480 High Rd.
WALTHAMSTOW: 39-41 High St.
WOOD GREEN: 33 High Rd.
WOOLWICH: 32-34 Hare St.
PROVINCIAL DEPOTS:
ABERDEEN: 3-5 St. Nicholas St.
ACCRINGTON: 24 Blackburn Rd.
BELFAST: 39 Ann St.; 29 North St.
BIRMINGHAM: 84 High St. (Opp. Co-operative Stores); 147 New St.
BISHOP AUCKLAND: Newgate End
BLACKBURN: 29 King William St.
BOLTON: 64-66 Deansgate
BOURNEMOUTH: 1 Commercial Rd.
BRADFORD: 26 Kirkgate; 8-10 Manchester Rd.
BRISTOL: 42 Castle St.
BURNLEY: Corner of Chancery St. and St. James St.
CAMBRIDGE: 32 Petty Cury
CARDIFF: 24 Queen St.; 139 Queen St.
CASTLEFORD: 21 Carlton St.
CHELMSFORD: 39 High St.
CHESTERFIELD: 16 Burlington St.
COVENTRY: 25-6 Smithford St.
DARLINGTON: 7 Prebend Row
DERBY: 14-16 St. Peter's St.
DONCASTER: 34 St. Sepulchregate; 14 St. Sepulchregate
DUBLIN: 30 Henry St.
DUNDEE: 40 Murraygate
EDINBURGH: 21 Princes St.; 39-41 South Bridge
EXETER: 73 High St.
GLASGOW: 21-7 Argyle St.; 130 Sauchiehall St.
GREENOCK: 36-38 Hamilton St.
GRIMSBY: 6 Freeman St.
HALIFAX: 2-4 Commercial St.
HANLEY: 2 Piccadilly
HEREFORD: 3A St Peter's St.
HUDDERSFIELD: 17 King St.; 43 New St.
HULL: 13-14 Whitefriargate
IPSWICH: 35 Westgate St.
KEIGHLEY: 42-46 Low St.
LEEDS: 155 Lower Briggate (Opp. Dyson, Jewellers)
LEICESTER: 1A Haymarket
LINCOLN: 274 High St.
LIVERPOOL: 13 Lord St.; 45 London Rd.; 53-59 Ranelagh St.
MANCHESTER: 42-44 Oldham St.; 22-24 Oldham St.; 55 Marke. St. (immediately opp. Clarion Cafe)
MANSFIELD: 7 Leeming St.; 8 West Gate
NEWCASTLE: 30 Bigg Market (1st door from Grainger St.); 34 Blackett St.
NEWPORT: 19 High St.
NORTH SHIELDS: 5 Saville St.
NORTHAMPTON: 32 Gold St.
NOTTINGHAM: 30 Clumber St.; 8-9 Beastmarket Hill
OLDHAM: 107 Yorkshire St.; 66 Yorkshire St.
PLYMOUTH: 2-3 Union St.; 21 Old Town St.
PONTEFRACT: 7 Market Pl.
PORTSMOUTH: 187-9 Commercial Rd.
PRESTON: 24 Fishergate; 17 Friargate
READING: 84 Broad St.
ROCHDALE: 43 Yorkshire St.
ROTHERHAM: 19 High St.
SALFORD: Regent House, 230 Regent Rd.
SCUNTHORPE: 133 High St.
SHEFFIELD: 1 Haymarket; 96-102 The Moor
SHREWSBURY: 35 Pride Hill
SOUTH SHIELDS: 37½ King St.
SOUTHAMPTON: 26 East St. (Opposite Boots the Chemists)
ST. HELENS: 18 Ormskirk St.
STOCKPORT: 111 Princes St
SUNDERLAND: 3-4 Fawcett St.
SWANSEA: 23 High St.; 3 Oxford St.
SWINDON: 9C Regent St.
WAKEFIELD: 2-4 Jackson's Arcade, Kirkgate
WALSALL: 22 Park St.
WEST HARTLEPOOL: 31 Lynn St.
WOLVERHAMPTON: 11 Dudley St.
YORK: 26-7 Parliament St.

run to remove the pall of a surplus without the continued perpetual fret of world dumping. Final voluntary reduction of surplus is a part of our objective, but the long continuance and the present burden of existing surpluses make it necessary to repair great damage of the present by immediate emergency measures.

Such a plan as that, my friends, does not cost the Government any money nor does it keep the Government in business or in speculation.

Ready to Be Guided

And as to the actual wording of a bill, I believe that the Democratic party stands ready to be guided by whatever the responsible farm groups themselves agree on. That is a principle that is sound, and again I ask for action.

One word about the farmer, and I know that every delegate that lives in the city in this hall knows why I lay emphasis on the farmer. It is because one-half of our population, over 50,000,000 people, are dependent on agriculture, and my friends, if those 50,000,000 people have no money, no cash to buy what is produced in the city, the city suffers to an equal or greater extent.

And that is why we are going to make the voters understand this year that this nation is not merely a nation of independence, but it is if we are to survive, bound to be a nation of interdependence, town and city, and North and South, East and West. That is our goal, and that goal will be understood by the people of this country no matter where they live.

Yes, the purchasing power of that half of our population dependent on agriculture is gone. Farm mortgages reach nearly ten billions of dollars today and interest charges on that alone are $560,000,000 a year.

But that is not all. The tax burden caused by extravagant and inefficient local government is an additional factor. Our most immediate concern should be to reduce the interest burden on these mortgages.

Rediscounting of farm mortgages under salutary restrictions must be expanded and should, in the future, be conditioned on the reduction of interest rates. Amortization payments, maturities should likewise in this crisis be extended before rediscount is permitted where the mortgagor is sorely pressed. That, my friends, is another example of practical, immediate relief. Action.

For the Small Home

I aim to do the same thing and it can be done, for the small home owners in our cities and villages. We can lighten his burden and develop his purchasing power. Take away, my friends, that specter of too high an interest rate. Take away that specter of the due date just a short time away. Save homes; save homes for thousands of self-respecting families and drive out that specter of insecurity from our midst.

Out of all the tons of printed paper, out of all the hours of oratory, the recriminations, the defenses, the happy-thought plans in Washington and in every state, there emerges one great, simple, crystal-pure fact that during the past 10 years a nation of 120,000,000 has been led by the Republican leaders to erect an impregnable barbed-wire entanglement around its borders through the instrumentality of tariffs which have isolated us from all the other human beings in all the rest of the round world.

I accept that admirable tariff statement in the platform of this convention. It would protect American business and American labor. By our acts of the past we have invited and received the retaliation of other nations. I propose an invitation to them to forget the past, to sit at the table with us, as friends, and to plan with us for the restoration of the trade world.

Go into the home of the business man. He knows what the tariff has done for him. Go into the home of the factory worker. He knows why goods do not move. Go into the home of the farmer. He knows how the tariff has helped to ruin him.

Yes, at last our eyes are open; at last the American people are ready to acknowledge that Republican leadership was wrong and that the Democracy is right. My program, of which I can only touch on these points, is based upon this simple moral principle—the welfare and the soundness of a nation depends first upon what the great mass of the people wish and need; and, secondly, whether or not they are getting it.

Work and Security

What do the people of America want more than anything else? In my mind, two things: Work; work with all the moral and spiritual values that go with work. And with work, a reasonable measure of security—security for themselves and for their wives and children. Work and security—these are more than words. They are more than facts. They are the spiritual values, the true goal toward which our efforts of reconstruction should lead. These are the values that this program is intended to gain, these are the values we have failed to achieve by the leadership we now have.

Our Republican leaders tell us economic laws—sacred, inviolable, unchangeable—that these laws cause panics which no one could prevent. But while they prate of economic laws, men and women are starving. We must lay hold of the fact that economic laws are not made by nature. They are made by human beings.

And now, just a few words about our plans for the next four months. By coming here instead of waiting for a formal notification I have made it clear that I believe we should eliminate expensive ceremonies and that we should set in motion at once, tonight, my friends, the necessary machinery for an adequate presentation of the issues to the electorate of the nation.

I myself have important duties as Governor of a great state. Duties which in these times are more arduous and more grave than at any previous period, and yet I feel confident that I shall be able to make a number of short visits to several parts of the nation and my trips will have as their first objective a study at first hand from the lips of men and of women of all parties and all occupations, the actual conditions and needs of every part of an interdependent country.

Putting Head in Sand

Yes, when—not if—when we get the chance, the Federal Government will assume bold leadership in distress relief. For years Washington has alternated between putting its head in the sand and saying there is no large number of destitute people in our midst who need food and clothing, and then saying the states should take care of them if there are.

Instead of planning 2½ years ago to do what they are now trying to do, they kept putting it off from day to day and week to week and month to month, until the conscience of America demanded action.

I say that while primary responsibility for relief rests with localities now, as ever, yet the Federal Government has always had and still has a continuing responsibility for the broader public welfare. It will soon fulfill that responsibility.

One word more; out of every crisis, every tribulation, every disaster, mankind rises with some share of greater knowledge, of his decency, of purer purpose. Today we shall have come through a period of loose thinking and descending morals, an era of selfishness, of individual men and women and of whole nations.

Blame not governments alone for this. Blame ourselves an equal share. Let us be frank in acknowledgment of the truth that many amongst us have made obeisance to "mammon," that the profits of speculation, the easy road without toil, have lured us from the old barricades. To return to higher standards, we must abandon the false prophets and seek new leaders of our own choosing.

Striking Contrast

Never in modern history, have the essential differences between the two major American parties stood out in such striking contrast as they do today. Republican leaders not only have failed in material things, they have failed in national vision, because in disaster they have held out no hope, they have pointed out no path for the people below to climb back to places of security and of safety in our American life.

Throughout the nation men and women, forgotten in the political philosophy of the government of the last years, look to us here for guidance and for more equitable opportunity to share in the distribution of national wealth.

On the farms, in the large metropolitan areas, in the smaller cities and in the villages, millions of citizens cherish the hope that their old standards of living and thought have not gone forever. Those millions cannot and shall not hope in vain.

I pledge you—I pledge myself—to a new deal for the American people. Let us all here assembled constitute ourselves prophets of a new order of competence and of courage. This is more than a political campaign; it is a call to arms.

Give me your help, not to win votes alone, but to win in this crusade to restore America to its own people.

Danes Honor America in Homeland

The Christian Science Monitor

DANCES DISPLACE FIREWORKS

Danish-Americans Have Their Own Way of Showing Patriotism for Their Adopted Country.

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

COPENHAGEN, July 5—The beautiful heaths and forests of the Rebild hills in Jutland were the scene yesterday of a traditional Fourth of July celebration which unites the New World and the old in merry rounds of old-fashioned folk dancing and singing.

In 1912 a number of Danes in America acquired about 170 acres of land at Rebild and presented it to the state of Denmark under the condition that it be used as a gathering place to celebrate the American Independence Day in their home country.

Constitutional Rule Once More in Malta

(Continued from Page 1)

method by which parliamentary government could be restored.

The main recommendations of the Commission have been accepted by the British Government. The Constitution has been put into operation again and a new election (which was not a resumption or continuation of the election suspended in 1930) has been held.

In one respect the British Government proposes to go further than the Commission urged, namely, on the language question. The majority of the Commission suggested that, while the Italian language should continue to be taught in the secondary schools and the university, it should be entirely excluded from the elementary schools, where it is at present taught together with English and Maltese.

At the same time, the Commissioners further advised that advantage should not be taken of the interregnum to impose upon Malta a change which would be viewed by some people with dissatisfaction. The British Government, however, decided to put the Commission's proposal into effect immediately, without previously consulting the Maltese electorate. Letters Patent have already been promulgated giving effect to the Commission's recommendations in regard to the languages to be used in education and in criminal trials.

Dispute Reaches Climax

The dispute between the civil and ecclesiastical authorities, which was responsible for the breakdown of responsible government in Malta, reached a climax on May 1, 1930, when the bishops of Malta and Gozo issued a joint pastoral letter forbidding Maltese Roman Catholics, in other words the entire population of the two islands, to vote for Lord Strickland and his candidates under pain of "mortal sin."

It should be noted that the Church of Rome has always enjoyed a special position in Malta, and that the clergy have always taken, directly or indirectly, an active part in politics. It was largely due to the action of the clergy that the Maltese people were roused to support the establishment of British rule in Malta. Lord Plumer, who was Governor of Malta from 1919 to 1924, frankly acknowledged the rights of the clergy, whom he invited to "equip themselves so that they may be in temporal, as well as in spiritual, matters, guides, counselors and friends of the people."

Roman Catholic Attitude

In the judgment of the Maltese bishops, Lord Strickland had done much harm to the Roman Catholic religion, which had been declared by statute to be the religion of Malta, and they held that his continuance in power would be detrimental to religion. They accordingly issued the now famous pastoral letter.

The claim so to act is a fundamental Roman Catholic position and has been very often exercised by the ecclesiastical authorities in other countries, with a large Roman Catholic population. With a view of preventing undue clerical influence in the elections, Lord Strickland suggested an amendment to the Constitution, which, if accepted, would have introduced in Malta the English electoral law for this specified case. His proposal, which seems to have found little support even among his followers, was rejected by the commission.

The British Government, of course, took the line that if it was the duty of the Maltese bishops to defend the interests of the Roman Catholic Church in Malta, it was equally the duty of the British Government not to surrender, but strongly to uphold, the very basis of democratic government—namely, freedom of election—which was threatened by the bishops' action.

Great Britain regarded the intervention of the spiritual authorities in the political life of Malta as constituting undue interference with the freedom of the ballot, which no civil government could tolerate. It was the British view that so long as the church insisted on its right to inflict a spiritual penalty for a purely civil act, no free elections could be held, and the British Government was determined to secure freedom of elections before restoring the Constitution.

Bishops Issue Circular

While the election campaign was in progress this spring, the bishops issued a circular confirming the terms of the pastoral of 1930 on the ground that, from the religious standpoint, the situation in Malta was exactly the same as that existing when the latter was published. The situation had become once more so serious that the British Government contemplated again postponing the pending elections unless the bishops withdrew or revised the circular. Indeed, the commissioners had explained in their report that one of the main considerations which had influenced them in recommending a new election was the belief, formed after the most earnest inquiry, that the pastoral to be issued before the next election would be quite different in tone from that of 1930.

Fortunately, however, it has been possible to restore religious peace in Malta in a way considered satisfactory to all parties concerned. Lord Strickland has formally apologized to the Pope for his opposition to the authority of the church, and the bishops have withdrawn their pastoral of 1930. Electoral freedom has thus been reëstablished, and the Maltese people were able to record their votes regardless of ecclesiastical dictation.

That they disapproved of Lord Strickland is evident from the results of the voting. The new Senate consists of nine Nationalists, six Constitutionalists and one Labor representative. Lord Strickland himself was elected to both Senate and Assembly.

HOLDRON Balham S.W.12

Three Great Bargain Days

JULY 14-15-16

Remnants Half Price

DRASTIC REDUCTIONS OF ALL ODDMENTS

Holdron, 110-148 High Road, Balham, S. W. 12

J. W. Tacon

275-7 HIGH HOLBORN LONDON ENG.

Men's Outfitter and Hosier

Has specialised for many years in making shirts to measure at no extra cost. Let us give you full particulars and patterns.

Phone Holborn 3522

MARSHALL & SNELGROVE'S SALE

CONTINUES UNTIL 23rd JULY

REGULAR patrons of this house need no second invitation to this event and new customers will discover, with profit to themselves, the joys of shopping at this House of Quality. Remnants are cleared on Thursdays during the Sale.

CARDIGAN SUIT in Cumberland sponge cloth. Gored skirt, unlined cardigan, darted waistline. Colours: Lido, brown, navy, black, green, fawn. In three sizes. Usual price 7½ gns. SALE PRICE..... 5 Gns. Outsize 10/6 extra.

"COLLET"

HANDSOME TWO-PIECE for the young full figure. Dress of printed crepe de chine, and coat of panama wool georgette, lined crepe de chine to tone. Colours of COATS: Brown, Navy, Black, Black. DRESSES: Brown/yellow, Navy/red, Black/beige, Black/green. Original Price 12½ Gns. Sale Price 8½ Gns.

GENUINE CROCODILE SHOES

FIVE STYLES (Two illustrated herewith) ALL AT, PAIR 30/-

(Usually 52/6)

Made from selected skins in all sizes from 3's to 9's.

MARSHALL & SNELGROVE

VERE STREET & OXFORD STREET, LONDON, W. 1

FOR YOUR GARDEN...

Wanderwood Garden Furniture fits naturally into the scheme of things. It is made from English Ash, or Elm or Oak, and the natural shape of the plank, just as the wood grows in the tree, is adapted to the requirements of the Table, Seats or Stools.

EVESHAM SEATS—Approximate size 30" high, 46" width, 18" depth, from..... £3.10.0

TABLE—The tops are made from one piece of wood. 1½" to 2" thick. Approximate size 23" high x 16" wide x 33" long, from.... 33'9

Stools—Small size from 4/3 Large size from..... 7/3

COZENS

G. COZENS & CO. Limited

32-50, Edgware Rd., London, W. 2, England

Telephones: AMBASSADOR 1144

S·L DRY CLEANING AND DYEING SERVICE

1 Thurloe Place, S. W. 7 (Kensington 1615)
159 Gloucester Road, S. W. 7 (Kensington 1973)
22 Duke St., Piccadilly, S. W. 1 (Regent 2745)
62 Lower Sloane Street, S. W. 1 (Sloane 0833)
196 East Hill, Wandsworth (Battersea 3246)
Church St., Kingston (Kingston 4282)
Clapham North Tube Station, S. W. (Macaulay 2871)
HEAD OFFICE AND WORKS: Old Town, Clapham, London (Macaulay 3352)

BEFORE BUYING NEW SEE WHAT CLEANING WILL DO

Barker Sale

TODAY and DAILY

GREATEST OCCASION in STORE HISTORY!

Event presents the opportunity to buy at reduced prices from a House with

OVER 60 YEARS' HONEST TRADING TRADITION

YEAR by year the Barker Sale increases in immensity, larger stocks are involved and the occasion grows in popularity. On Monday, when the doors open at 9 a. m., stocks to the value of well over a million pounds sterling will be offered for clearance at drastically cut prices. It is noteworthy that every bargain is a genuine one and values are not exaggerated. The Barker Sale presents the buying opportunity of the year for Britishers, whether orders are placed personally or by post!

Sale Shopping Hours 9 a. m. to 6:30 p. m.

WRITE for 132 PAGE SALE BOOK

—a copy will be sent post free on request

A WORD OF CAUTION from the Chairman of Barkers

It is considered especially necessary just now to emphasise the need for placing orders with a House of repute. With so many wild and exaggerated statements prevalent in advertising it is well to remember that the only way in which goods can be offered below their normal market value is by the exercise of huge cash resources (as at Barkers), enabling large deals direct with manufacturers. Thus middle profits are eliminated and manufacturers can produce more cheaply. Upon this policy Barkers has been built; success has been won because of the consistent VALUE offered by the Directors—value which is even more emphasised during the forthcoming sale period. Test the veracity of this by the merchandise offered in this Sale.

Sydney H. Kinner

EVERY TUESDAY IS HALF-PRICE DAY

REMNANTS on the 4th FLOOR

REMNANTS, ODDMENTS and SALE ACCUMULATIONS TO BE CLEARED AT HALF MARKED PRICES

NO POST ORDERS :: :: PERSONAL SHOPPERS ONLY

John Barker and Compy. Ltd., Kensington, High St., London, W. 8. 'Phone Western 5432.

ANTITRUST LAW NEEDS SCANNED AT INSTITUTE

Ways to Economic Recovery Examined by Speakers at Charlottesville

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

CHARLOTTESVILLE, Va., July 5

Forecasts that the economic recession will result in congressional action to alter the antitrust laws or in new interpretations of the present law by the United States Supreme Court, a declaration that extravagant American investments in the Caribbean are largely responsible for the economic crisis facing the sugar industry in that region and a plea for strengthening the weakened system of county government in the United States were the high lights of the opening session of the sixth Annual Institute of Public Affairs of the University of Virginia.

With the largest enrollment of economic experts, industrial leaders and government officials in its history, the institute began a fortnight's discussion of economic recovery and the responsibility of government in the present emergency.

Sharp criticism of present court interpretations of the antitrust laws which, it was stated, make any coordination of production and purchasing power impossible, opened the round table on antitrust laws, presided over by Mr. Gilbert H. Montague, New York lawyer. Several speakers agreed that legislation which was intended to protect the public interest by preserving free competition now intensifies and prolongs the recession by preventing a "planned economy" in the industrial world.

Form of "Social Engineering"

"This problem lies at the heart of every attempt to solve the depression," declared Mr. Montague. "The present agitation to improve the law is exceedingly timely. Even if it results in no new legislation it cannot fail to s imulate a re-examination of the law in the light of present social and economic needs. Out of this there may come from the Supreme Court, even if Congress fails to act, some new and expanding interpretation of the anti-trust law." He urged that the anti-trust law be viewed as a form of "social engineering" and be administered in the light of changing economic conditions.

A significant example of the effort of an industry to solve its own problem of haphazard production and uneconomic selling methods was described by Mr. Charles E. Bockus, president of the Clinchfield Coal Corporation and former hairman of the Hoover Advisory Coal Commission of 1922. Competitive conditions in the coal industry are such, he asserted, that "there is not the slightest need for any antitrust laws at this time for the protection of the coal user; a complete monopoly is simply unthinkable."

Mr. Bockus outlined the plan of coal producers to bring about more orderly marketing by setting up regional selling agencies, under a group of operators designated as Appalachian Coals Inc., against which the Department of Justice has recently brought suit in the Lynchburg court for infringement of the antitrust laws.

Mr. Montague had referred to this case as "the white hope of innumerable business interests." The plan for operators in the West Virginia, Kentucky and Tennessee fi.l to sell through an agency and permit the agency to allocate the tonnage to be produced is "the most comprehensive plan of self-regulation ever considered," said Mr. Bockus. "If that proposal is held to be against the law, there can in my opinion be no further efforts ma'e from within the industry to bring order out of existing chaos, unless and until there is a liberalization of our antitrust laws."

Action Within Industries

The possibilities of an intelligent handling of the competitive system by action within industries themselves to eliminate methods of competion which are legal but generaly recognized as wasteful and unsound, were discussed by Mr. Goldthwaite H. Dorr, former assistant United States attorney of New York. Mr. Dorr commended the proposal for a wide survey of anti-trust legislation by a congressional committee sitting in recess.

The abnormal development of the sugar industry in Cuba and Puerto Rico is due to the large sums of capital which have gone from the United States into this region, it was declared at the round table on Latin-American relations presided over by Dr. C. H. Haring, professor of Latin-American history of Harvard University.

"One factor in the checkered career of the West Indies is the excess which has characterized successive invasions of foreign capital and enterprise," stated Dr. Leland H. Jenks, of the Harvard Bureau of Economic Research in Latin America. "If we would nourish social stability and economic stamina in the Caribbean, we may do so by supplying capital, but it should be in amounts so small and at so low a pace as to escape the attention of the bond salesman."

The American sugar tariff is "Making an economic Sahara of Cuba" and unless it is changed, will wipe out a billion dollars of American savings invested in Cuba within two years, it was forecast by Mr. H. H. Pike, president of the New York coffee and sugar exchange. Protection of the American sugar-beet industry which employs only 13,920 persons, is costing the American public $240,000,000 a year and is ruining the country which was once the fourth largest purchaser of American products, he stated.

Agitation for Independence

Declaring that Puerto Rico has become one of the poorest nations on earth because it has built up a great sugar industry for which it is not agriculturally adapted, Señor Luis Munoz Marin, editor of La Democracia, San Juan, said the agitation for complete independence is growing rapidly in the island. If Puerto Rican sugar is not put outside the American tariff wall, the country would turn to more profitable crops. Puerto Ricans, he said, want a period to liquidate their sugar industry, largely owned by foreigners, to be followed by complete independence.

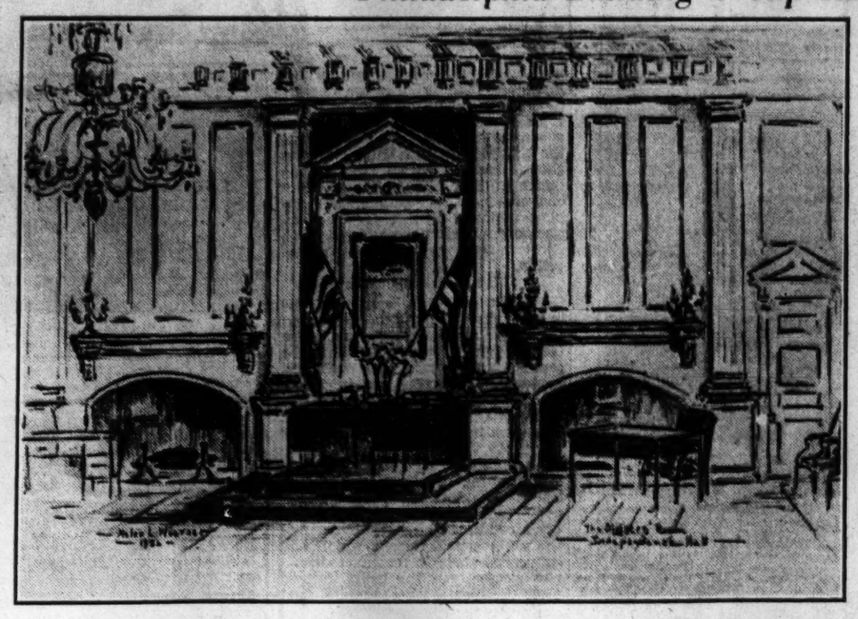
Members of the round table on county government were told by Mr. Paul H. Wager, of the University of North Carolina, that the trend away from local self-government and toward dependence upon federal and state government is impoverishing rural civilization in America.

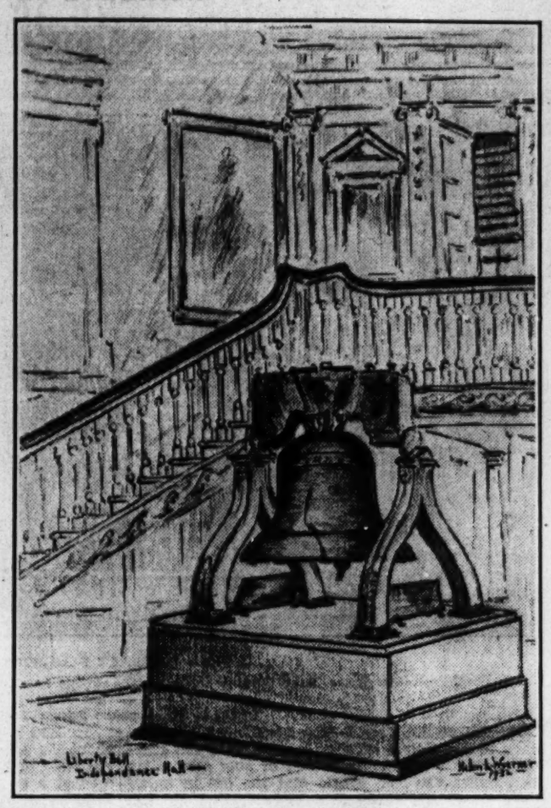
"Local self-government in rural areas must be preserved because it is neither fair nor wise to deny the rural population an opportunity to learn the art of government in the management of community affairs," he said.

Speaking on "The Country and Law Enforcement," Mr. Leon M. Brazile, lawyer of Richmond, Va., pointed out that law enforcement machinery is more efficiently administered in the large centers of population than in rural communities, where attorneys for the Commonwealth are usually underpaid, and where trials are often conducted before a justice of the peace without legal training or experience.

At the formal opening of the institute in the McIntyre amphitheater, Dr. John Lloyd Newcomb, acting president of the University of Virginia, and Dr. Charles G. Maphis, director of the institute, delivered addresses of welcome. In an address on "Washington and Jefferson in the Building of America" Dr. Dixon Ryan Fox of Columbia University declared that "Jefferson gave America a creed, Washington a hero."

Philadelphia Building Group Rich in Tradition





All Drawn for The Christian Science Monitor by Helen L. Woerner

AMERICAN INDEPENDENCE STARTED HERE

Top Row, Left to Right: Room in Independence Hall Where the Declaration of Independence Was Signed, Intact With Original Furnishings. Earlier, Washington Here Accepted Full Command of the American Armies and Here Also in 1777 Congress Adopted the American Flag. The Bell That Proclaimed Liberty Throughout the Land. It now Rests at the Foot of the Great Stairway in Independence Hall. Bottom—Independence Hall, at the Left, and Congress Hall on the Corner of Chestnut Street.

History of Independence Hall Coincident With Washington's

Erection of State House of Province of Pennsylvania Began About Time First President Was Born, and Their Fame Ran Parallel

By a Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

PHILADELPHIA—Nowhere in the United States, it is believed, can be found a more historically significant group of buildings than that known as Independence Hall and its adjuncts, the original "State House of the Province of Pennsylvania," whose beginning is coincident with the year of Washington's birth, 200 years ago.

It was in May, 1729, that the Provincial Assembly of Pennsylvania decided that steps must be taken to erect a house for their meetings, having been forced to "hire a house annually" for this purpose. Accordingly, a bill was passed authorizing the appropriation of 2000 pounds of paper currency toward the building of the State House, and a committee of three was selected to choose the site for it.

Though not completed, the State House was first occupied in October, 1736, when the Legislature met there. In 1745 the Assembly Room was finished, and the Judicial Chamber on the first floor to the west was in process of completion. The second floor chambers were completed by 1748, when all but the present tower was finished. This tower, "to contain the staircase with suitable place thereon for hanging a bell," was decided upon by the Assembly in 1750.

Under the date of Nov. 1, 1751, the superintendents of the State House wrote the Colonial Agent in London, in part as follows:

"Respected Friend, Robert Charles:

"The Assembly having ordered us (the Superintendents of the State House) to procure a bell from England to be purchased for their use, we take the liberty to apply ourselves to thee to get us a good bell, of about 2000 pounds weight, the cost of which we presume may amount to £100 pounds, sterling, or perhaps with the charges something more. . . .

"Let the bell be cast by the best workmen, and examined carefully before it is shipped, with the following words, well shapen in large letters round it, viz.:

"'By order of the Assembly of the Province of Pennsylvania for the State House in the City of Philadelphia, 1752.'

"And underneath:

"'Proclaim liberty throughout all the land unto all the inhabitants thereof. Lev. XXV. 10.'"

Thus the new "Province Bell," later to be known as the "Liberty Bell," was ordered in London, and was cast by Thomas Lister, arriving in Philadelphia in August, 1752.

In testing it, before hanging it in the tower, according to a letter of Issac Norris, dated March 10, 1753, the superintendents "had the mortification to hear that it was cracked by a stroke of the clapper without any other violence, as it was hung up to try the sound; . . . Two ingenious workmen undertook to cast it here, and I am just now informed they have this day opened the mould and have got a good bell, which, I confess, pleases me very much, that we should first venture upon and succeed in the greatest bell cast, for ought I know, in English America."

So, nearly a quarter of a century before the signing of the Declaration of Independence, the great bell, with its own declaration of liberty to all men, was hung in the steeple of the State House. From here it was rung on that memorable day, July 8, 1776, 23 years later, to literally "Proclaim liberty throughout all the land," and here it remained until the steeple was taken down in 1781. It has been moved several times since, and is now on the first floor of Independence Hall, at the foot of the great stairway.

One of the most historically significant rooms in Independence Hall is that on the east, known as the Declaration Chamber. Here it was that Washington accepted his appointment as General and Commander-in-Chief of the army on June 16, 1775. Here, on July 4, 1776, representatives of the colonies signed the Declaration of Independence. On June 14, 1777, Congress adopted the American flag in this room. The Continental Congress sat here throughout the Revolution, with the exception of the two periods when it left Philadelphia for several months. And here, on July 9, 1778, the Articles of Confederation and perpetual union between the states were signed by the first eight states.

Here, too, on Nov. 3, 1781, Congress was officially notified of the surrender of Lord Cornwallis at Yorktown. In this room, as well, the federal convention met to draw up the Constitution of the United States, in 1787, with Washington presiding, and here it was signed.

The furniture in the Declaration Chamber is original, having been used by Congress during the Revolution, while the flags are facsimiles of those carried by the Continental Army. The handsome crystal chandelier which hangs in this room is thought to have been in the same place when Congress sat there, and is known to be of eighteenth century workmanship.

The city of Philadelphia acquired legal ownership of the whole square in 1816, taking title from the State for the consideration of $70,000.

Electrical Contracts
Undertaken for
LIGHTING, POWER, BELLS
TELEPHONES
to suit
ALL TYPES OF RESIDENCES AND PUBLIC BUILDINGS
T. Clarke & Co. Ltd.
Tel. Sloane 7133 (2 lines)
129 Sloane Street
London, S. W. 1 (Eng.)

C. Barbu & Co.
(H. C. Stuttfield)
DYERS & CLEANERS
(Established 1880)
BRANCHES:
MORLEY HOUSE, 314 REGENT ST., W. 1
3 SOUTH MOLTON ST., MAYFAIR, W. 1
7 COBURG PLACE, BAYSWATER RD., W. 2
129 SHIRLAND ROAD, MAIDA VALE, W. 9
143 WESTBOURNE GROVE, W. 11
224 BAKER ST., N. W. 1
18 ENGLAND'S LANE, HAMPSTEAD, N. W. 3
104 WEST END LANE, HAMPSTEAD, N. W. 6
3 COLIN PARADE, THE HYDE, HENDON, N. W. 9
41 ALRIC AVE., HARLESDEN, N. W. 10
1 HIGH RD., WILLESDEN GREEN, N. W. 10
515 LORDSHIP LANE, DULWICH, S. E. 22
70 HIGH ST., WIMBLEDON, S. W. 19
4 COLLEGE RD., HARROW-ON-THE-HILL
55 VINE ST., UXBRIDGE
42 HIGH ST., PINNER
104 WEMBLEY PARK DRIVE, WEMBLEY
Head Office and Works:
41 ALRIC AVENUE, LONDON, N. W. 10
TELEPHONES WILLESDEN 0117 (two lines)

WALKER ORGANS
Examples of Our Work Can Be Seen at
First Church of Christ, Scientist, London
Ninth Church of Christ, Scientist, London
Eleventh Church of Christ, Scientist, London
First Church of Christ, Scientist, Leytonstone
J. W. WALKER & SONS Ltd.
BY APPOINTMENT TO HIS MAJESTY THE KING
Established 1827
FRANCIS WORKS, SOUTHFIELD RD., W. 4
LONDON, ENGLAND

Spencer Beardon & Co. Ltd.
Quality Printers Stationers
Proprietors of the "WANOTYPE" Washable Tablets suitable for displaying Notices in Church Buildings, etc. Clean and dignified.
DRAYTON HOUSE, GORDON STREET, LONDON, W. C. 1
Museum 2183

Beauty..... at a touch

Powder—Cream—Mirror
ALL IN ONE
Potter & Moore's Powder-Cream is already much the vogue with smart American women. Face powder of finest quality, skillfully blended with exquisite vanishing cream and scented with lovely Mitcham Lavender.
In dainty mirror-fitted jars ideal for the handbag.
SOLE DISTRIBUTORS for U. S. A.
Groville Sales Corp.
501 Fifth Avenue
New York City
SOLE DISTRIBUTORS for CANADA
Norman S. Wright & Coy, Ltd.
468 King St., West
Toronto, Canada

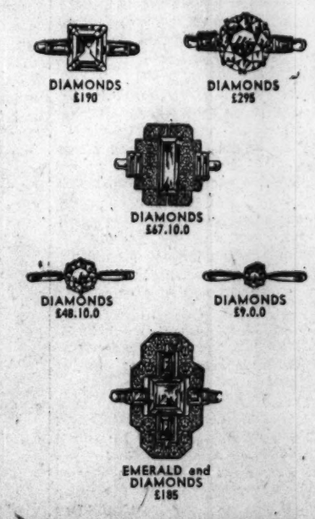
Potter & Moore's
MITCHAM LAVENDER
POWDER-CREAM

BRADLEYS
CHEPSTOW PLACE · LONDON · W. 2.
the right clothes for every occasion
FURS · GOWNS · TAILOR SUITS · BLOUSES
WRAPS · HATS · LINGERIE · SPORTS-WEAR.
Bradleys Chepstow Place London W2

The Original and Oldest House in London for
Homespuns & Tartans
Scott Adie's real homespuns, Vicuna Cloth, reversible Cashmeres and Scotch Cheviots are known as the best throughout the world. Suitable for Travelling Coats, Capes and Sports Suits for both ladies and gentlemen. Travelling Rugs, Fine Wool Sports Coats, Scotch Wool Knitted Hose a specialty. Tartan Saxonies in all clans, also Ties and Scarves.
An inspection solicited. Unlimited choice.
All goods marked in plain figures.
SCOTT ADIE Ltd.
The Royal Scotch Warehouse
38, Conduit Street, Bond Street
London · W. 1 (Late of Regent Street)

Telephone No. 0317 Western
Established over 60 years
W. J. West & Son.
3 and 5 Earls Court Road
Kensington, W. 8 LONDON, ENG.
DEPARTMENTS
Fruit Flowers Vegetables
Grocery Provisions Game
Meat
Special Quotations to Hostels

WALLPAX
makes the interior decorations of any Building look well and last well. The only British Patent Flat Wax Paint. Can be washed. Suitable for exterior or interior use. "Audax" gives a special glossy effect. Booklets and Colour cards post free. Made from Chinese Lacquer. Samuel Wills & Co., Ltd., 7 Castle Green, Bristol. London Showrooms: Monomark House, 98 High Holborn, W. C. 1.

FINE RINGS
The Goldsmiths & Silversmiths Company offer you a variety of designs and a range of prices in gem-set rings which cannot be bettered anywhere. In such a purchase it is essential that you should deal with a firm of established reputation for value and fair dealing, and the wisdom of consulting this Company is therefore obvious. If a visit is not possible, may we send you a copy of our catalogue.


The GOLDSMITHS & SILVERSMITHS COMPANY · LTD
Jewellers and Silversmiths to H.M. the King
112 REGENT ST., LONDON, W.1
(Corner of Glasshouse Street) No other address

10 Days Only
Summer Sale
GENUINE REDUCTIONS
Special 5% Extra Discount on presenting this advertisement during Sale.
Alfred Barnett
62 Beauchamp Place
Brompton Road, London, S. W. 3
KEN. 2736

Spencer Beardon & Co., Ltd.
Quality Printers Stationers
Proprietors of the "WANOTYPE" Washable Tablets suitable for displaying Notices in Church Buildings, etc. Clean and dignified.
DRAYTON HOUSE, GORDON ST., LONDON, W. C. 1
Museum 2183

Decorators, Plumbers, Electricians, Furniture Repaired & Polished. General House Repairs.
A. PARKHURST & SON
Personal Supervision
Large Stock of Practical Household Ironmongery
2 Abingdon Road, KENSINGTON, LONDON, W. 8, ENG.
Phone: Western 4387
Est. 1877

Where to Stop?
Where to Shop?
Natural questions for the visitor or stranger to the world's greatest city.
And they can be answered, too—readily and immediately—by the attendant at the London Information Bureau of The Christian Science Monitor.
Thousands of Monitor readers from all parts of the world have registered inquiries at this Bureau—can't we help you?
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR
1 and 2 Adelphi Terrace, London, W. C. 2
PARIS 3 Avenue de l'Opera
BERLIN Unter den Linden 59a
FLORENCE Via Magenta 11

HARVEY NICHOLS
OF KNIGHTSBRIDGE
Great Summer SALE
begins on June 20th and continues until July 23rd
During this period their own goods, of exclusive style and outstanding quality, will be drastically reduced in price.
Remnants and Oddments
HALF PRICE
Every Thursday
Harvey Nichols & Co. Ltd., Knightsbridge
London, England

THE HOME FORUM

Martha Gunn of Brighton

IF I hadn't been allowed to sit in the front of the train, I should not have been able to talk to the engine driver; and if I hadn't talked to the engine driver, he might not have pointed out the bathing machines; and then, of course, being a stranger to the district, it is possible that I might never have heard of Martha Gunn.

I had taken a threepenny ticket on the old-fashioned miniature railway, that conducts passengers slowly and carefully along the sea front at Brighton. It is a gentle railway; the ticket collector is a gentle man; and if you tell him, as I did, that you particularly want a front seat, he will advise you to stand on a certain plank of the tiny platform, and step on board directly the next train comes in. The driver is an equally gentle person. He rings a small bell above his head; looks round to see that everyone has caught the train comfortably, moves a lever, and off you go.

Possibly all the passengers who sit in the front seats ask the same questions; but, if so, the gentle driver gives no indication of it. He seems, rather, to consider your remarks as worthy of attention, and, feeling something of a success, you follow up one question with another. Being a fairly tall man, and standing to his job, he has the advantage of the passengers, and so is able to prepare one well in advance for the group of antique bathing machines, one of the "star" turns along the route. They stand close together, and well up the beach, a strangely old-fashioned sight on that busy front. Their paint is washed away, and their remarkably high wheels look frail and brittle; yet their general appearance is that of ancient dignity.

* * *

They are never moved now. In the old days they used to be pulled into the sea by a strong horse, but they have become too feeble to stand it. Look well at them, for in a short time they will be gone. People will talk of the bathing machines that used to be there, and laugh to think of the funny customs of other days.

Machines are seldom, if ever, dragged into the sea now. The jolting and bumping down the beach; the clinging of the bathers within to the narrow whitewashed seats that ran around the walls; the first ominous sound of water splashing about the horse's legs and through the wheels; the sudden jerk when the machine came to a halt; and the rattle of the chains as they were unhitched from the front and thrown about the horse's neck—these are things of the past. Nowadays Brighton bathers use unromantic huts, permanently settled on the upper beach; and the thrill of opening a door to the wide waste of waters, and the toeing of your way gingerly down a few wooden steps into the waves, while clinging firmly to a rope as if it were a life line, has long ago been forgotten.

Those were the days of the bathing women, strong, determined ladies in voluminous garments, who moved waist deep through the water and dipped you backward into the salty waves with extraordinary vigor and apparent delight. The dip was as much a part of the bathe as the sea itself, and was on no account to be omitted.

* * *

During the eighteenth century Brighton, or Brighthelmstone, as it was then called, emerged from a place of no repute to find itself the center of attraction. In the early days of its history it had been nothing more than a fishing village, made up of the "Lower Toun" under the cliffs, the tenants of which were called the "seamen," and the "Upper Toun" on the cliffs, inhabited by the landsmen, and composed of a few streets and "lanes." Then, with a sudden rush, it became an exceedingly popular resort with a gay season. And why? Simply because a certain gentleman of renown, having visited the place, wrote and published a treatise, in the year 1750, advocating sea bathing. Thereafter all the world flocked to Brighton, including such eminent persons as Daniel Defoe, Samuel Johnson, Fanny Burney, Gibbon, the Duke and Duchess of Cumberland, and lastly George IV, then Prince of Wales. Of the prosperity that followed, Thackeray writes in the Newcomes:

> The lodging-houses . . . have bow-windows in front, bulging out with gentle prominence, and ornamented with neat verandahs, from which you can behold . . . that blue ocean over which Britannia is said to rule, stretching brightly away eastward and westward. . . . You can watch the sun setting in splendor over Worthing, or illuminating with its rising glories the ups and downs of Rottingdean . . . you behold a hundred bathing-machines put to sea; and . . . fancy depicts the . . . splashing under their awnings. . . . Hark to the twanging horn! It is the fashion to run down George IV., but what myriads of Londoners ought to thank him for inventing Brighton!

* * *

Bathing was a complete novelty during the early days of Brighton's development, and seems to have consisted of a plunge, for swimming was an almost unknown habit. "By means of a hook-ladder the bather ascends the machine," runs one account. "They are drawn to a proper distance from the shore, and then plunge into the sea, the guides attending on each side to assist them in recovering the machine; which being accomplished, they are drawn back to shore. The guides are strong, active, and careful; and in every respect adapted to their employment."

Among these early guides, and renowned to this day as the Queen of Dippers, was Martha Gunn. It is said that she actually dipped Prince George when a baby, and a poet broke into verse on the subject:

"To Brighton came he,
Came George the Third's son,
To be dipped in the sea
By the famed Martha Gunn."

But this legend is without foundation, since George did not visit Brighton until he came of age. The Prince and the Queen of Dippers, however, were firm friends, and he would sometimes send for her to amuse him with her quaint conversation. Martha Gunn and her fellow dippers were known and respected by all, yet we learn from an old advertisement that her business was once seriously challenged:

> BRIGHTHELMSTON. SEA BATHING. This is to acquaint the Nobility, Gentry, and others resorting to Brighthelmston, that Martha Tutt, Mary Guildford, Susannah Guildford, Elizabeth Wingham, and Ann Smith, five strong Women, all used to the Sea, have completely fitted up a set of NEW MACHINES, with a Careful Man and Horse to conduct them in and out of the Water, for the purpose of Bathing Ladies and Children, the Ladies at One Shilling each, and the Children Sixpence.—Attendance will be given every morning.
> N. B.—Orders received at "The Rising Sun," near the Bathing.
> March 27th, 1780.

One can well imagine the flutter in the opposition camp, and up went a poster which defied all competition:

> BRIGHTHELMSTON. SEA BATHING. The Old Bathers for the last Thirty Years Past. This is to acquaint the Nobility Gentry, and others resorting to Brighthelmston, that Mary Howell, Mary Cobby, Martha Gunn, Abigail Miles, Susannah Patching, Ann Langley, Ann Smith, (late Ann Cherry), and Martha Johnson, CONTINUE TO BATHE THE LADIES as usual; with James Johnson, a Careful Man, with good horses, to conduct the machines in and out of the sea. Attendance given every morning.
> N. B.—Orders Received at Mary Howell's, No. 3, East Street.
> April 5th, 1780.

For many years thereafter Martha Gunn remained the "veteran Priestess of the Bath."

* * *

The train comes to a halt and the driver steps off onto the platform. "Yes," he says, reflectively, "they'll be pullin' 'em away one of these fine days, taking off their wheels and turning 'em into huts; that's what they'll be doing."

He draws his cap forward, to shield his eyes from the sun, and looks along the shore to the far-away spot where the old machines still cling closely together. "I wonder what old Martha would think if she were to hear about it," he says with a little laugh.

The passengers are boarding the train. Somebody occupies the front seat I have just left. The gentle driver rings the small bell, pulls the lever, and off they go. D. A. L.

The Bell-Bird

The stillness of the Austral noon
Is broken by no single sound—
No lizards even on the ground
Rustle amongst dry leaves—no tune
The lyre-bird sings—yet hush! I hear
A soft bell tolling, silvery clear!
Low soft aerial chimes, unknown
Save 'mid these silences alone.

—WILLIAM SHARP, "Poems."

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

Founded 1908 by MARY BAKER EDDY

An International Daily Newspaper

Published daily, except Sundays and holidays, by THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY, 107 Falmouth Street, Boston, Mass.

Communications regarding the conduct of this newspaper, articles and illustrations for publication should be addressed to

THE EDITORIAL BOARD OF THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

If the return of manuscripts is desired, each manuscript must be accompanied by a stamped and addressed envelope, but the Monitor Editorial Board does not hold itself responsible for such communications.

Subscription price, payable in advance, postpaid to all countries:
One year $9.00 Three months $2.25
Six months $4.50 One month 75c
Single copies, 5 cents

Member of the Associated Press

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use of republication of all telegraph and local news credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper.

All rights of republication of special dispatches herein are reserved to The Christian Science Publishing Society

The Christian Science Monitor is on sale in Christian Science Reading Rooms throughout the world.

Those who may desire to purchase the Monitor regularly from any news stand where it is not on sale are requested to notify The Christian Science Publishing Society.

Cost of remailing copies of the Monitor is as follows:

Foreign
14 pages 3c 24 to 30 pages 6c
16 to 22 pages 4½c 32 pages . . . 7½c
Including Canada, Newfoundland and any Pan-American countries.

United States
14 pages . . . . 2c 24 to 30 pages 4c
16 to 22 pages 3c 32 pages 5c

NEWS OFFICES

WASHINGTON: 1281-1287 National Press Building, Washington, D. C.
EASTERN: 270 Madison Ave., New York City.
CENTRAL: Room 1058, 332 South Michigan Avenue, Chicago
PACIFIC: 628 Market St., San Francisco.
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA: 210 West Seventh Street, Los Angeles.
EUROPEAN: 2, Adelphi Terrace, London.
PARIS: 3, Avenue de l'Opéra.
BERLIN: Unter den Linden 59A.
GENEVA: 16 rue du Mont Blanc.
ROME: Via Fontanella di Borghese 23
VIENNA: Reisnerstrasse 42/8 Vienna III.
AUSTRALASIAN: Perpetual Trustees Buildings, 100-104 Queen Street, Melbourne, Victoria, Australia.

BRANCH ADVERTISING OFFICES

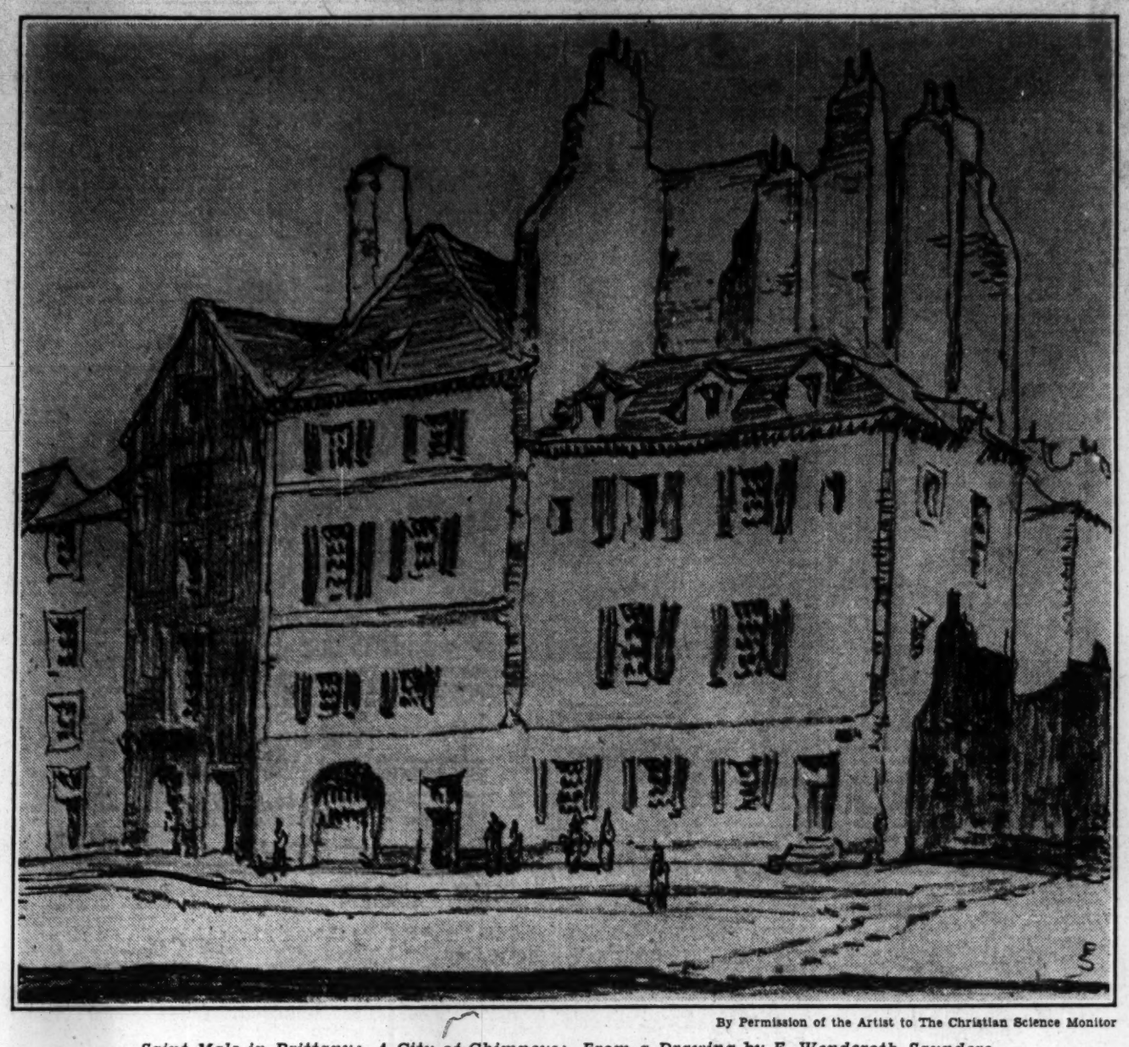
New York . . . . . 270 Madison Avenue
Detroit . . . . 3-151 General Motors Bldg
Chicago . . . . . 1058 McCormick Bldg.
Miami . . . . . 1229 Ingraham Bldg.
St. Louis . . . 1728 Rwy. Exchange Bldg
Kansas City . 405 Nat'l Fid. Life Bldg.
San Francisco . . . . . 625 Market Street
Los Angeles . 210 West Seventh Street
Seattle . . . . . 824 Skinner Bldg.
London . . . . . 1 and 2, Adelphi Terrace
Paris . . . . . 3, Avenue de l'Opéra
Berlin . . . . . Unter den Linden 69A
Florence . . . . . Via Magenta 11

Advertising rates given on application. While endeavoring to accept only reliable advertisements, The Christian Science Publishing Society will not be responsible to the public for advertisements and the right to decline or discontinue any advertisement is reserved.

CIRCULATION SERVICE BUREAUS

NEW ENGLAND: 107 Falmouth Street, Boston, Mass.
EASTERN: 270 Madison Avenue, New York City.
CENTRAL: Room 1058, 332 So. Michigan Avenue, Chicago.
WESTERN: 911 Van Nuys Building, Los Angeles.
EUROPEAN: 1 and 2, Adelphi Terrace, London.

Published by
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY
Boston, Mass., U. S. A.
Publishers of
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE JOURNAL
CHRISTIAN SCIENCE SENTINEL
THE HERALD OF CHRISTIAN SCIENCE
(German Edition)
(French Edition)
(Scandinavian Edition)
(Dutch Edition)
(Braille Edition)
CHRISTIAN SCIENCE QUARTERLY



By Permission of the Artist to The Christian Science Monitor

Saint Malo in Brittany: A City of Chimneys: From a Drawing by F. Wenderoth Saunders

Los Dos Hermanas

Perhaps the most interesting, as it certainly is the loveliest apartment in this palace of enchantment (The Alhambra) is the Hall of the Two Sisters, a title, the guidebooks would fain have us believe, conferred by reason of two enormous slabs of white marble laid in the pavement, precisely alike in form, and without flaw or stain; but the surpassing splendour of this chamber forbids us to accept a reason so inadequate for the designation. There is nothing so very extraordinary in two huge blocks of stone, be they never so faultless; that is only a matter of quarrying; if such objects are to excite wonder, we may turn, with more profit, to the Pyramids of Egypt. Let us rather concern ourselves with the beauty and symmetry of this unequalled spot.

First, then, the gate of the tower exceeds all other gates in profusion of ornament, and in the beauty of the prospect from the entrance through a range of apartments, where a multitude of arches terminate in a large window affording a view of open country. In sunshine the variety of tints thrown upon the *enfilade* are surprisingly beautiful. In all probability the Hall of the Two Sisters formed part of the private apartments of the Moorish kings. The alcoves, or divans, on either side of the Hall, with the charming retiring rooms on the upper floor, give it the character of a residence; just as the Hall of Ambassadors, as its aspect shows, and its traditional name implies, was destined only for public receptions. It may reasonably be declared that the Hall of the Two Sisters, together with the corridors and alcoves which surround it, cannot be equalled even by other parts of the Palace. Its stalactite ceilings are the most perfect examples remaining of this curious and interesting kind of decoration. To preserve them, the outer walls are raised ten feet above the dome, and support an encasing roof over all. Nothing can exceed the glory of the honeycomb vaultings, with thousands of fantastic cell formations, each one differing from the other, yet all combining in uniformity. The effect is as if the architect had been assisted in his work by swarms of Brobdingnagian bees.

At the upper end of the Hall of the Two Sisters, but separated from it by a corridor, is an alcove, once overlooking a beautiful garden, as we learn from a verse in the room. It is known as The Mirador or Balcony of "Lindaraja." On this favoured spot the poets, painters and architects of that day lavished their most exalted efforts. All the varieties of form and colour which adorn other portions of the Palace have here been blended with happiest effect. The delighted observer is spellbound, and finds it difficult to remove himself from the fascination of the place.—From "The Alhambra," by ALBERT F. CALVERT.

Julia Ward Howe's Childhood

Two little girls were rolling hoops along the street when they suddenly caught them over their little bare arms and drew up close to the railings of a house on the corner.

"There is the wonderful coach and the little girl I told you about, Eliza," whispered Marietta, pushing back the straw bonnet that shaded her face from the sun and pointing with her stick.

It was truly a magnificent yellow coach, pulled by two proud gray horses. Even Cinderella's golden equipage could not have been more splendid. Moreover, the little girl who sat perched upon the bright-blue cushioned seat wore an elegant blue pelisse, that just matched the heavenly color of the lining, and a yellow satin bonnet that was clearly inspired by the straw-colored outer shell of the chariot itself. The fair chubby face under the satin halo was turned toward the children, and a pair of clear gray eyes regarded them with eager interest. . . .

Eliza and Marietta would have been truly amazed if they had known that the little queen of the splendid coach had very little chance for the good times that a child loves. In these days I really believe that people would pity her and say, "Poor little rich girl!" She was brought up with the greatest strictness. There were many lessons—French, Latin, music, and dancing—for she must have an education that would fit her to shine in her high station. When she went out for an airing, it was always in the big coach, "like a little lady." There was never a chance for a hop-skip-and-jump play-hour. Her delicate cambric dresses and kid slippers were only suited to sedate indoor ways, and even when she was taken to the sea-shore for a holiday, her face was covered with a thick green veil to keep her fair skin from all spot and blemish. Dignity and Duty were the guardian geniuses of Julia Ward's childhood.—From "Heroines of Service," by MARY R. PARKMAN.

SAINT MALO is a city of chimneys and chimney pots. Whether seen from the air, from the sands below the city walls when the tide is far out, or from the narrow streets, the ancient fortress port presents a fiercely-bristling appearance with its chimneys standing on end like the stiffest of pompadours. Wide and wafer-thin they rise from the steeply-pitched black-slate roofs. Seen from any angle, the chimneys dominate the tiny city and are unforgettable.

Famous in history and legend, Saint Malo still reflects a belligerent and independent spirit that has characterized its struggles with the English and the sea. From the Hundred Years War until the eighteenth century, the English made periodic and unsuccessful attempts to subdue the town that in all France disturbed them most, for the exploits of the Malouin corsairs echoed and reëchoed from Rio de Janeiro to the mouth of the Ganges.

If the petards of the English have had little or no effect on the thick walls of the town, the sea in its endless attack has had even less. Jean de Châtillon, in the year 1155, commenced the building of the ramparts that face the sea. They are still standing after nearly eight hundred years of buffeting, the sea rising in vain against them thirty feet twice in every twenty-four hours. At low tide the sea retreats long distances, and the high two-wheeled carts, that carry great loads of kelp gathered from the beach as fertilizer to inland farms, have been for hundreds of years another of Saint Malo's distinguishing characteristics. In the stone-wharfed harbor, that is reached by almost circling the town, ships at low tide rest on the dry floor: fishing smacks, freight schooners, and channel steamers.

Jacques Cartier, under the patronage of François I, set sail from Saint Malo in 1594, on that expedition which was to provide France with a foothold in the Western Hemisphere. Whether Cartier was a Malouin or not is unknown, but like the first expedition his two subsequent ones put out from this Breton port and the men manning his clumsy barks were all Malouin fishermen who had already been to the Grand Banks. Yearly, just as in Cartier's day, the fishing fleet leaves for the Grand Banks, its rendezvous the islands of Saint Pierre and Miquelon, all that remain of Cartier's and Champlain's empire.

The old salts who frequent the stone quays are as arresting as the chimneys and their history. The sailors and the stone houses rising higher than the ramparts have that something in common, a staunchness and a determination, found in everything that faces the sea. Crowded on the widened end of a narrow spit of land, Saint Malo has no room to change. It must remain forever a compact mass of blue-gray stone, its chimneys a jagged saw-tooth sky line for the returning mariner.

Sicherheit

Uebersetzung des auf dieser Seite in englischer Sprache erscheinenden christlich-wissenschaftlichen Aufsatzes

DIE Menschen streben nach Sicherheit. Menschliche Anstrengungen sind darauf gerichtet, Glück und Wohlergehen zu sichern. Im allgemeinen scheinen die Menschen von Furcht verfolgt; sie fürchten Unheil, Not, Krankheit, Leid und Mangel, sind aber gleichzeitig, wenn auch oft vergeblich, bestrebt, sich gegen diese Mißgeschicke zu sichern. Jemand mag sich einschränken und sparen, sein Geld als Schutz gegen Mangel zur Bank bringen oder anlegen, nur um zu erleben, daß seine sorgfältig zurückgelegten Ersparnisse plötzlich dahingeschwunden sind. Ein anderer wendet vielleicht jede menschliche Vorsicht an, um sich gegen Krankheit zu schützen, nur um zu entdecken, daß das, was er gefürchtet hat, über ihn kommt.

Wie mit den einzelnen so verhält es sich auch mit den Völkern. Die Völker haben ihre Sicherheit immer von materiellen Mitteln abhängig gemacht, Schutz gegen Angriff und Sicherung ihrer Interessen durch Bereithalten ausgebildeter Heere und Flotten, fortgesetztes Rüsten und Anhäufen von Kriegsgerät gesucht. Viele glauben immer noch, daß Friede und Sicherheit nur auf diese Art aufrechtzuerhalten seien. Doch wie oft hat es sich leider erwiesen, daß die Dinge, worauf die Völker ihre Sicherheit bauten, zu Verdacht, Mißtrauen, Furcht und schließlich gerade zu dem, was sie zu vermeiden suchten, —zu bewaffnetem Streit—geführt haben!

Aber die Menschen beginnen, verstehen zu lernen, daß es in der Materie und in materiellen Mitteln und Wegen keine dauernde Sicherheit gibt. Inmitten der Unruhe, des Streits, des Argwohns, der Furcht, des Zweifels und des Schreckens, die heute zu herrschen scheinen, leuchtet das strahlende Leuchtfeuer der Wahrheit, das den Menschen ein Zeichen gibt, ihr bedrücktes Denken über die Sinnenmißklänge zu erheben und Geborgenheit und Sicherheit auf die einzige Art, wie sie überhaupt gefunden werden können, zu suchen, nämlich durch Verstehen und Beweisen des Christus, der Wahrheit. Die göttliche Liebe fordert mit den Worten des geliebten Meisters stets zärtlich, erbarmungsvoll auf: „Kommet her zu mir alle, die ihr mühselig und beladen seid; ich will euch erquicken". Aber wie ist diese Erquickung, dieser Friede und diese Sicherheit zu erlangen? Die Christliche Wissenschaft beantwortet die Frage und zeigt uns, wie wir unsere Lasten ablegen und in froher Freiheit, in Frieden und Freudigkeit mit Gott wandeln können, wie wir jedes Gefühl der Furcht und der Pein loswerden können. Ihre Lehren sind einzig und allein auf die Bibel gegründet, und ganz natürlich suchen wir in der Bibel die Bestätigung unseres Glaubens und unserer Hoffnung.

Im 1. Buch Mose lesen wir: „Und Gott sprach: Lasset uns Menschen machen, ein Bild, das uns gleich sei. . . . Und Gott schuf den Menschen ihm zum Bilde, zum Bilde Gottes schuf er ihn". Gott ist der Ursprung des Wesens des Menschen. Der Mensch ist also von Gott, vom Geist geboren; er ist daher geistig und vollkommen. Mrs. Eddy schreibt in „Wissenschaft und Gesundheit mit Schlüssel zur Heiligen Schrift" (S. 361): „Wie ein Wassertropfen eins ist mit dem Ozean, wie ein Lichtstrahl eins ist mit der Sonne, so sind Gott und der Mensch, Vater und Sohn, eins im Wesen". Auf dieser Grundlage der Einheit des Menschen mit Gott finden wir wahre Sicherheit.

Der Schlüssel zu wissenschaftlichem Leben und Beweisen ist das Erste Gebot: „Du sollst keine anderen Götter neben mir haben". Wenn wir durch Ergründen und Anwenden der Christlichen Wissenschaft unsern Glauben an irgend eine von Gott, dem Geist, getrennte Macht, Tätigkeit, Intelligenz oder an ein von Gott getrenntes Leben aufgeben, beginnen wir unsere Herrschaft über die mißtönenden und störenden Annahmen des Fleisches zu beweisen. Wir beginnen zu sehen, daß Furcht, die Ursache von viel menschlichem Leiden—Sünde, Krankheit und Mangel—keine Wirklichkeit oder Macht hat. So können wir durch die Erkenntnis der liebenden Fürsorge unseres himmlischen Vaters unser Denken über den Nebel der Furcht erheben.

Ein anderes großes Gebot lautet: „Du sollst deinen Nächsten lieben als dich selbst". Mrs. Eddy schreibt unter Bezugnahme auf diese Gebote (in dems. Buche, S. 467): „Man sollte von Grund aus verstehen, daß alle Menschen ein Gemüt, einen Gott und Vater, ein Leben, eine Wahrheit und eine Liebe haben. Die Menschheit wird in dem Maße vollkommen werden, wie diese Tatsache sichtbar wird, der Krieg wird aufhören, und die wahre Brüderschaft der Menschen wird begründet werden".

Sicherheit liegt also darin, daß man das Zeugnis der materiellen Sinne ablehnt und sich an Gott wendet, um die wahre Lösung unserer Aufgaben zu finden, seien sie persönlicher, nationaler oder internationaler Art. Sicherheit besteht darin, daß man die Zugänglichkeit der Kraft und Gegenwart Gottes kennt und Schritt für Schritt beweist; daß man weiß, daß Gott das einzige Gemüt ist und Sein Weltall in vollkommener Einmütigkeit und Tätigkeit regiert. Sicherheit liegt darin, daß man verstehen lernt, daß Gott, der Geist, die unendliche Liebe, das immerdar gegenwärtige All in allem ist. Ist das menschliche Bewußtsein von dem Verständnis der Allgegenwart und der Allmacht der göttlichen Liebe erfüllt, so muß der Irrtum unvermeidlich weichen. So zerstört die Liebe, wenn sie verstanden und widergespiegelt wird, Haß und Selbstsucht, und die Menschen werden wie Brüder leben. Krankheit und Sünde werden der Gesundheit und der Heiligkeit Raum geben, Furcht und Zweifel werden dem Vertrauen und dem Glauben weichen, Mangel und Elend werden vor der Erkenntnis des Friedens und der Fülle vergehen.

Auskunft über christlich-wissenschaftliche Schriften in deutscher Sprache gibt auf Anfrage die christlich-wissenschaftliche Verlagsgesellschaft (The Christian Science Publishing Society).

A Plea for Euterpe

What is it fills the poet's mind with rapture,
Gratefully happy, eager in his art—
Seeking in rhymed melodious lines to capture
Some rhapsody that overflows his heart?
Is it not cosmic beauty he would tether—
Framed in the harmonies of rainbow chords—
Verse-breathing music, all the arts together,
The dancer's idyl—pictured in rich words?
Oh, fair Euterpe, tarry with us; never
Forsake your heritage of lyric rhyme—
Cherish the bard a singer, nor dissever
His poesy from the sweet restraints of time!
Let prose be prose—lovely as prose may be,
Not writ in verses lacking melody.

DUDLEY STOW.

Security

Written for The Christian Science Monitor

HUMANITY is striving for security. Human efforts are being directed toward this end—to make happiness and well-being secure. Generally speaking, men seem to be haunted by fear, being in dread of calamity, distress, sickness, sorrow, and lack, striving the while, often futilely, to make themselves secure against these misfortunes. One person may stint and save his earnings, banking or investing his money as a bulwark against want, only to find that his carefully preserved savings have suddenly vanished. Another may take every human precaution to fortify himself against ill-health, only to find that which he "greatly feared" coming upon him.

As with individuals, so it is with nations. It has been the practice of nations to look to material means for security; to seek protection from aggression, and to safeguard their interests through the maintenance of trained armies and navies, the piling up of armaments, the accumulation of implements of war. It is still the belief of many that only in this way can peace and security be maintained. But, alas, how often it has been proved that the things upon which nations have relied for their safety have led to suspicion, distrust, fear, and finally to the very thing they have sought to avoid—armed conflict!

But men are beginning to learn that there is no permanent security in matter or in material ways and means. Amidst the turmoil, strife, suspicion, fear, doubt, and dismay that seem prevalent today, the beacon light of Truth shines with effulgent ray. It beckons men to lift their burdened thoughts above the discords of sense and to seek safety and security in the only way they can possibly be found, namely, through the understanding and demonstration of Christ, Truth. Divine Love is ever calling, tenderly, compassionately, in the words of the beloved Master, "Come unto me, all ye that labour and are heavy laden, and I will give you rest." But how to obtain this rest, this peace and security? Christian Science answers the question and shows us how we may lay down our burdens and walk with God in joyous freedom, peace, and happiness; how we may lose all sense of fear and distress. Its teachings are founded solely upon the Bible, and it is to the Bible that we naturally look for the confirmation of our faith and hope.

In Genesis it is written: "And God said, Let us make man in our image, after our likeness. . . . So God created man in his own image, in the image of God created he him." God is the source of man's being. Man is thus born of God, Spirit, and is therefore spiritual and perfect. Mrs. Eddy writes in "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures" (p. 361), "As a drop of water is one with the ocean, a ray of light one with the sun, even so God and man, Father and son, are one in being." It is upon this basis of man's unity with God that we find true security.

The key to scientific living and demonstration is found in the First Commandment, "Thou shalt have no other gods before me." As we learn, through the study and practice of Christian Science, to give up our belief in any power, activity, intelligence, or life apart from God, Spirit, we begin to prove our dominion over the discordant and disturbing beliefs of the flesh. We begin to see that fear, the cause of much human suffering—sin, sickness, and lack—has no reality or power. So we are able to lift our thought above the mist of fear through the realization of our heavenly Father's loving care.

Another great commandment is, "Thou shalt love thy neighbour as thyself." Speaking of these commandments, Mrs. Eddy says (*ibid.*, p. 467): "It should be thoroughly understood that all men have one Mind, one God and Father, one Life, Truth, and Love. Mankind will become perfect in proportion as this fact becomes apparent, war will cease and the true brotherhood of man will be established."

Security, then, lies in turning from the testimony of the material senses to God to find the true solution of our problems, whether they be individual, national, or international. Security thus consists in knowing and proving, step by step, the availability of God's power and presence. It is knowing God as the only Mind, governing His universe in perfect harmony and activity. It is learning to know God, Spirit, as infinite Love, the All-in-all, forever present. As the understanding of the omnipresence and omnipotence of divine Love fills human consciousness, error must inevitably be swept away. Thus Love, understood and reflected, will destroy hatred and selfishness, and men will live as brethren. Sickness and sin will give place to health and holiness; fear and doubt will surrender to confidence and faith; want and woe will vanish in the realization of peace and plenty.

[In another column will be found a translation of this article into German]

As Tetrazzini Makes Her Début

Inside the opera house at Florence that night were all who mattered in my home town. All authority, all the *maestri*—and Florence was full of music professors—all the relatives of the artists, impresarios from other towns searching for new talent, the professional men and the business men, the Press and the first-nighters, were there. It was an assembly such as makes a theater manager feel unusually stern and important. Then it happened! The orchestra had just finished their scraping and tuning-up preliminaries, obviously conscious that they were very important units in the great opening performance, and were all ready to strike forth the opening bars, when a message was whispered into the ear of the conductor. Sitting there in my stall beside my mother, my keen young ears heard something that made my heart leap and then stop. It was to the effect that the prima donna had not arrived. In a flash I was all alert and trembling with excitement. I forgot my youth, my inexperience, my girlish dress, my general unpreparedness. All I could think in that mad rush of eager emotion was, "My chance has come. There is no one here who can take this part except little Tetrazzini." The conductor was moving about in uncontrollable agitation. . . .

A murmur of disappointment ran through the theater. Then I did something the audacity of which causes me to marvel even to this day. The excitement of the moment was so great that I can scarcely remember with accuracy the details of what happened. I have a dim remembrance that my people tried to check my impetuosity and that I refused to be checked. I remember that I jumped to my feet, and then, fearing that I should miss the conductor's eye, leapt on my seat. Standing there, a girlish figure, the cynosure of every eye in that crowded theater, I addressed the conductor thus: "Don't worry, *maestro*. I know the part thoroughly well. Let me come to the stage. I will sing it." I must have spoken very loudly, for even in the gallery my words were plainly heard. Immediately I had spoken the house began to buzz with conversation. . . .

The conductor hesitated. He looked at my small, slim figure half doubtfully, while some of my friends in the audience voiced their own arguments on my behalf.

"The girl is right," shouted one who had heard me sing at the conservatoire. "She has a voice like liquid gold; and she is an actress as well." Some of the others in the balcony added their quota. "Everybody knows Tetrazzini can sing anything. She's the nightingale of Florence," said one. His remark was generally applauded. I think it must have been the inspiration of the audience that finally decided the conductor to take a step which, though it was not quite so far as I had asked him to go, meant everything to me.

"Very well, little Luisa," he said. "You shall have the part."—From "My Life of Song," by MADAME TETRAZZINI.

A New Edition
of
SCIENCE and HEALTH
With Key to the Scriptures
by
MARY BAKER EDDY
Named
THE STUDENTS' EDITION
To Which Is Added for the First Time a Comprehensive Index to Marginal Headings

THIS new edition of the Christian Science Textbook is a volume of 746 pages, and makes available for the first time a comprehensive index to the marginal headings. The index of thirty-four pages is printed in clear, readable type, and it is expected that it will be found most helpful to every student of Christian Science.

The Students' Edition is made in a new size, slightly smaller than the standard pocket edition. It is printed from new plates in the same size type on the same high-grade Oxford India Bible paper used in the pocket edition. However, the binding, instead of being full limp, is flexible morocco with round corners and gilt edges.

In Blue and in Black Morocco, price $4.00

A complete catalogue of Mrs. Eddy's works will be sent on request.

Works on Christian Science may be purchased in any Christian Science Reading Room, or will be sent prepaid to any address. Send orders and make remittances payable to

HARRY I. HUNT, Publishers' Agent
107 Falmouth Street, Boston, Massachusetts, U. S. A.

EDUCATIONAL

'We Children's Museums'

By ANNA BILLINGS GALLUP
Curator-in-Chief of the Brooklyn Children's Museum
Written for The Christian Science Monitor

Children's museums are showing up one by one all over the United States. They are directed usually by women curators, who have taken up the work so whole-heartedly and so intelligently as to bring about a new profession. These women are gradually proving to their local communities that the children's museum is meeting a social-educational need in an essential sort of way. This article was written by one of the foremost workers in the field.

A WELL-KNOWN Englishman, after a tour of American museums, wrote of one children's museum included in his itinerary, "I was much struck by the way in which the children of the neighborhood took possession of the museum. When school was dismissed, children converged upon it from all directions, launched themselves through the entrance turnstiles and careered about the rooms as though they owned the place. At the time of my visit, the boys and girls of a small class were getting quite excited over the properties of a set of minerals arranged to illustrate the scale of hardness."

That feeling of belonging to something which children so naturally express is born in the atmosphere which makes every children's museum a veritable second home to its visitors.

With a warm welcome as its basis, a children's museum organizes its properties and builds up its attractive and distinctive exhibits. Its program of activities necessarily develops in response to the child's desires and needs for assistance in the pursuit of his recreation and studies.

The history of children's museums shows they all originated in human needs that had to met, in demands that greater consideration be given to the child's environment during his off hours.

Unused Mansions Lose the Urge

The urge for immediate results and the lack of ample funds for initiating such enterprises generally, led in most cases to the selection of an unused mansion and its gradual rehabilitation as funds could be acquired for the purpose. Today, a children's museum is a child's wonder house which children are wont to frequent as they would go to a friend's house, there to be with other children and to engage in activities that spell for them a good time. For their parents, these activities spell safety and clean, wholesome character-building influences.

Such a conception of a museum is destined to give the outward expression vitality, vigor, and growth because the museum must ever be adjusting its internal movements to the external needs of the public. This is a point of view quite unlike that of the wealthy citizen who would immortalize himself or some member of his family by means of an imposing architectural pile and fill it with elaborate and costly displays to which visitors react by "standing and looking." It is also unlike that of the average museum for grown ups which has done its duty when its displays of science, art, or civilization, present to the public the finest specimens obtainable, prepared and arranged in accordance with the latest museum technique.

The conception or idea underlying every children's museum and the history and experience of all of them have gradually made them specialized institutions in their respective communities, ever reacting to the group and individual needs of its juvenile public.

The Mansion Hall

In a children's museum the spacious mansion hall with its graceful open stairway takes the place of the great entrance corridor for which children are likely to care little. The old-fashioned parlor, now modernized with gleaming, colorful decorations and exhibits and sunshine streaming through the tall windows reaching all the way to the floor, is offered to the child instead of the great museum hall with its batteries of tall cases and its many windowless walls artificially lighted. In the old-fashioned parlor is now a new-fashioned interest centered in meaningful surroundings the child can understand.

There are seats in the windows perhaps where one may drop down for a glimpse at the blue sky or bit of landscape. There are tables and chairs in the middle of the big parlor and a pleasant faced museum guide is there, if not seated at her little table, at work somewhere in the room with other children. Let us suppose the old parlor is now the Bird Room of the museum. Here are the birds one ought to know in the streets and parks. Here they are posed to exhibit all their characteristic markings. The museum guide or instructor is not teaching anybody about birds, but on the table is a jigsaw puzzle of a blue jay in color. The picture shows the bird in his natural environment. What little fingers can resist the invitation to assemble that jigsaw puzzle? And who wouldn't want to read the story of the blue jay as told by the picture? It makes our visitor eager to have a good look at the real blue jay.

"There He Is"

There he is in a conveniently low case, accompanied by a label typed in large, plain letters, and telling a great deal more than was presented in the jigsaw puzzle. His range, his habitat, and his blue jay habits, are now an open secret. And right on one of these tables, under a sheet of thick glass, is a map of the world ready to be used whenever one needs to know where a bird lives. The other children in this room are playing a bird game, and through that, are getting acquainted with the kingfisher, the woodpecker, and all other birds of the neighborhood. So the Bird Room, besides having its displays of all the feathered neighbors, is alive with boys and girls getting acquainted with each other, with the other birds, and with the museum instructor who is the kind of friend children delight in revisiting.

The old-fashioned dining room now tells the story of animal life from prehistoric days when giant monsters swarmed the seas, to the present time. Perfect models of the moose, the caribou, or the elk, made to scale, cast in metal and painted in natural colors, are out on the tables with the animal puzzles, the maps, and a globe, ready to be handled with eager fingers and discussed with another museum instructor who stays in the animal room instead of the Bird Room.

Minerals for Experimenting

Anyone who gets a thrill out of sparkling crystals, precious stones, and minerals like copper, chromium, and asbestos, so useful in the arts, can find in the mineral room all the tools and apparatus for doing simple and interesting experiments with minerals. Here, also, he may play a mineral game using specimens in hand to compare with the larger and handsomer objects in the cases and here, too, in the mineral room, are tables, chairs, and a map of the world besides all the other helps that make the games more interesting, and, best of all, in this room likewise, is the friendly museum guide who brings out many facts of interest and helps to make all the conversations and questions worthwhile. One may wander at will all through the living rooms of the old mansion children's museum to find them made new fashioned, colorful, and bright, each one presenting a new story. A history story is told in peep-show scenes from the days of the caveman, through the ancient Babylonian, Assyrian, Egyptian, Roman, and Greek civilizations, down to our present day. In every room are a teacher, tables, chairs, maps, puzzles, and games.

But this is not the end of the facilities that make a children's museum instructive, for no children's museum is complete without its library. A children's museum library performs a special service. It is open the same hours as the museum and welcomes children of all ages. Note, we say, all ages! Even the smallest brothers and sisters may enjoy it. And while big brothers or sisters lose themselves in a book of travel and adventure, or look up questions related to an interest inspired in school, the tiny ones have specially made picture books, bright, shiny, and washable, and chairs and desks comfortable for the little backs and feet. Glass table tops here cover maps and pictures.

Books are grouped and attractively displayed under seasonable headings such as spring flowers, gardening, travel, and, also, in relation to such topics as aviation, electricity, the Pilgrims, George Washington, or world characters and events. Librarians and assistants in the library are many, enough to help all the children find quickly just the books they need, and to help them in the art of using a book. The library exhibits many devices for stimulating a desire to read. It has very old primers and specially-bound editions. Its picture file of attractively mounted and classified pictures covers an ever increasing variety of subjects and these pictures may be borrowed by any careful person.

Take a Bird Home

The loan division in a children's museum is not without its specialties. Like the large museums, it sends loan exhibits to the schools in coöperation with school authorities, but it doesn't stop there. Rather, it takes account of a child's individual initiative, and holds all day reception for those who would look around to see what they can borrow. Anyone who learns birds in the museum may borrow a bird attractively mounted in a box and take it home to keep for a week. During that week, if the borrower shares it with the family, enjoys it with company, or takes it to his classroom to show to the teacher and classmates, or to others in neighboring classrooms, the museum has no objection, rather is it glad the use of this loan can be extended and asks the borrower to give a complete story of all he has done with it when he brings it back. In a variety of ways the loan division satisfies the child who goes out into the world to look for new experiences and conquests.

Enriched by familiarity with the objects in the museum and experienced in the uses of things as already outlined, a children's museum child finds joy and satisfaction in joining a museum club, a stamp club, or one of general nature study groups. Here, again, contact with other boys and girls and sharing with them the responsibilities for organizing and presenting the programs of the club, call into spontaneous use the knowledge and talents developed in other activities in the museum.

Coincident with frequenting the museum and the use of its materials, are lectures and story hours presenting subjects children are sure to delight in. Moreover, the lecture program develops in intimate coöperation with the schools—offering subjects during school hours to the classes who can be released from school to enjoy a museum lecture. At 4 p. m. daily, and other hours on holidays, many child visitors come independently. A friendly gesture is made to the teachers through this service in offering special lectures on short notice to classes who are given a joyous half day in the museum as a reward for good behavior in school.

All-Day Program

Again, when the museum plays host to a large visiting class for an all-day visit, the children from distant places get new thrills of delight and satisfaction. For a day in the museum, with the help of a basket luncheon, gives every visitor a share in an all-day program. This includes a tour of the museum, a crack at the games and puzzles, a half hour in the movies, a reading visit to the library and a session in the modeling room, where eager fingers come in contact with the cool plastic clay.

And now for the young people who are becoming habitués and enthusiasts, whose familiarity and understanding of things in the museum urges them to new discoveries in the outside world, come the opportunities of going on Saturdays and daily summer vacation field trips with museum instructors. Carefully prepared for these outdoor excursions, the museum-trained child reacts with amazing certainty and enthusiasm in his outdoor environment. He readily finds and recognizes the birds, the flowers, the insects and the stones he has known in the museum, and experiences with each one the joy of a new discovery. Returning to the museum, his desire for reading on nature is kindled anew, and he probes deeper into her secrets. From the first day the little toddler patters into the museum at the side of his nurse until he returns a junior or a senior on college vacation, the museum child lives in constant relation to an ever-expanding universe.

His own museum, built on a foundation of service to him, intimate and ready service, has led him, step by step, into larger and deeper meanings. It has safeguarded his precious leisure hours by giving him an unflagging urge for the best things of life and has already enriched his oncoming adulthood with undoubted abilities. It has opened his mind to the treasures of the great museums, to a degree otherwise unattainable.

The children's museums disclaim any sense of rivalry with the great and costly museums of the world. They admit they are organizing collections with small budgets, and presenting the facts of nature in a modest way, but behind their portals are fairyland charm, sympathetic understanding of the child, trained and qualified helpers and objects, yes, objects enough and beautiful enough to give unfolding minds a grasp on expanding opportunities for the future.

The Christian Science Monitor-Wide World

FOR QUICKLY REACHING ANY PART OF A LARGE SCHOOL SYSTEM
This Mechanism Is Known as a "Public Address System"

Messages can be broadcast to 3000 pupils, either simultaneously or in sections. It is in use in the Hadley Vocational School in St. Louis. The various schoolrooms and shops are thus provided with radio programs of educational interest. Individual messages to teacher and pupils can also be relayed during the session. Picture shows Supt. T. E. Spencer operating the equipment.

The Christian Science Monitor

A COURSE IN SOAP BUBBLES AT A LONDON NURSERY SCHOOL

'Nursery Groups' in England

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

London

THE English Nursery School Movement, unlike that of the United States, began as a social service, with the result that its benefits have been confined, until recently, to the children of the poorer classes. Gradually, however, there has grown up a realization that the pre-school children of the well-to-do, especially in cities, are often more in need of this particular advantage than are the children of the poor.

Frequently they are solitary children, or the youngest of small families with brothers and sisters all at school. They may be brought up in garden-less apartments, or in the lonely nursery of a large house with a middle-aged "nannie." Many are coddled, overclothed, and sated with expensive toys. "Fresh air and exercise" for them mean stiff walks in spotless white coats and gaiters. In the park they are forbidden the joys of mud and sand, or rolling on the grass. Above all, they lack the informal companionship of their contemporaries, and freedom from the constant supervision of adults.

The spread of the nursery school system to the children of the "middle" and "upper" classes has come about chiefly through the coöperation of a few interested individuals, and the opening of small private schools for fee-paying members. Some of these are on a fairly elaborate scale, controlled my committees and subsidized by one or two wealthy patrons. Schools of this type acquire special buildings and a sizable staff, and usually serve a midday meal.

Other residential districts, however, have met the need in a less ambitious but quite effective way by organizing local "Nursery Groups," charging a small fee, and engaging one trained nursery school teacher to take charge. The group meets in the morning only, in the garden of one of the members, and has the use of a small cloakroom, and a roomy playroom for wet weather. Apparatus, indoor and outdoor, is collected bit by bit as surplus funds allow; but under the guidance of an ingenious teacher, the children discover excellent gymnastic possibilities in planks, boxes, barrels and ropes, and other odd material, while sand, garden-space bulbs, seeds, balls, meet other needs at small expense.

In a group of this kind one is apt to find several children whose parents regard them as "difficult," and their transformation in the nursery group's atmosphere of independence and adventure is just as marked as it is in the more formally constituted nursery schools. The groups are also a boon to mothers who have domestic or professional duties which make it difficult for them to take their children out until the afternoon. Instead of being indoors—and rather in the way—most of the morning, the toddlers now have the maximum of fresh air, companionship and intelligent supervision.

The movement toward open-air nursery groups has only just begun, but it seems likely to spread fairly rapidly among the many neighborhoods not served by a suitable nursery school. It is still retarded, however, by that type of parental mentality which regards a careful mother or a good nurse as the be-all and end-all of the pre-school child's needs.

D. E.

College Age

Written for The Christian Science Monitor

"I ALWAYS wanted to go to college, but it was not possible when I finished high school, and now it is too late." How many times we hear this statement, but is this true? Sometimes one finds, after many busy years, that there is leisure and the wherewithal for a college education. The few added years need be no drawback.

In truth years give an appreciation for education and an eagerness to learn that youth does not possess.

In 1931 an age graph was kept in a western university. This showed many interesting facts.

The age graph swings upward through the decade from 15 to 25, with the largest part of the student body found to be between the ages of 18 and 22. It showed that the average man graduate begins to study for an advanced degree between the ages of 25 and 26, with the women slightly younger.

But it also showed that 321 students were past 30. Some were taking special courses, others were taking a regular college course.

Then the age graph revealed that 73 had seen more than twoscore birthdays and 14 were past the half century mark.

In one of the English classes a youth of 15 sat next a man 44 years his elder.

One day the 15-year-old student came into the class and slumped into his chair. Throughout the class he seemed to drowse. At the end of the class he placed an eager hand on his neighbor's arm. "Would you mind if I copied your notes?" he asked. "I have been working on the track team and my fraternity house is putting on an initiation, and I'm so sleepy I couldn't get a thing!"

His neighbor in the next chair smiled and handed him his notebook whose pages were covered with a clear, fine hand. "Of course you may copy them," he said, "classmates should always help each other out."

They strolled across the campus together, these two students with 44 years disappearing between them.

"It must be great to get as much out of the class as you do," said the young freshman. "But I have always got so much to do. I try my best, but something is always coming up. Thanks for the notes. So long." He walked off toward the library with his classmate's bulky, loose-leafed notebook under his arm.

The older classmate swung off with a light step, feeling grateful for many things.

On Commencement Day, June, 1931, the age graph showed that four seniors were 17 years of age, but that they marched in line with two women of 44 and a man of 55 who had completed the college course they had desired for years.

It also showed that there were one man of 59 and two women of 45 who were still collecting thesis notes, expecting to graduate in the near future.

Peter Pan was the little boy who never wanted to grow up. Like Peter Pan, we need not grow up if growing up means pouring ourselves into a set mold and remaining there. The young mind is the teachable mind and this has nothing to do with an age graph.

Instead of the remark at the beginning of this article why should we not hear, "I have always wanted to go to college, and now that I have made a success of my business I am going!"

Any one who is eager to learn is of college age!

E. H. R.

The Parent

Simla, India

Dear Parents:

I have received so much help from reading the letterz in the Parent column that I would like to take this means of saying "Thank you very much" to all those parents who have given such help.

A letter written by Mrs. L. M. S. gave me some helpful thoughts on feeding Miss Four-years-old at a time when she appeared to find it difficult to eat. Popping in a mouthful of food whilst pretending that the door must be opened to receive some furnishings for the room was great fun, and also pretending that one bite was for Gran'pa, and others for all her different friends.

I'm afraid I have no helpful thought to pass on which has not already been mentioned, unless it may help someone to know that I try hard not to issue any orders not to do a certain thing, but try to express a wish that something else be done instead, which saves arousing any opposition, and so makes the other request appear more attractive.

With loving thoughts to all who have contributed to this most excellent addition to our splendid paper.

(Mrs.) I. S.

Grand Rapids, Michigan

Dear Editor:

Although I am now a grandmother, I find my interest in childhood still unabated and I read the Parent column with great pleasure. Possibly some mother or father may like to try one of my summer experiences with my girl and boy. Our summers were spent in the country and we delighted in tramping through the woods and fields with eyes and ears open for new impressions. One day, as we strolled along by the brook, little daughter exclaimed, "Oh, oh! come and see what I've found! Just see this little green lantern!"

"Why, it really is a lantern," I said, "to light the fairies at night. See how the light comes through this row of little windows?"

"Aw, they're not windows," said practical little brother. "They're gold nails to hold the top on. Who do you s'pose hung it on this leaf, Mother?"

"I don't know, but suppose we take the leaf off very carefully and take it home and just wait and see what happens," said I, feeling pretty sure that some beautiful creature would come out in due time, but whether moth or butterfly or how long we should have to wait I had not the faintest idea.

We fastened the leaf securely to the edge of a book shelf where the lantern could swing on its tiny thread and kept very close watch. In about a week it began to look a bit darker and slightly transparent. One morning we found no lantern at all, but something very moist and crumpled clinging to a withered something that had been the fairy lantern. It was several hours before the wings were dry enough to be spread out. Gradually they unfolded and fluttered very gently, showing their colors of yellow-brown with black borders. Little by little our butterfly gained strength and confidence and at last was ready to leave the old shell and fly about the room. Thinking that the delicate wings might be injured in a struggle to escape, we very carefully guided him to the door and let him fly away. In just a few moments he was out of our sight. We soon found a full description of this butterfly, the Monarch, and studied its life history. We secured caterpillars from the milkweed and watched the whole process again and again after that.

When my daughter was in high school I had proof that the experience was not without its practical results. For one of the themes in her English class, the students were required to describe some process, and she chose the cycle of the butterfly, describing it step by step as she had witnessed it many times in our home. The teacher refused to accept her theme, saying that it was not original work, that she could not have known this process so completely and accurately if she had not copied it from a book. The teacher at last became convinced that it was honest work and accepted it, giving it very high praise.

We can never tell when we are working with our children how useful the knowledge may be to them in later years, and it is a great comfort to feel that our influence with them has been fruitful and helpful.

(Mrs.) E. N. S.

[Mrs. E. N. S., may we have your full name and address, please. It was not on your letter.—Editor.]

Rockford, Ill.

Dear Friends:

There is a symbolical little story, "The Quest Flower," by Clara Louise Burnham, which I recalled upon noticing not long ago, in these columns, a note that more contributions from parents were needed.

The story tells of a rich man who desired the most beautiful of gardens. One day he discovered a youth carrying a rare flower which sent out a sweet and strange fragrance. Unable to buy it at any price, as it was being taken to the King, he was told that at the Public Garden a bulb was free to all. He secured one, had it planted and tended carefully by his gardeners but found it would not grow until he became willing to care for it himself. Then when its beauty was matured, instead of carrying it to the King, he let day by day go by until the flower withered. But with added lessons of giving, another flower appeared and this he joyfully looked upon as a blessed offering.

I wonder if those of us who have gained so much fruitage from the Parent column see it as a "quest flower" which has a perfume of far-reaching fragrance if we will but "carry" it. So many, many parents are wanting a beautiful garden—are reaching out for the seeds of purity and freshness so that only the loveliest flowers may find root in their children's thought.

The Parent column is supplying some of these seeds. In order that its loveliness could become perennial, the quest flower had to be given, and so while the Parent column is blooming with helpful ideas, let us sweeten our own garden by opening channels for its perfume. Everyone who has enjoyed the ideas set forth through these columns can discover at least one parent who is searching for its benefits. A group of parents could find nothing more delightful than discussing these fruits at little get-together meetings, and the members could take turns writing in their experiences that others might profit, too.

(Mrs.) H. G. O.

Saves One-Half Time in Bible Study!

WHEN you wish to read Scriptural verses on a subject, you no longer have the tedious work of securing the book names, chapter and verse numbers from a concordance and then reading the citations in your Bible.

SYSTEM BIBLE STUDY

assembles the verses together, word for word, with all necessary contents. You merely look up the subject that you wish to read about. The work of collecting the verses has been done for you and you can spend your time reading and pondering the jewels of thought presented.

Advertised in the Monitor since Oct. 1928.

The System Bible Study has over 1300 pages of classified Scripture and Bible information. Prepared by 37 Bible authorities, it combines in one single volume—a Biblical Library, dictionary, atlas. It is not a Bible, not a commentary; but a masterpiece of Bible helps for busy men and women.

FREE SPECIMEN PAGES

It is impossible to describe all of the interesting and helpful features of the System Bible Study in this space. Let us mail you specimen pages and description, without obligation on your part. Clip and mail the coupon NOW, while the matter is before you.

THE SYSTEM BIBLE CO.
ONE W. LINWOOD BLVD.
KANSAS CITY, MO.

SYSTEM BIBLE CO., Dept. S7
One W. Linwood Blvd.
Kansas City, Mo.

Please mail me, without obligation, specimen pages and description of the System Bible Study.

Mr.
Mrs.
Miss
Address
City State

BUSINESS
United States

Special 6 Weeks' Shorthand Course — For College Grade Students BEGINS JULY 1

Prepares for taking notes at college and is also the first half of the Gregg concentrated three months' course for business. Special tuition rates. Call, write, or telephone (State 1841) for details.

THE GREGG COLLEGE
225 North Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Illinois

CHILDREN'S SCHOOLS

Sunny Hills

The doorway to happiness for little children from infancy through elementary grades. A year 'round progressive country school. Separate nursery school unit. Wise character development and family life Catalog.

MRS. ELLEN Q. SAWIN
P. O. Box P-293, Wilmington, Delaware.

SPECIAL SCHOOLS

The Davis School

Where Children Needing Special Help Are Fitted for Normal Activity

Boarding and day school designed to meet individual needs beautiful surroundings—happy home atmosphere—public school curriculum.

ART. FRENCH. MUSIC
Boarding Home Open Throughout Year.
Illustrated Booklet on Request.
IDA M. DAVIS, PRINCIPAL
649 Oakland Ave., Oakland, Calif. Hum. 7672

COEDUCATIONAL
United States

The Van Horn Home School
20 MILES FROM OAKLAND
"Eighty acres of fresh air and scenic beauty"

For boys and girls from Kindergarten through tenth grade. High standard academics, sports, including swimming and horseback riding. Careful supervision. Summer session begins June 13th. Prospectus furnished upon request. Address Mrs. Mae T. Van Horn, Pleasant Acres, Hayward, California. Telephone Hayward 5775.

WESTERN GATE SCHOOL
[Formerly The Western School]
306 LEE STREET, OAKLAND, CALIF.
ALL GRADES—CO-EDUCATIONAL
COLLEGE PREPARATORY
Tel. Templebar 5353 Catalogue on Request.
We advertise only in The Christian Science Monitor

BOYS' SCHOOLS
England

Grangewood School
boarding or day
for Boys
Individual Attention. Excellent Food. Abundant exercise on downs and coast.
H. RISELY TUCKER, M.A. (Oxon)
Shoreham-by-Sea

GIRLS' SCHOOLS
England

GIRLS' COLLEGIATE SCHOOL — St. Ives Hunts England

Home School. Modern Education. Moderate Terms

For full particulars apply to the Principal: MISS H. PATTRICK

CLAREMONT
School for Girls

Ideally situated in the midst of beautiful country near London this historic mansion, modernized throughout, provides excellent accommodation and wide scope for the School's activities. Officially recognised by the Board of Education, Claremont stands for the best in Education and home life.

For particulars apply to
The Principal
CLAREMONT, ESHER
SURREY, ENGLAND
Telephone Esher 810

KINDERGARTEN
Scotland

The Grange Home School
Strathearn Place, Edinburgh
is Home for the Younger Children.
PROSPECTUS

KINDERGARTEN
England

DAY SCHOOL
with Nursery School Class
The Studios
102 Cheyne Walk, Chelsea
London, Eng.
Principal: MISS M. E. WILSON

When You Write

to schools advertised on this page, please be sure to mention The Christian Science Monitor, for in this way you enable them to check returns received from Monitor advertising. Both the advertiser and the Monitor will appreciate your courtesy.

GIRLS' and BOYS' SCHOOLS
ENGLAND

CASTLEMERE
RUSTINGTON, SUSSEX, ENG.
HOME SCHOOL FOR GIRLS
(Boys under 9)
Large House, good grounds, close to sea.
Principal: MISS BARNES
Telephone Rustington 138

GIRLS' SCHOOLS
England

Sherbrook School
Buxton
Moves to Southport

This Boarding School for girls, with an international reputation, has now removed to a more spacious and charming country house, within acres of matured grounds and old timber, one mile from the Sea. Playing fields, farm adjacent and every modern facility. Terms are reduced to meet today's needs. *Write to the Secretary.* Sherbrook School, Greaves Hall, Banks, Near Southport, England. PRINCIPAL: Mrs. D. G. Greaves (née Hardy)

BRICKWALL
NORTHIAM, SUSSEX
Senior School: Girls 12-18
Junior School: Girls 6-11

Brickwall, Tudor in old high ground, a few miles from the sea within easy reach of Rye and Beckhill. One of the more famous Elizabethan country houses, standing in a deer park of 100 acres. It has been completely modernised and adapted to the use of young people.

EDUCATION
Brickwall has an atmosphere in which every girl becomes naturally alert. She is trained to work more after the fashion of a University student than as a high school girl. The Matriculation standard is easily reached but in the process the larger aims of education are not sacrificed.

Special Announcement

Lower School students in the seventh and eighth grades will be eligible for admission to the boarding department, beginning September, 1932.

Applications for enrollment in the Upper School and Lower School, and in the Freshman and Sophomore classes of the College, are now receivable for the year 1932-33. To obtain a catalogue with complete information address the Registrar, The Principia, St. Louis, Mo.

The PRINCIPIA
COEDUCATIONAL
FOUNDED 1898
St. Louis, Missouri

CHILDREN'S SCHOOLS

FLORENCE, ITALY
The City of Culture

Famous Institutes of art and literature; study of languages. "Finishing schools" for young ladies; hospitable homes.
The ideal country to complete your children's education.
For free information and assistance apply to: "Informazioni Culturali" (Official Bureau of the City), 6 Via Vecchietti

ART
United States

The TRAPHAGEN SCHOOL of FASHION
1680 BROADWAY (Near 52nd St.), NEW YORK

Intensive Six Weeks' Summer Course Under the personal direction of Ethel Traphagen, author of "Costume Design and Illustration," latest revised edition just off the press. All phases of costume drawing, design and illustration, styling, fashion forecasting, textile, stage design, pattern making, dressmaking, millinery, etc., taught. Day and Evening. Incorporated under Regents. Our Sales Department disposes of students' work. Every member of advanced classes often placed by our free employment bureau. Write for Circular C, or phone COlumbus 5-8077.
Traphagen students have taken all Arnold Constable prizes: all costume prizes at the Brooklyn Museum: two 1st Prizes and one 2nd Prize in National Silk Exposition; also 1st Prize in Beaux Arts Ball Contest sponsored by Art Alliance of America.
Investigate Before Registering Elsewhere

WOMEN'S ENTERPRISES AND ACTIVITIES

K'o-ssu, Chinese Silk Tapestry

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

Peiping

ALTHOUGH k'o-ssu is closely related to European tapestries, its exotic appearance makes it almost unrecognizable even to collectors who are familiar with hand-woven textiles. Connoisseurs concede that k'o-ssu, China's most precious textile, outranks brocades and embroideries in the order named, but this is the exact reverse of the order in which they are held in popular esteem. Chinese embroideries are admired on first sight, and it does not take long to develop a taste for brocades, but very few persons are attracted immediately to k'o-ssu. Yet a small piece of good old k'o-ssu costs more than most large pieces of fine embroidery, and the demand for it is so great that factories in central China are turning out modern k'o-ssu in quantity lots today.

Even in China itself, however, it is not generally known how this textile is made. Some persons erroneously believe that it is constructed like a picture puzzle, with small bits of different colored material carefully sewn together by hand with gold thread—and examination of a piece of k'o-ssu does indeed look as though the multicolored pattern were thus united from fragments.

A Mystery and a Solution

Such a mistaken theory concerning the manufacture of k'o-ssu may gain a certain limited credence because it is so difficult to obtain any exact information on the subject of this weave. The Dictionary of Needlework, published in London in 1882 as an "Encyclopedia of Artistic, Plain and Fancy Needlework," makes no mention of k'o-ssu in its entire 528 quarto pages, although Chinese embroidery is explained and illustrated and brocades are treated in detail. Dr. S. W. Bushell, in his standard two-volume work on Chinese Art, published by the Victoria and Albert Museum, describes the colors and symbolism of several pieces of k'o-ssu in the museum collection, but of the stuff itself he says only that it is "woven silk."

Careful examination, however, reveals that despite its superficial strangeness, k'o-ssu is technically the same as European tapestries, and tapestry, according to Dr. Bushell, "is a sort of link between weaving and embroidery. Though wrought in a loom, like true weaving, and upon a warp stretched out along its frame, it has no woof through across those threads with a shuttle or any like appliance, but its weft is done with many short threads, all variously colored and put in by a needle, or knotted with the fingers. It is not embroidery, though very like it, for tapestry is not worked upon a web having both warp and woof, but upon a series of closely set fine strings."

A further description of tapestry, which clearly explains the cracks which are one of the most distinguishing marks of k'o-ssu, is given by Nancy Andrew Reath, in her "Weaves of Hand-Loom Fabrics," published by the Pennsylvania Museum, as follows:

"Tapestry is a simple fabric of cloth weave in which the weft threads form the patterns and do not run the full width of the piece. It differs from brocading in that a brocaded thread is always one that is added to the main weft, while in tapestry the pattern weft is the only weft used. Each weft is woven back and forth around the warp threads only where each particular color is needed. In interlocking tapestry the various wefts, at their edges, are looped through each other so that there are no slits. Certain woolen blankets, such as those made by the North American Indians, are of this weave. In slit tapestry the various wefts are not interwoven with each other at the edges, and slits therefore appear between them. In most European tapestries it is necessary to sew the slits after the tapestry is woven; in other tapestries the design is so planned that the colors dovetail and no long slits occur."

Slit Tapestry Reënforced

Regarded, then, as a Chinese slit tapestry, much of the mystery concerning k'o-ssu disappears. The cracks are not the lines between two fragments of different-colored material, but they are merely slits in those places in the pattern where threads of one color fail to join those of another. In some k'o-ssu these slits are sewn together by gold threads, not as one would join separate jig-saw fragments but as reënforcements of a simple cloth already held partially together by its common warp.

These reënforcing gold threads are unfamiliar and deceptive to one whose ideas of tapestry have been formed only on European examples. Another difference between k'o-ssu and its occidental counterpart that the Chinese tapestry is extremely fine because the threads are of silk, whereas European tapestry uses wool yarn, introducing silk—if at all—merely to brighten the pattern.

Beware of Painting

Much inferior modern k'o-ssu, after being woven, is further embellished with hand painting. In a very poor piece the woven segments of different-colored fabric may be large, all the detail and shading being added later by the brush. Such k'o-ssu, viewed from the wrong side, looks rather like a map with blotches of crude colors to represent various townships. The finer the weaving, however, the less necessary is the painting. In many modern pieces the complete, woven design or scene is almost as distinct on one side of the cloth as on the other. Modern painted k'o-ssu is painted exactly alike on both sides, and even casual inspection discloses the fact that in recent poor examples the weaving is subordinated to the point.

K'o-ssu falls into two main classifications, the material woven for imperial and civilian robes and for accessories; and the pictorial type woven for wall hangings. Collectors of paintings include examples of this latter type in their collections and on this account it is often assumed that painting is a legitimate feature of these textiles; but this is not the case. A connoisseur rejects k'o-ssu when it shows any paint—or more than the faintest trace of it—whether it is woven for clothing or for pictorial purposes. The weave used for clothing is not in all cases, or even generally, inferior to that employed for wall hangings, as may be seen, by an examination of the best k'o-ssu robes.

K'o-ssu at its best is a fine art. Every scene in Chinese history, religion, and mythology, may be portrayed in k'o-ssu and a collection of these textiles forms an illustrated record of great value.

European tapestries have commanded high regard for many centuries and museums and private collectors accept k'o-ssu as worthy to rank with the best examples of similar work in the Occident. Good old k'o-ssu is rare and it has become very costly. Jade and lacquer, which have no European equivalents, still lag in the price markets of the world, for they have no recognized Occidental standards to compete against. but k'o-ssu was introduced to foreign collectors who already had acquired through familiarity with the looms of Beauvais and Brussels the education to appreciate it.

Modern Examples

The textile is in demand today for many household purposes. Its soft colors do not weary the eye and, although it is rather fragile, it serves well for certain types of clothing, for wall hangings, lamp shades, and screens. New k'o-ssu of fine workmanship is not cheap, but an artificial value is sometimes assigned to a modern specimen by selling it as an antique, often without even the most superficial attempt to disguise its modernity!

Antique k'o-ssu may literally be priceless—for there may not be another example like it to determine its exact worth—but new k'o-ssu has a definite value and should be appraised and purchased at its true worth. There are very few pieces of genuine old k'o-ssu for sale now, and most of these are torn and spotted and every expensive.

Most of the k'o-ssu available now is frankly new, recognizable as such by its sameness on both sides, by its comparatively coarse threads and stiff designs, and by the lack of variety in its coloring. Usually the picture is on a dark blue or tan ground, although occasionally the whole may be woven in colors and gold. A red ground is common in old k'o-ssu but infrequently met with in new work. Although most modern pieces are duplicated by the score, all are woven by hand and a good piece may be the work of a particularly artistic craftsman and, once passed, may never be seen again. All other things being equal, new k'o-ssu is sold by the square inch, the larger pieces being proportionately more expensive than the smaller, but like old k'o-ssu it is to be judged primarily by the intricacy of the weaving and by the artistry of the design or picture it depicts.

The Christian Science Monitor

Chinese Girls Represented on the International Business and Professional Women's Council of Shanghai.

When Rural and Urban Merge

WOMEN'S ORGANIZATIONS

Written for The Christian Science Monitor

A FEW weeks ago we promised to outline in this column some of the problems which appear in the lives of rural women that may be solved in a satisfactory manner by the intelligent coöperation of urban women, and, incidentally, to the lasting benefit of women who are living in the larger centers.

Mrs. Leslie Sommer, a rural woman of Wyoming, said in a recent address at a Club Institute in her state, as reported in the Wyoming Club-woman, that it is almost impossible to express in new words what the Federation of Women's Clubs means to the rural club woman.

It used to be that when we thought of the rural woman we imagined a hard working, rather unimaginative woman, with no apparent interests outside the boundaries of her own home. Of course, she had her dreams, but they were usually submerged in the greater tasks of her family duties. However, with the advent of the women's clubs, and the affiliation of the smaller clubs to the federation, we have found her to be anything but the unimaginative person we had pictured.

"Pretty Much Alike"

One of the things that the rural woman has learned from her contacts with club leaders is that all women, whether their homes happen to be in large or small communities, have common interests, and that, after all, they are "pretty much alike." Mrs. Sommer tells of a well-known club leader visiting a rural club and giving a stirring address which inspired all of her hearers, and left them a bit awed, and then, "ten minutes later, she was just a neighbor lady, very much interested in the wedding-ring quilt our hostess had on her bed."

We are asked to stop and remember how many of the distinguished heads of organizations, research workers, and writers of ability, had their roots taken from rural foundations, owing much of their success to the homely philosophy of those who work with nature.

And so it is a mutual benefit, this mingling of rural and urban women, in club conventions and activities. The rural woman is receiving a new desire and inspiration through the personal touch of her sisters, and the federation is learning a great deal from the deep thinking, steady minds of its rural members.

Marketing

Marketing is one of the problems of rural women which is being eased and greatly helped through the coöperation of urban women. It is not unusual to hear the notice given in large clubs of a new market for goods which women are always eager to purchase fresh and reliable. "Women Scouts" are continually hearing of places where hooked rugs, fresh vegetables, good cooking, and other commodities may be procured and are passing on the news to others who welcome it.

One woman in a small town said recently, "We don't need a coöperative marketing scheme in this town so much as we used to before the Federation of Women's Clubs held its convention here; the women who attended that meeting saw for themselves what we have here and are buying all that we can produce."

The educational program in rural districts is sometimes a difficult one. It always seems as though the abandoning of a small rural school and sending the pupils to the larger graded school at some distance was in the line of progress, but it has not always proved to be so. It would help if women could acquaint themselves with all the conditions of transportation and distance and vote intelligently when the question is before the school authorities.

Recreational programs in rural communities may be stimulated and real progress may be made if the conditions are studied by rural and urban women, together. In some small places there is, at present, a discussion of eliminating such important things as community drama, musical instruction in the schools, supervised summer recreational facilities, and other factors that make rural life today so happy and progressive. A little intelligent persuasion on the part of organized women can, in many instances, induce the "powers that be" to retrench their financial program along other lines. It needs only a "long pull and a strong pull all together."

Motion Pictures in Classrooms

By HARRIET OSBORNE

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

New York

THOSE who have seen the new educational motion pictures know that in the future the school child will have a fairly clear idea concerning the way people in far-off countries live. By means of these films designed for classroom use he sees the people on the other side of the earth working, playing, laughing or singing. He sees that in many ways they are very like himself. The Occupational Geography Series brings into the schoolroom the people of many lands. The wonders of nature and science, the marvels of modern industry are depicted on the screen and the lecture-picture makes clear to young students many things which before were difficult to understand.

Mrs. Grace Allen Bangs, director of the women's bureau of the education department of the Fox Film Corporation, says that the idea of using motion pictures in the school is not new.

"Years ago educators saw the wonderful possibilities in motion pictures if adapted to school needs," Mrs. Bangs said. "Because of the lack of proper films and other handicaps, their use in this way has been very limited. Now that sound motion pictures conforming to the school curriculum are being produced, I am convinced that educational authorities will not be long in adopting visual education.

Learning Through Visual Images

"For several decades the world has been entertained by motion pictures. With the addition of sound their usefulness in the realm of education is multiplied. It is inevitable that they should become a most important aid. Films will not supplant textbooks but supplement them. Through visual methods practically every sort of human activity can be brought before the student."

Mrs. Bangs, who is one of the first woman to direct an important division of a film corporation, is speaking almost daily before various groups of women in New York and elsewhere, organizing them into committees to work in their local communities with the view of establishing educational sound pictures in the schools.

"Parent-Teacher Associations, women's clubs and other organizations long ago began to take an interest in this modern aid to education," said Mrs. Bangs. "Now there is opened to them an avenue of activity through which their hopes and ideals can take a definite form.

"Twelve years ago Mr. Harlay L. Clarke began his work for visual education. It has been slow progress, but now that the idea has germinated we believe that sound moving pictures will before long become an accepted part of the educational plan and all well-organized schools will be supplied with the necessary equipment.

"The problem is to provide the means for purchasing equipment, few schools being able to stretch their budget sufficiently to cover this expenditure. In some cases generous citizens have supplied the amount necessary. In other communities women have undertaken to finance the project. In time, school authorities will include this expenditure in the budget just as manual training and chemical laboratory equipment have been included in the list of necessary purchases."

Developments and Tests

Leading educators have developed the plans for the production of the school series pictures. Experts in the various fields of knowledge have taken the speaking parts, the pictures being interspersed with short, interesting lectures. Dr. Clyde Fisher of the American Museum of Natural History in New York; Dr. Henry Johnson of Teachers' College, Columbia University; Dr. E. U. Grad, superintendent of schools in Indianapolis, are some of the educators whose voices will be heard to illustrate several fields of natural science, physical and occupational geography, travel, American history and commercial subjects. New material on these topics as well as other subjects will be added as needed.

Mrs. Bangs, who is the mother of two sons of 17 and 19, has long been interested in the work of promoting better films, to this end working as a volunteer to develop the Film Mutual Benefit Bureau. She is a member of the board of the National Child Welfare Association. As a representative of this board she attended a demonstration and test of sound motion pictures for schools held at Washington during the past summer.

At President Hoover's request the Governor of each state selected two children, a boy and a girl of the eighth grade, to go to Washington, each state delegation being accompanied by an adult. The children, before seeing the pictures were given a written examination on the subjects they covered. After the pictures had been viewed, the tests were repeated, with the result that the children answered correctly, on an average, 19 more questions out of 50 on each test after seeing the films than they had on the first test. The average gain on all five tests was 115 per cent. In other words, they knew more than twice as much on each subject after viewing the pictures as they had previously. It was interesting to note that improvement was made even in subjects in which eighth grade graduates usually have had definite instruction. The films were a combination of lecture and illustrated material as are all that are designed for the schoolroom. Volcanoes, mountain glaciers and the work of rivers constituted the phyisical geography subjects. The life histories of toads and butterflies were presented in the field of science; and historic scenes were also included.

Speed Gained

"An evident advantage of this method of presenting knowledge," continued Mrs. Bangs, "is that some subjects which require laborious study of the textbook can be made clear in 10 minutes by means of pictures. The accompanying lecture is given by men recognized as leading authorities in their respective lines.

"Of the 15,000,000 pupils now in our American schools the majority will stop school at the end of the grammar grades. It is important that the best possible use should be made of the years spent in the grade schools and the additional education gained through visual methods will undoubtedly increase the efficiency of those whose schooling must end with the eighth grade.

"Teachers are preparing themselves for this phase of educational work and are taking courses that will prepare them to incorporate it in their teaching plan and to learn how to handle the machines."

An International Council

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

Shanghai

CHINESE girls who, a generation ago, would have been hobbling on bound feet in the secluded courtyards of their homes, are now taking an important part in the commercial life of this great Asiatic port. Almost every store and office in Shanghai now employs Chinese girls and these independent, self-supporting young women make up the largest group in the International Business and Professional Women's Council of this city.

This council, which plans social, educational and sporting events for the business women of Shanghai, is a very cosmopolitan organization, representing 25 different nationalities. Each of the large national groups of Shanghai—the Chinese, Japanese, British, American, German, Russian and Portuguese—is represented by three girls; and a local "League of Nations" has been arranged to represent the other countries, scattered all over the world, whose women have come to work in this Chinese city. This "League" also has three members on the council, one from each of three different countries, and the national representation changes every year so that each country has its delegate sooner or later.

The most popular undertaking of the council this season was its annual banquet, the third held under its auspices. Fifty-six Chinese business and professional women attended and sponsored the Chinese part of the program which followed.

This program was planned to contrast ancient and modern customs in different countries. The Chinese girls staged two pantomimes illustrative of the old and new betrothal customs of China. The former pantomime showed the marriage arranged by the matchmaker without the consent of the girl, with an elaborate interchange of gifts and horoscope readings; while the pantomime representing contemporary usage showed Chinese girls and boys settling their own love affairs on the campus of a coeducational college.

The German girls similarly contrasted the athletic events of the nineteenth and twentieth centuries, demonstrating not only the increasing participation of women in sports but also the modifications in their costumes. The voluminous tennis and bathing dresses of yesterday were shown side-by-side with the knitted suits and shorts of the present.

The Portuguese members chose as their part of the program to contrast the old folk dances of their country, gracefully enacted by a group in appropriate costume, with a tap dance executed by a young woman in a snappy pajama frock.

Every spring the International Business and Professional Women's Council arranges also a sports competition for its members, the different national groups competing against one another for honors in running, jumping, and other track activities.

The council this year is also sponsoring sight-seeing excursions every two weeks, giving the foreign working girls in Shanghai an opportunity to visit the industries, gardens, and other interesting places of this great city.

The organization is particularly appreciated by Chinese girls who were born or educated abroad and who still wish to keep up contacts with women of other lands.

The wearable jacket costume for country as well as town use still maintains its place in the front ranks. The gown is extremely simple, but smart, with mere sprouts of sleeves which accentuate the shoulder width. Groups of pleats give a little skirt fullness.

In Australian Parliament

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

Sydney, New South Wales

SOUTH AUSTRALIA was the first Australian state to grant women the right to vote. This was done in 1894, and on April 25, 1896, women voted for the first time in Australia, at the elections for the South Australian Legislative Assembly.

In Western Australia women's suffrage was granted in 1899; in Tasmania in 1903; in Queensland in 1907; in Victoria in 1908; in New South Wales in 1902. The first occasion of exercising the vote was at the elections in 1904.

The first woman elected to an Australian Parliament was Mrs. Edith Dircksey Cowan, O. B. E., who in 1921 was elected for West Perth in the Western Australian Legislative Assembly. Miss May Holman was elected M. L. A. for Forrest in Western Australia on April 3, 1925, to succeed her father. She is still a member of the Legislative Assembly. In 1930 she was chosen by the Federal Government to represent Australia at Geneva.

Miss Millicent Preston-Stanley was elected to the New South Wales Legislative Assembly on May 30, 1925, as one of the five members for eastern suburbs proportional representation being the system under which members were elected. She was subsequently defeated for Bondi in 1927, the electoral system having previously been changed to allow for single member constituencies. Miss Preston-Stanley was the first woman to be elected member of the New South Wales Parliament and there has not been a woman elected to the Legislative Assembly in New South Wales since she was defeated.

At the present time there are two women in the Legislative Council of New South Wales who were appointed last November among the 25 appointees sanctioned by the State Governor during the Lang Government's term of office. These women members, Mrs. C. Green and Mrs. E. Webster, are the first and only women ever to have been appointed to an upper house in Australia and, under the Constitution Act of 1902, they hold office for life.

Both Mrs. Webster and Mrs. Green have the welfare of women and children deeply at heart. Mrs. Green has served 27 years in the Labor movement in a voluntary capacity, always chiefly concerned with the welfare of children and home life. She favors the foundation of a family court which would consist of four officers outside the law court—two men and two women, possibly — whose business it would be to heal family quarrels by bringing the estranged members together before a sympathetic court, and having a friendly talk in camera, so raising to the surface and, if possible, destroying the underlying causes of dissension and avoiding the divorce court and keeping the home intact.

Mrs. Irene Longman was elected to the Queensland Parliament for the electoral district of Bulimba, in May, 1929, and was the first of her sex in Queensland to have this honor conferred on her.

There has not yet been a woman elected to either the Senate, or the House of Representatives of the Australian Federal Parliament.

In the 1920, 1922, and 1925 elections in New South Wales proportional representation was the electoral system under which members of the Legislative Assembly were elected, five members being returned for metropolitan seats (also Newcastle) and three members for each country electorate. In the 1927 elections, members were elected for single electorates, contingent preferential voting obtaining.

In the 1930 elections, compulsory preferential voting for single-member constituencies was the electoral system under which members were elected.

MONARCH
Super-Quality FOODS

QUALITY for 78 Years

Men Like It

WHEN you buy a can of Monarch Golden Maize you get sweet corn at its very best—fresh, sweet, tender, creamy, clean—free from cob, husk and tassel—plump, full-bodied, sun-ripened, and delicious in flavor.

—More than 250 Monarch Super-Quality Foods SOLD BY 50,000 INDEPENDENT GROCERS

HAVE you renewed your subscription to the Monitor? Prompt renewal insures your receiving every issue, and is a courtesy greatly appreciated by
The Christian Science Publishing Society

Your Skin Can Now Be Exquisite! Adorable
Try this New Method

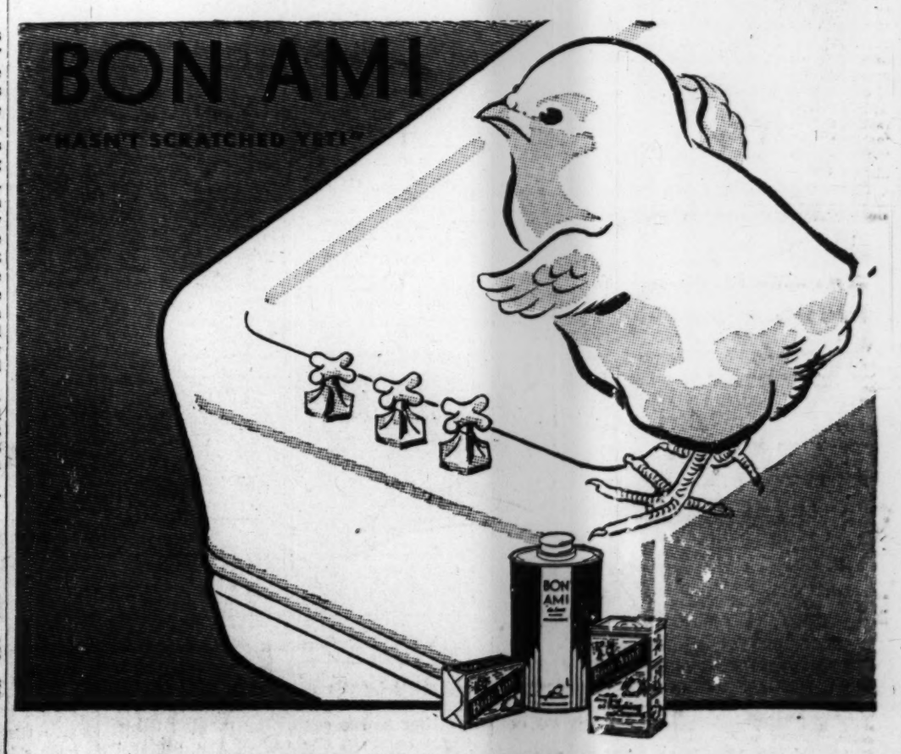
FREE
Send Quick Extra Gift

Keep your skin fresh, radiant, charming with Sem-Pray Compressed Cleansing Creme. Unique. Different from anything you ever used. A secret of rare Eastern oils compressed into dainty, rose-pink, almond-scented cake. Melts instantly on skin. Penetrates more deeply into pores. Removes clogging dust and impurities that resist less penetrating methods. This supreme cleansing is the only beauty aid you need. You'll look lovelier and younger.

In dainty container with PUSH-UP bottom. Used easily as lipstick any time, anywhere. Always look as if you had just come from a beauty parlor. Get Sem-Pray today. Large economical package, all drug stores, only 60c. Or mail coupon for handbag package at once.

FREE Extra Gifts
Send today for
Sem-Pray

Mme. LaNore, Sem-Pray Salons,
Suite 2349-F, Grand Rapids, Mich.
Send generous package Sem-Pray Creme. I enclose 10c for packing and mailing. Include Sem-Pray Rouge and Face Powder FREE.
Name.....
Address.....



..the best and safest way to clean bathtubs is with Bon Ami. It doesn't injure the tub, does not redden your hands.

THE BON AMI CO., 17 Battery Place, New York, N. Y.

THE CHILDREN'S PAGE

All From a Balloon

By J. LILIAN VANDEVERE

WHILE the boys went about the farm together, Mrs. Ely helped Paul's mother, and sewed. There seemed to be many people in the near-by small town who wanted sewing done, and there were preserves and pickles and canning to be done for Mrs. Artley.

Inside the cottage, Edwin's mother sang even more happily than she had in that tiny fourth-floor room in Ashmont.

One day Paul took Edwin to see the school that he attended. It was not a long walk from the farm, and when Edwin saw the pleasant long low building, he looked at it wistfully.

"I wish that I could go to school there," he said. "See the trees, and the baseball field, and the football goals! There were 51 children in my room this year, and we weren't even allowed to use a football in the school yard."

The boys didn't talk much about Edwin's going back to Ashmont in the fall, but the thought was in the back of both their minds, and not a happy thought, either. One August day after another slipped by, bringing fall always a little nearer. Then one day Mr. Artley talked to Edwin.

"The garden beside the cottage hasn't been used for a couple of years," he said. "Suppose you clean it up for me. Would that be too hard a job?"

"I'll be glad to do it," said Edwin. "I'll start at it now."

"And I'll help," said Paul.

"No, I want you to mow the lawn and weed the flower beds," said his father.

Paul was surprised. He and Edwin had grown used to working together, and it seemed strange to go off by himself. But he went and did as Dad told him.

* * *

Edwin hurried away, anxious to set to work and show Mr. Artley how well he could work. He pulled the weeds and wheeled them away. The dry brush he piled and burned. He raked the paths, and picked off the stones from the beds. Where grass had grown over the beds he pulled it out and raked the beds smooth.

It took two days of hard work, but he stuck to it. When it was all in order, he asked Mr. Artley to come and see it. Mr. Artley looked all about, at the neat paths, and the corners cleaned up carefully.

"You've done a very good piece of work," he told Edwin. "That garden is all ready for spading in the spring now. I'm going to pay you for the work. A dollar and a half a day for two days would be three dollars."

He took three crisp dollar bills from his wallet, and held them out to Edwin. But Edwin put his hands behind him, and shook his head.

"I wouldn't think of taking pay," he said. "You've given Mother and me a wonderful summer here, and I'm only too glad that there was work I could do for you."

For a moment Mr. Artley looked into Edwin's dark eyes. Then he smiled as though he was pleased about something. He put the money back in his pocket and went away, still smiling to himself.

Then one drowsy afternoon he called the boys and gave Paul a note.

"I want you two to make yourselves neat and then take this note to Mr. Prescott," he said. "Wait until he has read it."

When the boys were dressed and on the way Paul looked at the envelope curiously.

"Mr. Prescott is the principal of our school," he told Edwin. "I wonder what Dad has to say to him. I got good marks last year and 'excellent' in conduct, so I'm not afraid, but I certainly do wonder!"

When Mr. Prescott had read the note he looked up at Edwin.

"Come into my library," he said pleasantly. "You'll find a new magazine to read, Paul, while you wait."

It was some time before Edwin came out again. As the boys started home Paul saw that Edwin was carrying another note.

"This is for your father," Edwin said. "Mr. Prescott wrote it after he had asked me all sorts of questions. He wanted to know what grade I was in at school, and then I had to read aloud to him, and he asked me ever so many questions."

"I don't see why he wants to know about all that," said Paul, "when you're just a summer visitor."

When Mr. Artley had read Mr. Prescott's note he seemed entirely satisfied. But he had nothing to say about either his own note or his answer, and all the boys could do was to wonder.

* * *

As the boys fed the rabbits next day, Edwin cuddled the smallest and softest of the bunnies.

"Remember," he said, "you're to let me know when you get any more rabbits, and when the young roosters begin to crow, and—and all the good times that you and Dan and Tommy and Leon have together."

Paul nodded. Edwin's going away was something that he couldn't talk about. Mrs. Ely had finished half a dozen new shirts for Paul, and cleaned the cottage until it shone. But she didn't sing as she worked, for she, too, found it hard to face the thought of going back.

One evening, when there were only a few days left, the Artleys came down to the cottage.

"I'm sorry, Mrs. Ely," said Mr. Artley, "but I shall not be able to take you and Edwin in to Ashmont on Saturday."

The boys looked at each other, puzzled, then at Mr. Artley.

"Because," he went on, "we find that we can't do without you and Edwin, here at Greendale."

Edwin and his mother stared, hardly daring to believe what they heard.

"You mean—" began Mrs. Ely.

"We mean," said Mrs. Artley, "that the cottage is to be your home. Edwin can enter school in Paul's class, for Mr. Prescott was much pleased with him."

Edwin looked at Paul, wide-eyed.

"And he can plant and take care of the garden that he cleared so nicely," said Mr. Artley. "With work on the farm and in the village, you two should get along very nicely here."

"Then Edwin's to stay—to stay and go to school with me!" cried Paul.

Mr. Artley laughed at the excited pair.

"You two go off on a treasure hunt," he said. "There's a trail of bits of yellow paper with a treasure at the end. It starts down the lane."

The two boys raced away, wild with delight. They found the first scraps of paper and began their hunt.

It led them across fields and over fences. It went around the barn, and through the garden. Then it stopped at the garage door.

"This is the end of the trail!" said Paul.

Then they heard a rustle and whimper from inside the garage. In a minute they had opened the garage door, and there, tied in a corner, was a puppy, a capering fat collie puppy.

Edwin reached him first. As he hugged the squirming creature he felt something rustle on the puppy's collar. He looked down, and found a card that bore these words.

I'm Edwin's puppy.
My name is Rob Roy.

Then Chum came running, and there was a wild chorus of shouts and yelps and barks. When they had all quieted down, Edwin drew a big sigh.

"A home out here with you!" he said. "A chance to go to a fine school. No more long hours selling papers. And—a dog of my own! Who would have thought," he asked as he stroked Rob Roy's silky head, "that so much hung on the string of that little balloon!"

[THE END]

To Make a Paper Cap

PERHAPS some of the young readers of this page have had the opportunity to visit at one time or another the buildings of The Christian Science Publishing Society, where the Monitor is printed, or some other newspaper plant, and have noticed that some of the men employed in the press room and mailing room wear square paper hats, which they make by folding up a full sheet of the paper. It is not very difficult to make such a hat, if you follow closely these instructions, and watch the illustrations as you proceed.

First, take one full size sheet of a newspaper, folded lengthwise as in Figure 1, and lay it on a table with the folded edge away from you, the open side toward you.

Fold the upper corners over toward you, till they meet at the center, as shown in Figures 2 and 3.

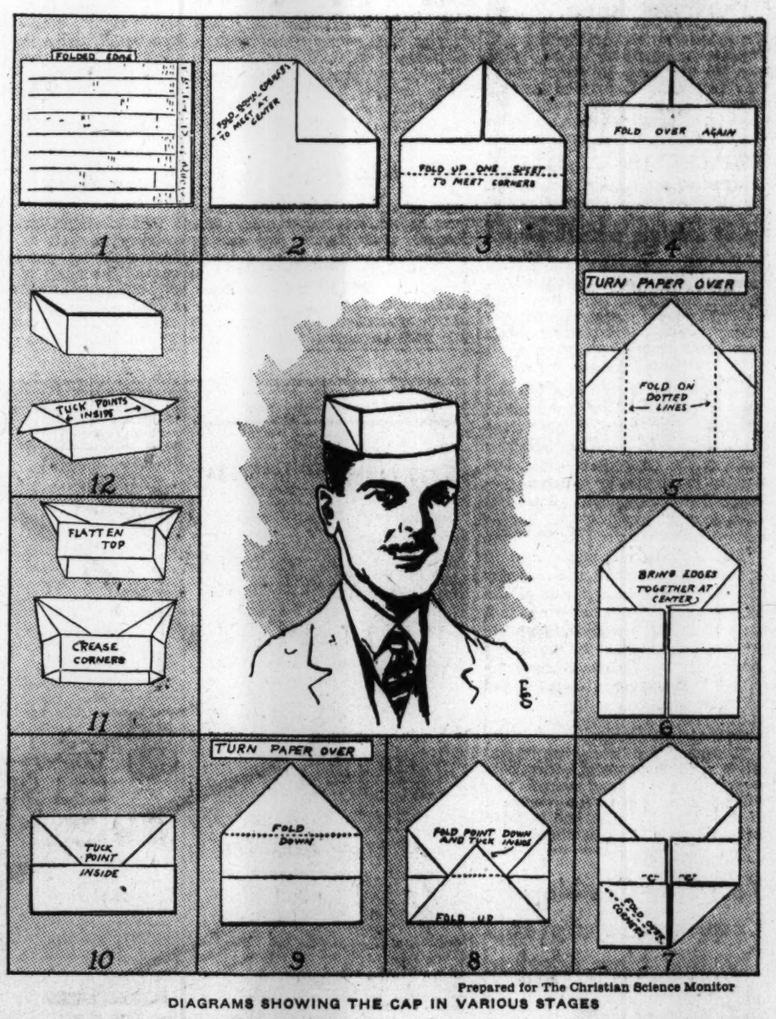
Next, fold up the lower half of ONE sheet to meet the corners as shown by the dotted line on Figure 3.

Now fold this over again as shown in Figure 4.

TURN THE PAPER OVER, and fold as in Figure 9, and fold down the upper part as indicated by the dotted line.

Tuck in the point as shown by Figure 10.

The cap should now be opened up, as in Figure 11. Crease the corners well so as to form an oblong-shaped box. The top should be flattened down and creased at the corners. You will then find the hat



Prepared for The Christian Science Monitor

DIAGRAMS SHOWING THE CAP IN VARIOUS STAGES

indicated by the dotted lines on Figure 5, so that the outside edges are brought together at the center. By making these edges meet at the center you produce a hat of average size. If you want a small-size hat, bring the edges about a quarter of an inch beyond the center. If you want a large size hat, leave about one-half inch between the edges, so that they do not quite meet.

After the folds have been made, and creased down hard, your cap should appear as in Figure 6.

Next fold up both bottom corners to meet the folded edge marked "C" on Figure 7.

Fold up the lower part along the line "C" of Figure 7 so that it appears as in Figure 8. The point should then be folded down and tucked in behind the horizontal fold.

TURN THE PAPER OVER AGAIN, as almost completed as in the lower part of Figure 12. Tuck the two pointed flaps inside the rim of the hat, and you have such a hat as many newspaper men wear while at their work of printing and mailing.

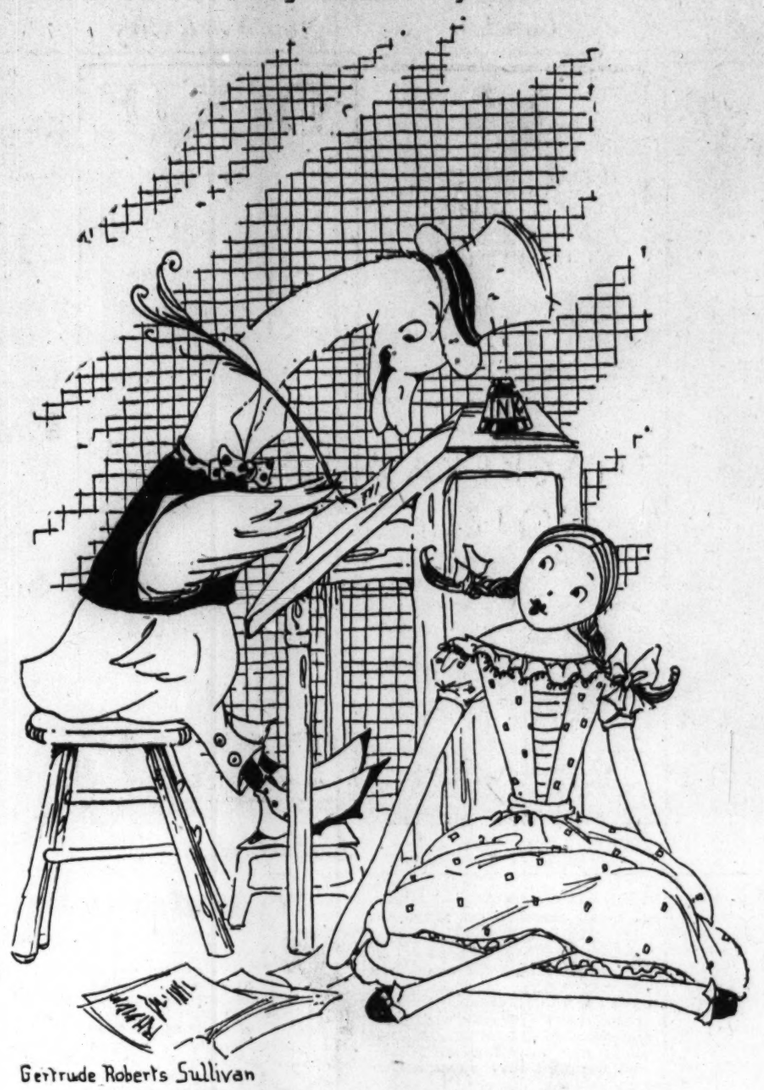
Ask These

Q. How do bees dispose of their honey?
A. They cell it.

Q. If you threw a red brick into the Black Sea, what would it become?
A. Wet.

Q. What is it which the more you take, the more you leave behind?
A. Footsteps.

Rag Doll Rhymes



Gertrude Roberts Sullivan

Mistress Mary and Father Gander

Said gentle Mary, "If folks knew
How hard it was for me,
Bein' called contrary *all* the time
Just to make a silly rhyme,

Perhaps they'd lock up 'Mother Goose'
For a little while at least,
And just to have a change from slander,
Have some 'Rhymes from Father Gander'."

MARY MACDONALD

Brookside Music

There's a shadow-robed musician
With fine-as-silver notes,
Whose faintly tinkling music
Through dusky forests floats.

He haunts the fern-sweet brookways
And when they hear his song
The beetles on the water
Skate merrily along.

And handsome great-eyed dragons
Dart by on green-gold wings,
And every moss-green hollow
With that strange music rings—

That crinkly lovely music
Just forest creatures hear,
And every little boy or girl
Who hath a magic ear.

JENNETT SPENCER.

Mail Bag

Salisbury, Wiltshire, England.

Dear Editor:

This is my first letter to the Mail Bag. I am 11 years old, and go to a big school which has over 400 girls. In the summer we play cricket and tennis.

Salisbury has a beautiful cathedral with a spire 200 feet high.

I have a little sister whose name is Brenda. She is 8 years old. We go to the Christian Science Sunday School. Some day we hope to have a church in Salisbury.

I would like to correspond with girls about my age from any part of the world.

LOVINA M. J.

Washington, D. C.

Dear Editor:

If anybody is interested in Washington, D. C., the capital city of the United States, I will describe it and send them some views. I attend Fourth Church of Christ, Scientist.

I should like to correspond with boys of my age (11) in all parts of the world. Collecting stamps, postal cards and foreign coins are my hobbies and I will trade with other boys, anywhere. I will gladly answer all letters sent me. I can translate any letter clearly printed in the Danish language.

Hoping to hear from many boys, anywhere,

WARREN H.

Royal Oak, Michigan

Dear Editor:

I like the Children's Page and Snubs too. I wish Milly-Molly-Mandy was still in the Monitor. I like the Mail Bag very much and would like a correspondent my own age (10) from Africa or some far country.

We often go for picnics on the shores of Lake Erie. We went to Pt. Pelee on Memorial Day. We did not take our bathing suits because we thought that the water would be too cold, but it was so warm even little babies were in. Pt. Pelee is a Canadian National Park and is supposed to be just the way it was when the Indians lived there. There are miles and miles of beach. You can pitch a tent there by a stone well and stay all summer if you wish to.

BARBARA ANN K.

[Perhaps Milly-Molly-Mandy will pay us another visit, Barbara.—Ed.]

Hornell, New York

Dear Editor:

My brother received such nice answers to his letter to the Mail Bag, that it made me feel that I, too, would like some friends to write to me. I am 9 years old, and in the III A grade in school. I love to draw pictures, and to sing.

We live near the Canisteo creek, and in the summer time, a life guard is there who teaches and keeps watch over those who cannot swim.

We have a large yard, and a vacant field opposite our house, so that my three brothers and I have plenty of room to play in. I like to build things, and have made a small marionette show out of some clay and strings. I'm interested in boats, too—all kinds—and should like to hear from someone who has visited our big navy ships. They must be wonderful to see. I like to go with my Dad to the flying fields and watch the airplanes.

I should love to hear from boys in Texas and Seattle, Washington, and Florida, Palo Alto, Berkeley, or San Francisco, California,

RICHARD H.

Fort Bragg, California

Dear Editor:

We live on a ranch five miles from Fort Bragg. My father is a sheep shearer. We have no Christian Science Sunday School here, but Mother teaches us every Sunday. We shall be very glad when we can go to Sunday School once more.

I am 11 years old and interested in art, sewing and fancy work, and should be glad to hear from girls from 8 to 15 who are interested in the same things.

MARY HARRIET M.

Sulphur Springs, Arkansas

Dear Editor:

This summer I am staying up in the Ozarks, 200 miles south of Kansas City, with a lady who has three adopted children. When I am at home I read my aunt's Monitors, and like to read them very much. Yesterday I read the story, "All From a Balloon," and can hardly wait for next Monday's paper to finish it.

The mountains and caves here are beautiful and almost everywhere you go you see a cooling spring from under the rocks.

I have a little sister in Shreveport, Louisiana, who is 6 years old. She is very sweet.

I am 10 years old and I should like very much to receive a letter.

EUGENIA B.

Sulphur Springs, Arkansas

Dear Editor:

I am 10 years old and have been attending the Christian Science Sunday School in Shreveport, Louisiana, ever since I was 4 years old.

We are up in the Ozarks now.

I read the story of "All From a Balloon," and I wish that boy could come and visit us in the Ozarks. We could show him real country life. We often watch the cows milked, and we ride horseback and we swim every day. There are also some interesting caves here where Indians used to live, and many ice-cold springs, beautiful trees and rocks everywhere. We live in a hotel in Shreveport, so it is a treat for us to be in the country.

ELOISE EVELYN L.

[We are sure that many boys and girls would have welcomed Edwin as a guest.—Ed.]

Akashi-Gun, Hyogo Ken, Japan

Dear Editor:

I am 5. I should like to get letters from other children. I live high up a lovely hill, and can see the sea and many ships and fishing boats.

Mummy often reads to me from the Monitor.

MARY D. H.

[Mary printed her own little letter, so although it is very short, we have found a place for it in the Mail Bag.—Ed.]

Pittsford, Vermont

Dear Editor:

I read the Monitor and cut out the stamp pictures of Washington and put them with my stamp collection. My hobbies are stamp collecting, swimming, baseball, and football. I would like to receive letters from stamp collectors all over the world. I am 10 years old and my father owns Camp Sangamon for boys. I have one correspondent in the Mail Bag but I would like more. I will send letters to any one who writes to me, and stamps too, if they are wanted.

DAVID S.

RULES FOR CORRESPONDENCE

1. Letters to Mail Bag correspondents should be inclosed in an envelope stamped and partially addressed, and mailed to the Editor of the Mail Bag, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston, Mass. The Editor will see that the addresses are completed and that the letters are forwarded to their destinations. A note giving the full name and address of the sender must also be inclosed. Do not write in asking for names and addresses.
2. When there is any doubt about postage rates, inquiry should be made at the local post office. To most foreign countries the rate is 5 cents.
3. If you are writing from outside the United States inclose stamps of your own country for forwarding your letters, but do not attach them to the envelope. These can be exchanged for American stamps here.

Keys of Heaven

WHEN David heard that the "keys of heaven" grew in the fields round Aunt Mary's house in the country, and that he was to spend his holidays with her, his excitement knew no bounds. When at last the great day arrived he was asking about the keys of heaven almost before the train had stopped, and Aunt Mary was helping him down onto the platform.

"Are they really like keys?" he asked.

Aunt Mary smiled. "Yes, they are like keys—golden keys—and they grow in one of my fields," she said. "But come along, hop into the little cart, and you will see for yourself."

They climbed into a low dog-cart, and the fat brown pony ambled along the pretty country lanes that led to Aunt Mary's cottage. Fragrant scents floated from the garden to greet them and David wrinkled up his nose. "It smells like fairyland!" he said happily.

* * *

Through a small wicker gate and across a little path they went, and then Aunt Mary pointed to a golden field. "That's where the keys of heaven grow," she said.

How beautiful it all was! At their feet small tufts of grass spread tiny shadows, where little beetle people hurried to and fro, intent on their day's work. Small grasshoppers jumped in the taller grasses, and the whir of their wings was like music. A scarlet ladybird flew and settled on David's hand, carefully folding her wings under her red coat.

"Go and find the keys of heaven for yourself, and I will get tea ready," said Aunt Mary, patting David's shoulder.

So David started off across the fields. As he went he watched the ladybird slowly making her way from his cuff to his sleeve; and then, without any warning, she spread her wings and flew away.

It was then that he realized that he was actually standing in the field where the keys of heaven grew, and seeing a cluster of gold at the far end he started off toward it. And there, all about him, were hundreds of graceful flowers, their golden heads hanging in little bunches, like keys on a ring. Surely they were cowslips? but such strong, beautiful blossoms, far finer than the ones they sometimes bought in the shops at home.

After a while he went back to the house, and when they were having tea Aunt Mary told him the story of how the name "keys of heaven" came to be given to the flowers.

* * *

"Very many years ago there was an old pilgrim, or palmer as they were then called, who had many sorrows and difficulties to overcome. When things seemed utterly dark and hopeless, he sank down beside the road under an oak tree, and prayed to be given understanding so that he could lift his own and other people's burdens; and he fell asleep and dreamed that he was told to go and look for the keys of heaven which would open the door of his understanding. When the palmer awoke, the dream seemed so vivid that he looked to see who had spoken to him. But realizing it was just a dream, he gathered up his stick and small bundle, and continued on his way.

"Yet, somehow, hope had risen in his heart; and he began to see the trees and flowers with new vision. The birds' songs held a glad new promise, and, refreshed after a cooling drink from a stream, he pressed on with renewed courage, the words 'keys of heaven' ringing in his ears. At last he came to a field that shone yellow with cowslips, whose golden heads swayed in the breeze like a million bells of joy.

"The palmer paused and offered up a prayer of gratitude for such beauty, and as he did so he noticed that the blossoms resembled little bunches of golden keys. Then he recalled his dream. Surely this new-found joy, this expectancy of good things, was due to the unlocking of the doors of his understanding. So he reverently blessed the field, saying that henceforth cowslips should be called the 'keys of heaven,' for they had lifted his thought above the dark shadows and freed him from their seeming bonds."

"Is it true?" David asked, wonderingly.

"I can't say how true it is," Aunt Mary replied, "for the legend has come down from many lips and through many ages. But I like to think of it when I walk across the cowslip fields."

"Perhaps the cowslips round here have heard about the palmer and that is why they grow so well," said David.

Aunt Mary smiled. "Perhaps so," she said.

A Garden Party

Our garden gives a party
Each bright midsummer day,
The lily-pads are the stepping-stones
For the frogs who come to play.

The garden phlox and the hollyhocks
Bloom out in pink and yellow frocks;
While the humming bird and the bumblebee
Come to sip sweet honeysuckle tea.

Each day our garden offers
Its hospitality,
To those who love the garden,
The frogs, the flowers, and me!

CATHERINE L. BARKER.

CAMPS FOR BOYS

PINE TREE CAMP

Catskill Mts.—For Selected Boys 8-18

SADDLE HORSES

All land and water sports. Comfortable, well-built, screened cottages; private lake, excellent food, abundant milk; modern hotel on property for visiting parents; Christian Science church in vicinity; extraordinarily low fee. For booklet write

E. A. GRIFFIN, Room 2712
370 Lexington Avenue New York City

CAMPS for BOYS and GIRLS

CAMP COCHITUATE

(formerly Camp Mirimichi)

Usual activities, including [illegible]

Day Campers Also Enrolled

35 Minutes from The Mother Church

Inspection invited of camp at

Hawthorn Manor. COCHITUATE, MASS.

TELEPHONE NATICK 892-R

HAVE you renewed your subscription to the Monitor? Prompt renewal insures your receiving every issue, and is a courtesy greatly appreciated by The Christian Science Publishing Society.

Mike of the Lapel Is Helpful

* * *

Orchidaceous Crooner Becomes Stentorian Voiced Thanks to Diminutive Microphone

* * *

IN THE center of a bare stage in a large moving picture "palace" in Boston stands a much-publicized crooner waiting for his music cue. The orchestra swings into the measures of a popular song. The crooner begins but instead of the orchidaceous voice we expected there bursts forth a stentorian roar such as we would expect from an opera singer in a vigorous rôle. The crooner's voice obviously comes through loudspeakers yet there is no broadcasting apparatus in sight. The ordinary beholder asks, "How come?"

But notice, movie goer, the little waferlike disk on the coat lapel of the singer. That little disk, which might be a lodge or delegate's medallion, no larger than a silver dollar, is a microphone, a tiny efficient brother to the large ones in a broadcasting studio. It is the lapel "mike" made famous by its use in the Democratic convention.

Concealed in the lining of the crooner's suit and running down his trouser leg is the microphone cord, connected to a special outlet in the floor, which in turn is connected to the theater's public address system. The lapel microphone is one of the answers to some of the difficult conditions laid down by theater managers upon broadcasters regarding performances which are broadcast from the stage or through associated theater public address systems.

* * *

This little lapel mike, measuring less than 1¼ inches in diameter by ¾ inch thick, designed by engineers of the Radio Television & Industries Corporation, is a carbon granule microphone with a stretched gold-plated duralumin diaphragm with constructional features which give maximum sensitivity and fidelity of tone. The carbon granules are chemically treated to prevent hiss and crackling noises. The lapel microphone is not a toy and actually replaces any standard two-button microphone without additional equipment or circuit changes of any kind. It can be connected with a microphone outlet up to 50 feet away.

When it was first proposed to broadcast from the United States Senate and House, the senators and representatives laid down restrictions which, on their face, would seem to have barred broadcasting from Congress for some time to come. First, the Senate said, there must be no visible sign of apparatus in the Senate chamber. The speakers, furthermore, must not be hampered in their movements. Theater managers laid down similar restrictions. Satisfy those conditions, they said, and we shall see!

* * *

Each senator and representative, equipped with his own microphone, could "plug in" on an inconspicuous outlet provided on his desk in the legislative hall, a process much simpler than dialing a telephone number. An operator stationed at a master control board would then connect each speaker to the radio network as he stood up to make a speech.

Difficulties in stage pickups have been minimized, too. While microphones arranged in the footlights or suspended in the flys of theaters are successful they have been known to pick up things not intended for the radio audience which have caused the broadcasters some embarrassing moments.

Under the new system it is possible to conceive of an Iago or Mephisto, a musical comedy scene or a mammy singer on his knees, successfully picked up for radio without the offstage noises of chorus and scene shifters.

In addition lecturers, hitherto barred from turning their backs upon their audiences to point at a chart or screen, or to write on a blackboard, can now do so with the lapel microphone without impairing the pick-up. A Burton Holmes or Ernest Newman could lecture to large gatherings and be heard equally well by both second balcony, orchestra and floor ticket holders, and orchestra floor ticket holders.

* * *

Research in the Arctic

When short waves strike the ionized Heaviside layer above the earth they bounce off and are heard around the world. This phenomenon is known as the "echo effect." Professor E. V. Appleton, an English observer, found he was getting two and even three echoes which led to his discovery of a second layer 130 miles above the earth's surface, called the "Appleton layer," and a third layer, as yet unnamed, 500 miles above the earth.

Characteristics of the Heaviside and Appleton layers have been studied in temperate zones. It is known, however, that the density of these layers increases under extreme low arctic temperatures. Therefore a party of natural scientists headed by Professor Appleton, with Messrs G. Builder and W. C. Brown of the Radio Research Station, Slough, England, are going to Tromsö, Norway, to make further researches into these world-circling electrified blankets, under the long arctic nights in the land of the midnight sun.

Apparently, the sun reëlectrifies these layers, but it is not known whether this is due to its ultra-violet rays or the atoms shot forth from its surface. One professor believes that the Heaviside layer is produced by the sun's atoms and the Appleton layer by ultra-violet light. Wireless experiments, it is hoped, will shed new light on these problems, since the effect of ultra-violet light is less and the effect of moving particles or atoms, is greater in arctic regions. The atomic structure of radio, therefore, may lend itself peculiarly well to their experiments.

A. D. H.

Registered at the Christian Science Publishing House

Among the visitors from various parts of the world who registered at the Christian Science Publishing House over the week-end were the following:

H. V. Palmatory, Chicago, Ill.
Beatrice Palmatory, Chicago, Ill.
Mrs. Elisabeth L. Canfield, East Orange, N. J.
Mrs. Gertrude C. Underriner, East Orange, N. J.
Beatrice M. Taylor, Pittsburgh, Penna.
Mrs. Janet Green, Brooklyn, N. Y.
John P. Green, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Joe King, Bronx, N. Y.
Mrs. Irene King, Bronx, N. Y.
Edward Roberts, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Mrs. Margaret Roberts, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Mrs. Lillian Besanson, Grand Rapids, Mich.
Miss Majory Besanson, Grand Rapids, Mich.
Mrs. Harriet S. McAlpine, Grand Rapids, Mich.
H. A. Crane, Dayton, Ohio.
Miss Ethel Arnold, Buffalo, N. Y.
Harvey A. Yungeblut, Freeport, Ill.
Mrs. A. Zeller, Yonkers, N. Y.
Mrs. Mary M. Lewis, Palmyra, N. J.
Miss Anna K. Alyea, Rutherford, N. J.
Mrs. L. Junker, Knoxville, Tenn.
Mrs. C. L. Bryan, Balboa, Panama.
Robert Bryan, Balboa, Panama.
Jack Bryan, Balboa, Panama.
Miss Edith Potburg, Chevy Chase, Md.
Miss Olga Gruenewald, Brooklyn, N. Y.
George H. Oakford, Schenectady, N. Y.
Carrie M. Oakford, Schenectady, N. Y.
W. H. Lang, Indianapolis, Ind.
Agnes Kranz, Ozone Park, L. I., N. Y.
D. R. Dondall, Lynbrook, N. Y.
Charles Kranz, Ozone Park, L. I., N. Y.
Mrs. Harriett Cox, Richmond Hill, L. I., N. Y.
Mrs. M. W. Haney, Lynbrook, N. Y.
Miss Virginia Fox, Lynbrook, N. Y.
Al Mayhew, Claremore, Okla.
Mrs. J. D. Mayhew, Oklahoma City, Okla.
Mrs. Dorothy M. Patton, Ridgewood, N. J.
E. L. Patton, Ridgewood, N. J.
Mrs. John Hersker Jr., Philadelphia, Penna.
John Hersker Jr., Philadelphia, Penna.
John Hersker Sr., Philadelphia, Penna.
Mrs. Benjamin F. Lare, Philadelphia, Penna.
W. G. Loberding, Denver, Colo.
Edna Loberding, Denver, Colo.
Ruby Bennett, Globe, Ariz.
Maude Smith Thompson, Denver, Colo.
Miss Kate Smith, Pensacola, Fla.
Mrs. Mary Judson Babcock, Hamburg, N. Y.
Lillie Bach, New York, N. Y.
Philipp Bach, New York, N. Y.
Mabel W. Lund, Jersey City, N. Y.
Forrest B. Lund, Jersey City, N. Y.
L. J. Fostess, Rochester, N. Y.
Mrs. Mabel Scott Holland, Nashua, N. H.
Vivian L. Nichols, New York, N. Y.
Mrs. Margaret H. Rogers, Chatman, N. J.
Samuel H. Rogers, Chatham, N. J.
Mrs. Bessie O. Fink, New York, N. Y.
Mrs. Emily H. Stearns, New York, N. Y.
Frederick J. Vieth, Rye, N. Y.
Mrs. Dudley M. Vieth, Rye, N. Y.
Mrs. Elizabeth J. Yorker, Flushing, L. I., N. Y.
Mrs. Edna M. Bell, St. Petersburg, Fla.
Ida S. Pande, Forest Hills, L. I., N. Y.
Gunnar A. Pande, Forest Hills, L. I., N. Y.
Mrs. E. D. Putnam, Selma, Ala.
Edward Dodge Putnam Jr., Selma, Ala.
Mrs. M. B. Elliott, Mexia, Texas.
Mrs. C. H. Johnson, Montclair, N. J.
Mrs. Hannah H. Hanna, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Mrs. Sue H. Johnston, Baltimore, Md.
Mrs. B. L. Beasley, East St. Louis, Ill.
B. L. Beasley, East St. Louis, Ill.
Victor A. Dunn, Oakland, Calif.
Herbert A. Falk, Piedmont, Calif.
Samuel Peace, Brooklyn, N. Y.

SUNDAY

Miss Martha M. Weiss, Philadelphia.
Miss Mary French, Philadelphia.
Mrs. Margaret French, Philadelphia.
Mrs. Weinzolaf B Indell, Jamaica, N. Y.
Arthur H. Indell, Jamaica, N. Y.
Mrs. Annie D. McCrossan, Ozone Park, N. Y.
Walter C. Wetjin, Ozone Park, N. Y.
Mrs. Marian Agnew, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Mrs. Naomi C. Whipple, Corning, N. Y.
N. Pearl Jones, Geneseo, N. Y.
Mrs. Pauline Comer, Savannah, Ga.
Miss Nina F. Comer, Savannah, Ga.
Mrs. B. C. Fritz, Seattle, Wash.
B. C. Fritz, Seattle, Wash.
Mrs. Myrtle M. Johnson, Shaker Heights, Ohio.
Rowland M. Johnson, Shaker Heights, Ohio.
Fred W. Gray, Nottingham, Eng.
Lillian Hanns, Philadelphia.
Elinore Bondy, New York.
Mary M. Bondy, New York.
Miss Gertrude M. Deitz, Hasbrouck Heights, N. J.
Miss Blanche Murphy, Madison, Wis.
Mrs. Sylvia L. Dalton, Schenectady, N. Y.
Miss Mary Raine, New York, N. Y.
Miss Emily Hulme, New York, N. Y.
Miss Vera R. Campbell, Oklahoma City, Okla.
L. E. Messinger, Scarsboro Junction, Ontario, Can.
Grace L. Danforth, Buffalo, N. Y.
C. C. Gall, Woodhaven, N. Y.
Emelia N. Gall, Woodhaven, N. Y.
Bobby Gall, Woodhaven, N. Y.
Chester Gall, Woodhaven, N. Y.
Mrs. Herman H. Bishop, Louisville, Ky.
Herman H. Bishop Jr., Louisville, Ky.
C. Noel Bishop, Louisville, Ky.
Mrs. Hannah Wheeler, Herkimer, N. Y.
Mrs. Alfred Ziegler, Clifton, N. J.
Alfred Ziegler, Clifton, N. J.
Gracimo Venoroso, Clifton, N. J.
Mrs. Leon D. Hansen, Pittsburgh, Penna.
Leon D. Hansen, Pittsburgh, Penna.
Dorothy May Hansen, Pittsburgh, Penna.
Jean Hansen, Pittsburgh, Penna.
Mrs. L. E. Messinger, Toronto, Ont., Canada.
Mrs. J. H. Procter, Wilkinsburg, Penna.
Sydney Procter, Wilkinsburg, Penna.
Earl M. Allen, Swissvale, Penna.
Hazel Charles Downs, Fort Barrancas, Fla.
O. B. Mae Mellan, Pensacola, Fla.
Miss India Martz, Kokomo, Ind.
Miss Emily J. Latham, New Bedford, Mass.
S. H. Laycock, South Dartmouth, Mass.
Elizabeth Laycock, South Dartmouth, Mass.
Mrs. Margaret E. Hodkinson, New Bedford, Mass.
Miss C. A. Frank, Victoria, B. C., Canada.
Mrs. Grace O. Burton, Seattle, Wash.
Mrs. James Wood, Peekskill, N. Y.
James Wood, Peekskill, N. Y.
Miss Myra B. Conover, New York, N. Y.
Frank H. La Vey, New York, N. Y.

HOTELS AND RESORTS

England

THE HOME OF THE SUN
EASTBOURNE
for Holidays Residence Schools
BEACHY HEAD
THE FAMOUS SOUTH COAST RESORT

Good Music. Safe Bathing
First Class Amusements
Sports and Pastimes

Eastbourne holds the highest sunshine record in the United Kingdom.

Official Guide (Post Free) Dept. 48, Information Bureau, Railway Stn., EASTBOURNE

THE BEST CENTRE FOR YOUR ENGLISH MOTORING TOUR IS
CHELTENHAM
which offers you a hearty welcome and provides abundant entertainment of the very best.
A Town of Great Architectural, Scenic and Floral Beauty
GOOD HOTELS
MODERN AMUSEMENTS
Situated midway between Stratford-upon-Avon and Bath, it is the natural gateway to the Cotswolds and within easy reach of the most famous historic towns and chief beauty spots of England.
THE WYE VALLEY
OXFORD AND THE THAMES
SHAKESPEARE COUNTRY
SEVERN AND AVON VALES
ALL WITHIN AN HOUR'S CAR RUN
Rotary Club meets Tuesdays 1:15
FREE GUIDE
Town Clerk, Dept. T. C.
Hotels booked, etc., by
S. H. BISSET, Central Spa Bureau EJB

Oatlands Park Hotel
WEYBRIDGE SURREY
Once the old Place of Otelands where monarchs lived and played—now as a fine old Country Hotel . . . where one may enjoy every comfort and sport . . . 9-hole Golf Course, Hard Tennis Courts, covered Badminton and Squash Courts, Ballroom, etc.
Write for Illustrated Brochure
Inclusive terms from 4½ gns. per week.
Telephone: Weybridge 1190 Telegrams: "Oatlands, Weybridge"

Westcliff Hall
SIDMOUTH, DEVON
FIRST CLASS HOTEL
Beautiful position in own grounds. Magnificent sea views. Hot & cold water throughout. Lift, garage. Own farm produce. Phone 262. 'Grams: Brendon, Sidmouth.

Tors Hotel
Lynmouth
North Devon, England
Ideal position, 300 feet up
Facing sea and sun. Lovely grounds.
LORNA DOONE COUNTRY

Switzerland

GENEVA
Hotel Touring-Balance
PLACE LONGEMALLE
Entirely renovated. Moderate terms.
Connecting with the great Restaurant "UNGARIA"—300 Places

APARTMENT-HOTEL BELLERIVE AU LAC
THE LEADING HOTEL IN ZURICH
Glorious view on lake and Alps. Utoquai 47.

WALDHOTEL
UNSPUNNEN-INTERLAKEN
A Summer Hotel of quiet refinement in a choice setting. Unsurpassed views of the Jungfrau. You will enjoy the cool pine-scented mountain air—yet it is but a 15 minutes' walk through lovely firwoods to Interlaken.
Excellent cuisine. Terms: From 10-15 frs.
Ask for Prospectus.

HOTEL SUISSE
BERNE SCHWEIZERHOF
The only first-class Family Hotel opposite the Railway Station with 200 beds and all modern improvements. Private apartments with bath and toilet. Hot and cold running water and telephone in every room
GRAND CAFE RESTAURANT
H. SCHUBPACH, Manager

Germany

EVERYBODY ONCE IN BERLIN

Hotel Adlon
The Hotel de Luxe
No 1. Unter den Linden

Hotel Bristol
Unter den Linden 5 and 6
Most exclusive with homelike atmosphere

Eden Hotel
Budapesterstr. 18, Zoological Gardens
Fashionable West End Hotel
Roof Garden

Hotel Esplanade
Luxurious Hotel of Distinction
Near the Tiergarten and Unter den Linden

Hotel Kaiserhof
de Luxe, on beautiful Wilhelmplatz
Patronized by the Diplomatic Corps

Central Hotel
Opposite Central Station Friedrich Str
An entire block of hospitality and service

Continental Hotel
Select Family Hotel
Opposite Central Station Friedrich Str

Hotel Fürstenhof
First class, every modern Comfort
Potsdamer Platz

Palast Hotel
The select homelike Family Hotel
Potsdamer Platz

Grand Hotel Grünwald
MUNICH MÜNCHEN
The favourite Family Hotel close to central station. Every convenience.
Das bevorzugte Familienhotel am Hauptbahnhof. Jeder Komfort

Paris

PARIS, FRANCE
NORMANDY
HOTEL
7, rue de l'Echelle (Av. de l'Opéra)
Entirely rebuilt 1930
200 Rooms with bathroom and phone.
Restaurant Extra Select
Quiet Location
Center Shopping District
New Management: René CURTET
REDUCED PRICES

France

SAINT-MALO
ON THE COAST OF BRITTANY
GOOD MODERN HOTELS

• WONDERFUL EXCURSIONS •
BATHING • SAILING • CASINO
for information write to
SYNDICATE OF INITIATIVE SAINT-MALO

TOURS, FRANCE
Hotel De L'UNIVERS
Completely up-to-date. 180 rooms. Bathrooms. Suite. TOURANGELLE ROOMS.
Renowned cooking — Garden — Garage — Tennis—Golf.
Telegraphic address: Universotel-Tours
R. DUTRON, Manager

London

HOTEL SOMERSET
Orchard St., London, W. 1 *(200 rooms)*
HOTEL QUEBEC
Old Quebec St., Marble Arch, W. *(100 rooms)*
THE SEYMOUR
15 Seymour St., W. 1 *(150 rooms)*
THREE WEST END HOTELS where facilities are made very welcome.
Terms: Bedroom, Breakfast, Bath. 10/6 ($2.75) and 12/6 ($3.25) per day per person. Inclusive rate 17/6 ($4.50) and 18/- ($4.90) per day.
All dollar rates quoted at par.
The Managers are very pleased to receive enquiries through The Christian Science Monitor.

Opposite the British Museum
THACKERAY HOTEL
Great Russell St., London, W. C. 1
First-Class Temperance Hotel
200 Rooms. Comfort and Refinement. Hot and Cold Water and Electric Fires in all Bedrooms. Bedroom & Breakfast (uniform rate) per 8/6 night.
Inclusive Terms and Illustrated Booklet, "London Old and New" on application.
Telegrams: Thackeray, London

In the Heart of Fashionable London
where Piccadilly meets Hyde Park, stands the Alexandra Hotel. Here you will find excellent service, and cuisine, while the accommodation includes every comfort and luxury.
Write for Illustrated Brochure.
Bedroom, Bath and Breakfast 10/6d.
Inclusive Terms from 5 gns. weekly.
ALEXANDRA HOTEL
Hyde Park Corner, London, S. W. 1
Telephone: Sloane 4921 (10 lines)
Telegrams: "Alexotel, Knights, London"

THE ONSLOW COURT HOTEL
Queens Gate, So. Kensington, London, S. W. 7
is favoured by discriminating visitors because here the cuisine is exceptionally good . . . the service thorough in every detail . . . and the accommodation luxurious and complete with every modern comfort.
The 140 bedrooms are all fitted with hot and cold running water and telephones.
Inclusive terms from 3½ gns. weekly.
Telephone: Kensington 9210 (6 lines)
Telegrams: "Onslowtel Southkens"

VISITORS TO LONDON
will find at the
Hotel REMBRANDT
Thurloe Place, South Kensington
Every comfort in refined surroundings at most moderate charges for ONE OF LONDON'S MOST SELECT HOTELS. Every Bedroom Hot and Cold Water, Radiator and Phone. Same Management Hotel Rubens, Buckingham Palace Road

ALBANY HOTEL
Lancaster Gate, LONDON, W. 2
Phone Paddington 7636
Best Hotel value in London
Each guest an individual, not merely a number. From 3 guineas per week. No extras. Write for tariff.

Hotel Belgravia
GROSVENOR GARDENS, LONDON, S. W. 1
(Near Victoria Station)
250 rooms with hot & cold water, telephone, etc. SINGLE ROOMS from 8/6d. DOUBLE from 15/- INCLUSIVE TERMS from 17/6d. per day, or £5.5 per week. Free Golf. Phone Victoria 9640 (10 lines)

Scotland

AUTO TOURS
Rolls-Royce and Daimler Private Cars for Tours or Daily Drives
EXPERIENCED, RELIABLE CHAUFFEURS
Our Garage at your service, including Waiting, Writing and Dressing Rooms.
John Croall & Sons
Limited
Castle Terrace, Edinburgh, Scotland
Phone 22064 Wires "Bazaar"

COCKBURN HOTEL
EDINBURGH
Comfortable, first-class non-licensed hotel. Ideal position for visitors to Edinburgh, overlooking Princes Street. Running water now being extended. Bed, bath, breakfast and attendance from 9/-
JAMES P. MACPHERSON
Managing Director
Tel 329191

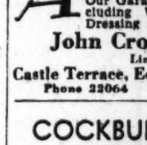
Italy

TREMEZZO ITALY
Lake of Como—Grand Hotel
Adjoining "Villa Carlotta," the American Rendezvous. Best situated first-class hotel on the Lake. Park; Gardens; Meal served on open terraces. Golf—18 holes. Motor boats. Floating diving board. Garages. Cav. Giuseppe Sampietro, Manager.

New York State

. . . NOW OPEN . . .
The SEVILLE
BELLE HARBOR, L. I., N. Y.
SENSATIONAL RATES
American Plan
$60 - $70 - $80 - $90
For TWO Per WEEK!
Direction MRS. ALLAH LATZ
Formerly of Alamac Hotels, N.Y. & N.J.
Telephone Belle Harbor 5-6341

Hotel Syracuse



SYRACUSE, N. Y.
800 outside rooms with bath. $3.00 up
Owned and Operated by Citizens Hotel Corp.
E. K. CARY, Manager

POWERS HOTEL ROCHESTER N. Y.

350 Rooms
$2.50 up

New York City

DIXIE
HOTEL
TIMES SQUARE
600 rooms, all outside! All with bath and radio! Located in the amusement center. Bus terminal in the building.
Special Attention to Women and Children Traveling Alone
Guaranteed Garage Service $1.00 per day. Cars Called For and Delivered, No Extra Cost.
Single Rooms . . . $2.50 to $4
Double Rooms . . . $3.50 to $5
Nothing Higher!
The Most Delicious Food
Lunch 50c Dinner 85c
Roy S. Hubbell Management
42d-43d Sts., Just West of Broadway
HOTEL DIXIE

Lifetime Friendships

College girls...students ...women in the arts professions and business...choose the Allerton Club.
Here are the complete facilities for club and home life which make for congenial companionship and friendliness.
Weekly *from* $10
Daily *from* $2
Students floors at special rates.
Write for booklet
Allerton
CLUB FOR WOMEN
130 E. 57th St. ~ New York
GRACE B. DRAKE, *Manager*

PRINCE GEORGE HOTEL
A FRIENDLY HOME IN THE MIDST OF NEW YORK
Four Blocks from the Empire Building and Largest Department Stores. Large, Comfortable, Quiet Rooms and Bath, from
$2.50
SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES
PRINCE GEORGE HOTEL
Fifth Avenue and 28th St.
Alburn M. Gutterson, Manager

HOTEL MARTHA WASHINGTON

29 East 29th Street
NEW YORK CITY
World Famous Hotel For Women Exclusively. Close to Shopping Districts and Theatres.
ROOMS with Running Water $1.50 up
ROOMS with Private Bath $2.00 up
SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES

● This fine, west side men's club is now completely redecorated. Rooms are sparkling, cozy. Famous Allerton club facilities—rest, reading and game rooms.
$5 from WEEKLY
THE ALLERTON CLUB
22nd ST. and 8th AVE.

The CHATHAM
A Few Blocks from Grand Central
Near the theater and shopping centers, the HOTEL CHATHAM, at Vanderbilt Avenue and 48th Street.
Summer rates now in effect
FRANK L. SMITH, *Manager*

Maine

Pleasant Island
Hotel and Camps
Unusual vacation spot for discriminating clientele comfortable private cabins with baths, excellent meals; sports include golf and tennis; good road to Rangeley—address inquiries
WESTON U. TOOTHAKER
Pleasant Island Maine

Have You RENEWED YOUR SUBSCRIPTION to the Monitor?
Prompt renewal insures your receiving every issue, and is a courtesy greatly appreciated by The Christian Science Publishing Society.

Canada

BANFF, ALBERTA
Canada's National Playground
King Edward Hotel
"The House of Comfort"
Reasonable rates. European or American plan. Open all year.
L. C. ORR, *Manager*

Two of the Best Hotels in Calgary, Alberta
Hotel York
Calgary's Newest, at Most Reasonable Rates. Excellent Coffee Shop in connection. Also
Hotel St. Regis
Attractive Daily, Weekly and Monthly Rates. CENTRE ST & SEVENTH AVE. Free Bus

Empress Hotel
217-19 Sixth Avenue, W. CALGARY
European Plan
100 COMFORTABLE ROOMS
First Class Grill in Connection
CHAS. TRAUNWEISER, Prop.
FREE BUS MEETS ALL TRAINS
J. S. MASSON, Manager

Hotel Strathcona
VICTORIA B. C.
FIREPROOF *and* MODERN, REFINED *and* HOMELIKE
European Plan Cafe a la carte
Rates $1.50 per day up
Tel. Empire 7137

New Jersey

"ONE FEELS AT HOME"
The Manchester
25 Ocean Pathway, Ocean Grove, N. J.
A modern, well-ordered hotel where rates harmonize with the times . . . An inquiry will pay.
Phone Asbury Park 749
H. W. PULLEN

Atlantic City

The TRAYMORE
Atlantic City
The Pre-eminent Hotel Achievement

The MADISON
ATLANTIC CITY
New—Fireproof
Bathing from Hotel
EUGENE C. FETTER
Managing Director

Michigan

NEVER MIND
On East Shore Indian Lake
A cool, delightful mountain-like lodge. Running water in rooms. Superior meals. Private bathing beach. Splendid golf, dancing, riding, boating. 105 miles from Chicago.
MR. AND MRS. O. M. COTTEN
R. 7, DOWAGIAC, MICH.

Washington, D. C.

WONDER HOTEL OF WASHINGTON
AMBASSADOR HOTEL
14th & K Sts. Down Town
radio in every room
swimming ~ pool
handball court
FREE TO GUESTS
500 ROOMS FROM $2.00

Burlington Hotel
WASHINGTON D. C.
Five Minutes' Walk to Everything
For a day or a month you find the comfort of a home and the perfect service of a modern hotel of 350 rooms. Appetizing food; beds for restful sleep.
Large Room with Bath $2.50

HOTEL PLAZA
Directly in Front of Union Station
3 blocks from U. S. Capitol and Congressional Library.
RATES Single $2 to $3.50
Double $3 to $5.00
Modern, Fireproof—Individual Garages
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Massachusetts

WESLEY HOUSE
OAK BLUFFS, MASS.
Island of Martha's Vineyard
31st year same Ownership-Management. Daily rates $5.50 or $6.50: with bath $7.50, including meals. Weekly rates as low as $35 for two until July 16th. The Wesley is a seashore resort hotel retaining its high quality of food and service, but with rates reduced to meet present conditions.
"Our front yard full of boats"

LONGWOOD GARDEN HOTEL
ONSET (Cape Cod) MASS.
One of Cape Cod's BEST HOTELS
EVERY room with hot and cold water. Rooms with private or connecting baths. Sandy Beach. Water temperature 72 to 80. New Ballroom. Orchestra
Weekly program of pleasures.
Food of unusual quality and variety.
Hot and cold shower baths on all floors.
REDUCED WEEKLY RATES WITH MEALS
$25.00 to $40.00 per week each

New Hampshire

RUSSELL COTTAGES
White Mts., Kearsarge, N. H.
A small hotel accommodating 125 guests. Situated among mountains, brooks, woods and fields. Golf, Tennis, Swimming, Horseback riding. Spring water, farm products. Open June 18th. Orchestra after July 1st. Booklet.
GEORGE W. RUSSELL, *Prop.*

Chicago

The Edgewater Beach Hotel
5300 BLOCK SHERIDAN ROAD
(on Lake Michigan)
CHICAGO
with a 200-car garage in the hotel building
"The Motorists' Mecca"
W. M. DEWEY, Managing Director

San Francisco

HOTEL STEWART
Down town, convenient to principal stores and theatres. Moderate rates for high class accommodations. Excellent meals.
SAN FRANCISCO

Mrs. Geo. W. Kingsbury
Owner and Manager
Hotel Wiltshire
340 STOCKTON STREET SUTTER 2290
SAN FRANCISCO
Heart of the Shopping Zone. All rooms with Tub and Shower, $2 to $3 single, $2.50 to $4 double, $6 to $8 suites.
Garage in connection. Cars called for and delivered without charge.

HOTEL CRANE
245 Powell Street
San Francisco
Rates: Room with Bath, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50. Favorable weekly rates.

Hotel Californian
TAYLOR AT O'FARRELL
The luxury of hotel life at its best. Rates in line with today's ideas of economy. Downtown Christian Science church in *same block.*
SAN FRANCISCO

California

BERKELEY, CALIFORNIA
Hotel Claremont
In 24-acre park. Attractive weekly and monthly rates. Families with children welcome. 40 minutes from San Francisco.
C. C. GILLUM, Manager

LAKE TAHOE
LAWSON'S LODGE
Latest Type Cabins Completely Furnished
Equipped with Gas and Modern Plumbing
Individual Rooms
Phone Tallac 50
Coffee Shop
Soda Fountain
Excellent Dining Room
P. O.
Camp Richardson, Calif.

Kansas City, Mo.

"Away from the Downtown Noises"
The Bellerive
A STATS OPERATED HOTEL
Kansas City's distinctly different transient hotel on beautiful Armour Boulevard at Warwick. Garage within hotel. Bath. Circulating iced and hot and cold soft water in every room. Home of the famous Terrace Cafe. Rates $2.50 and upwards.
KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI

THE STATS
TWELFTH and WYANDOTTE STS.
KANSAS CITY, MO.
Rates: $2 to $3.50 per Day
Every room is an outside room, with private bath

PICKWICK HOTEL
Ideal for Women and Children Traveling Alone
500 Rooms with Bath
Radio in Every Room
Excellent Food.
RATES
SINGLE $2 to $4
DOUBLE $3 to $6
SUITES $8 to $15
TENTH AT McGEE
KANSAS CITY

St. Louis, Mo.

MELVILLE HOTEL
5338 Bartmer Ave.
ST. LOUIS
Near Principia
Homelike family hotel. American or European plan. Permanent guests solicited. Transient guests welcomed. Reasonable rates. Make reservation.

Washington

The EXETER
HOTEL
300 ROOMS
Seattle's new million dollar apartment hotel—equipped with every facility for perfect service.
Rooms from $2.50
Apartments from $3.50
Coffee Shop Inside
Garage
Stopping at a distinctive Hotel opposite a Christian Science church enriches the joys of travel.
SINGLE ROOMS OR EN SUITE
SENECA EIGHTH
SEATTLE

An old home, secluded midst primeval forests. Atmosphere and cuisine distinctive, recreational outdoor sports, a rare retreat for peace, rest or study. Catherine E. Winn, Manette, Wash. Telephone Bremerton 460-W.
DEEP FOREST INN
Enetai Beach *on Puget Sound*

Travel

LOW RATES IN 1932
CUNARD
From Boston
Scythia July 23
Laconia Aug. 6
Scythia " 20
Laconia Sept. 3
Scythia Sept. 17
Laconia Oct. 1
From New York
Aquitania July 16
Berengaria " 23
Mauretania Aug. 3
Aquitania Aug. 11
Berengaria " 18
RATES REDUCED 20%
BOOK NOW!
Samaria July 15
Samaria Aug. 12
Carinthia Aug. 26
Apply to your Local Agent
No one can serve you better
Christian Science Literature on all Cunard Line steamers
33 State Street, Boston

A delightful, economical vacation . . .
This summer take a Great Lakes Cruise. Long days of sailing thru regions rich in beauty. Zestful meals. Restful deck lounging. Sports and dancing galore. You meet new friends, see new lands, sail home satisfied that you've had the best vacation in years.
9 day cruise
BUFFALO DULUTH and Return $80
INCLUDING MEALS AND BERTH
S.S. OCTORARA & S.S. JUNIATA
FREQUENT SAILINGS
7 day cruise
BUFFALO CHICAGO and Return $67.50
INCLUDING MEALS AND BERTH
S.S. TIONESTA
STOPS AT ALL PRINCIPAL PORTS
FREQUENT SAILINGS
GREAT LAKES TRANSIT CORPORATION
Frequent Sailings To and From
Buffalo (Niagara Falls), Cleveland, Detroit, Mackinac Island, Sault Ste. Marie, Houghton, Duluth, Chicago, Milwaukee
For full information apply to any Tourist or Railroad Agent

Lail's Auto Livery
U-Drive Cars
Late Models All Makes
TUcker 1196
Also Parking and Repairs
815 SOUTH GRAND AVE.
LOS ANGELES CALIF

NORWAY
DIRECT short and convenient route with connections to Sweden Denmark Germany
For sailings, rates, etc., apply to
Norwegian America Line
22 Whitehall Street, New York

AUSTRALIA-NEW ZEALAND
New low fares on the modern high-speed motor ship, Aorangi, and her running-mate, Niagara. Regular sailings from Vancouver and Victoria, via Honolulu and Suva.
CANADIAN AUSTRALASIAN LINE

TOURS at LOWEST RATES
Bermuda, Halifax, Quebec, Great Lakes etc.
Write for List and Rates
WHITCOMB TRAVEL BUREAU
Telephone Com. 0652
603 BOYLSTON STREET, BOSTON

Intercollegiate, Club and Professional Athletic News of the World

SO. CALIFORNIA DEFENDS TITLE

Easily Whips Other I. A. A. A. Teams—Two New Meet Records Made

INTERCOLLEGIATE A. A. A. A. TEAM STANDING

Team	Points
So. California	62¾
Stanford	33
Yale	24½
Harvard	12
California	12
Cornell	11
Pennsylvania	11
New York University	9
Princeton	9
Columbia	6½
Colgate	6
Dartmouth	5½
Fordham	5
Michigan	5
Manhattan	4
Holy Cross	3
U. C. L. A.	1½
West Virginia	1
Georgetown	1
Colby	1
Boston College	1
Williams	¼

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

BERKELEY, Calif., June 5—Two new meet records, two major upsets, and the overwhelming victory of the University of Southern California marked the finals of the annual Intercollegiate A. A. A. A. track and field championships, here, Saturday. Southern California with a total of 62¾ points won easily and gained permanent possession of the intercollegiate trophy by a fifth victory. Stanford University was second with 33, Yale third with 24½ and Harvard and the University of California tied for fourth with 12 points each.

Of all the events, the 440-yard dash stands out as the most exciting and unexpected surprise of the day. Ben B. Eastman '33, Stanford University's great runner, who holds an unofficial world's record for the event at 46.4s., took the lead and seemed to have the race to himself, but with 60 yards to go, out of the competitors bunched behind Eastman, W. A. Carr '33, University of Pennsylvania, began to sprint. He passed Eastman, and finished first in 47s., a new intercollegiate record, which is better than the existing world's record, held jointly by James E. Meredith and Victor E. Williams at 47 2-5s.

Carr's victory was the second real upset of the meet. A few minutes previously, Joseph R. Mangan '34, Cornell sophomore, had defeated the defending champion and outstanding favorite in the one-mile run, N. P. Hallowell '32 of Harvard. Mangan's time was 4m. 14.8s., only .4s. slower than the intercollegiate record of John Paul Jones of Cornell, established at Boston in 1913.

Wykoff vs. Kiesel

The sprints presented two closely contested battles between Frank C. Wykoff '32 of the University of Southern California and Robert A. Kiesel, sophomore from the University of California. Wykoff successfully defended his intercollegiate title in the century, leading Kiesel by about a yard at the finish. Kiesel, however, came back in the 220, taking the lead from Wykoff at about the half-way mark and finishing nearly a yard ahead of the Trojan.

Ben Eastman proved to the world that he is still the great runner that the West has acclaimed him, when he staged a comeback in the 880-yard run. He finished 20 yards ahead of the field in 1m. 51.9s., a new intercollegiate record and only .3s. slower than the world's record, made by Dr. Otto Peltzer of Germany at London in 1926.

The two-mile run was not a great race, for it was never in doubt, but it did prove the outstanding ability of Joseph P. McCluskey '33 of Fordham, who defended his 1931 title and nearly broke the intercollegiate record of 9m. s., held by James L. Reid of Harvard University. McCluskey's time was 9m. 22.2s.

The field events, though lacking the thrill of speed, were marked by three near records. Malcolm W. Metcalf '32 of Dartmouth came within one-half of an inch of the intercollegiate record in the javelin, made by Kenneth M. Churchill of California in 1931. His throw of 220ft. 10¾in. was far ahead of the field.

Stanford Stronghold

Another approach to an intercollegiate record was made by Nelson A. Gray of Stanford, who put the shot 51ft. 11¼in. just 1¼in. short of the mark established by Harlow P Rothert, also of Stanford, in 1930 Stanford shot and discus men were largely responsible for their team's second place in the meet. They placed first, third and fourth in the shotput for 10 points and first and second in the discus for 9 points

Although the pole vault ended in a tie for first between William N Graber '33 of Southern California the defending champion, William W. Miller '33 of Stanford, and Wirt L. Thompson Jr. '34 of Yale, at 13ft. 10in., only spectators of the event can appreciate how close an approach to a new world's record was made. All three contestants made close attempts at 14ft. 2¾in. which would be a new world's record, out the Yale sophomore, Thompson, actually cleared the bar and was on his way down when his wrists hit it knocking it away from the standards.

The University of Southern California's great team achievement must be recognized along with the marks of individual performers. The Trojans scored in 12 of the 15 events, and one of the 15, the hammer throw, is not held on the Pacific coast. In one event, the broad jump, Southern California placed first, second, fourth and fifth, having four of the six qualifiers for the finals. The summary:

100-Yard Dash—Won by F. C. Wykoff '32, So. California; R. A. Kiesel '34, California, second; R. F. Hardy '34 Cornell, third; L. H Ball '34, So. California, fourth; Gordon Fraser '33, West Virginia, fifth Time—9.9s

220-YARD DASH SEMIFINALS

—Three to Qualify

First Heat—Won by R. A. Kiesel '34, California; C. W. Miller 33, Williams, second; R. L. Lacey 32, Colgate, third; H. H. Steele '32, Pennsylvania, fourth. Time—21.5s

Second Heat—Won by F. C Wykoff '32, So. California; B. H. Hand 32, Princeton, second; H. M. Jones '33, Pennsylvania, third, J. B. Hawes '32, Harvard, fourth. Time 21.4s

Final—Won by R. A. Kiesel '34, California; F. C. Wykoff '32, So. California, second; R. L. Lacey '32, Colgate, third; B. H. Hand '32, Princeton, fourth; H. M. Jones '33, Pennsylvania, fifth. Time—21.3s.

440-Yard Dash—Won by W. A. Carr '33, Pennsylvania; B. B. Eastman '33, Stanford, second; K. D. W Warner '34, Yale, third; E. A. Ablowich '34, So. California, fourth; E. P. Russell '32, Michigan, fifth. Time—47s. (new I. A. A. A. A. record)

880-Yard Run—Won by B. B. Eastman '33, Stanford; E. T. Turner Jr. '33, Michigan, second; H. P. Dawson '32, Princeton, third; W. P. McGeagh '32, So. California, fourth; J. V. Kelly '32, Georgetown, fifth. Time—1m. 51.9s. (new I. A. A. A. A. record)

Mile Run—Won by J. R. Mangan '34, Cornell; N. P. Hallowell '32, Harvard, second; F. A. Crowley '35, Manhattan, third; C. A. Coan '32, Pennsylvania, fourth; F. T. Nordell '32, New York University, fifth. Time—4m. 18.8s.

Two-Mile Run—Won by J. P. McCluskey '33, Fordham; W. R. Bonthron '34, Princeton, second; D. E. Dean '33, Pennsylvania, third; A. F Martin '33, Cornell, fourth; J. J. Ryan '33, Manhattan, fifth. Time—9m. 22 2s.

120-Yard High Hurdles—Won by E. E. Record '32, Harvard; W. S. Stokes '32, So. California, second; G. S. Lockwood Jr. '33, Yale, third; Alexander Reidell '33, Columbia, fourth, E. C. Welsh '33, So. California, fifth. Time—15s.

220-YARD LOW HURDLES SEMIFINALS

—Three to Qualify

First Heat—Won by H. L. Fates '32, Yale; E. E. Record '32, Harvard, second; W. H. Carls '32, So. California, third; A. L. Herbert '33, Stanford, fourth. Time—21.1s.

Second Heat—Won by J. A. Payne '32, So. California; C. F. Pierson '34, Yale, second; A. W. Meier '34, Stanford, third; C. E. Scarlett Jr. '32, Princeton, fourth. Time—24.2s.

Final—Won by H. L. Fates '32, Yale; J. A. Payne '32, So. California, second; E. E. Record '32, Harvard, third; W. H. Carls '32, So. California, fourth; A. W. Meier '34, Stanford, fifth. Time —23.8s.

Running Broad Jump—Won by R. A. Barber '32, So. California, 24ft. 1¾in.; J. H. Johnson '33, So. California, second, 23ft. 9¾in.; T. P. McNally '33, Holy Cross, third, 23ft. 3in.; C. N. McFadden '34, So. California, fourth, 23ft. 3in.; N. P. Paul '34, So. California, fifth, 22ft. 10¼in.

Running High Jump—W. B. O'Connor '32, Columbia, and R. L. Van Osdel '33, So. California, tied for first, 6ft. 4in.; J. D. Seweryn '33, So. California, second; D. A. McNaughton '33, So. California, tied for third, 6ft. 2in.; R. M. Linstrom '34, Dartmouth; S. T. Woodbury '34, Dartmouth; S. K. Urner '33, Williams, and W. E. Brannan '33, So. California, tied for fifth, 6ft.

16-Pound Shotput—Won by N. A. Gray '33, Stanford, 51ft. 11¼in.; Clifton Harper '34, So. California, second, 49ft. 9½in.; J. C. Lyman '34, Stanford, third, 49ft. 8½in.; H. J. Laborde '33, Stanford, fourth, 49ft. 6in.; O. B. Schoenfeld '32, Cornell, fifth, 48ft. 9¾in.

16-Pound Hammer Throw—Won by P. E. Zetrambo '34, New York University, 170ft. 6¾in.; W. T. Malin '34, Yale, second, 164ft. 7¾in.; M. M. Reznick '33, N. Y. U., third, 161ft. 5¾in.; A. D. Converse '33, Yale, fourth, 159ft. ¾in.; N. C. Perkins '32, Colby, fifth, 158ft. 10¾in.

Discus Throw—Won by R. F. Jones '32, Stanford, 154ft. 9in.; R. H. Labode '33, Stanford, second, 159ft.; R. H. Hall '32, So. California, third, 154ft. 4½in.; J. P. Crowley '33, Yale, fourth, 150ft. 6¼in.; P. H. Couhig '33, Boston College, fifth, 147ft. 9in.

Javelin Throw—Won by M. W. Metcalfe '32, Dartmouth, 220ft. 10¾in.; Frank Wilhamon '34, So. California, second, 204ft. 8 1-3in.; George Werntz '33, Colgate, third, 199ft. 5in.; J. A. Miles '33, California, fourth, 195ft. 7⅜in.; E. I. Waterbury '33, California, fifth, 195ft. 6¾in.

Pole Vault—W. N. Graber '33, So. California, W. L. Thompson Jr. '34, and W. W. Miller '33, Stanford, tied for first, 13ft. 10in.; George Jefferson '32, U. C. at Los Angeles, and F. E. Pierce Jr. '34, Yale, tied for fourth, 13ft. 6in.

Owing to the large amount of sports today, Chess will appear tomorrow.

U. S. ARMY POLOISTS BEAT HURRICANES

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

WESTBURY, N. Y., July 5—Only one game in the high-goal series of the Meadow Brook Club was completed over the week-end, when the United States Army four, with a new lineup this season, defeated the Hurricane team in a first-round match on a handicap basis for the Meadow Brook Club Cups on Saturday. The Templeton team, scheduled against Delray, advanced by the withdrawal of the latter, whose members were listed in other fours in several cases.

The final match for the Third Westbury Challenge Cups, scheduled for yesterday, was put over as the result of a morning rain, which softened the turf too much to allow play.

Positions	U. S. ARMY	HURRICANES
No. 1—Lieut. C. N. McFarland		Marshall Field
No.2—Lieut. McDowell Jones		Stephen Sanford
No.3—Lieut. G. W. Read Jr.		Cyril R. Harrison
Back—Maj. C. C. Smith		J. C. Rathborne

Score—Army 12, Hurricanes 9. Goals—McFarland 4, Jones 3, Read 2, Smith, by handicap 2 for Army; Field 3, Sanford 2, Harrison 2, Rathborne 2 for Hurricanes. Referee—Capt. Wesley J. White, U. S. A. Time—Eight 7½m. chukkers.

JONATH OF GERMANY WINS TWO TITLES

HANOVER, Ger., July 5 (AP)—Arthur Jonath, crack sprinter, won the 200-meter title in the German track week-end in 21.2s. Jonath also won and field championship over the the 100-meter championship.

Dr. Otto Peltzer won the 800-meters in 1m. 54.4s., while the 1500-meters went to Wichmann in 1m. 1.8s. Other champions crowned were:

5000 Meters—Syring, 14m. 56.4s.
400-Meter Relay—Sportclub Eintracht Frankfurt, 41.4s
1600-Meter Relay—Berlin Police, 3m. 20s.
110-Meter Hurdles—Wegener, 14.8s.
400-Meter Hurdles—Nottblock, 54.4s.
Decathlon—Eberle, 7865.455 points.
Discus—Hirschfeld, 46.08 meters (151ft. 2 27-128in.)
Javelin Throw—Weimann, 67.23 meters (220ft. 6 111-128in.)
High Jump—Bornhoefft, 1.93 meters (6ft. 4in.)
Broad Jump—Koechermann, 7.32 meters (24ft. 1¼in.)

HINKEL MAKES WALKING SQUAD

LOS ANGELES, July 5 (AP)—Harry Hinkel of the Los Angeles Athletic Club, since 1925 the national three-mile champion, gained third place on the United States 50,000-meter Olympic walking team Saturday by winning the final test in a field of 13 starters, covering the distance in 5h. 12m. 57s. Finishing with a sprint on the last three miles after trailing in third place most of the way, Michael Pecora of the Central Y. M. C. A., Brooklyn, came in second, 7m. 40s. behind Hinkel, to become the American team alternate.

HAGEN WINS WESTERN OPEN

By the Associated Press

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 5—Back on his happy hunting ground of golf where he first rose to national fame, Walter C. Hagen won the western open title for the fifth time Saturday While a heavy gale raged and a large gallery stormed the fairways, the veteran of a thousand golfing wars came from behind with a dramatic rush of par-crashing golf in the final four holes to beat Olin Dutra of California by one shot, 287 to 288.

HARVARD'S ATHLETIC RECORD

Harvard's athletic record for the 1931-32 season recently completed finds the Crimson victorious 197 times, defeated 96 times and tied 13 times against all opponents in 306 contests including varsity, junior varsity and freshman competition. Against the Eli Harvard won 10, lost 7 and tied one in varsity competition, but all told the Crimson shaded Yale with a total of 23 victories, 16 defeats and one tie.

PHILADELPHIA CREWS IN FRONT

Win Six United States Rowing Titles on the Schuylkill

PHILADELPHIA, July 5 (AP)—Sweeping to victories in every event of the day, Philadelphia crews yesterday won six national championships and placed four more boats on the United States Olympic rowing team. The events closed the three-day combined Olympic tryouts, United States championships and People's Regatta on the Schuylkill River.

Showing the powerful stroke that has won him the national title since 1930, the giant Bill Miller of the Penn Athletic Club won the national championship and Olympic berth in the single sculls. He covered the mile and a quarter in 8m. 7s., four lengths in the van of Ken Myers of Philadelphia, Olympic representative and national champion in 1928.

A pair of brothers, Thomas and Eugene J. Clark of Philadelphia, won an easy three-length victory and gained the Olympic position in the pair-oared shells without coxswain. They stroked the slightly choppy course in 8m. 31 3-5s.

In the race for the national championship in the 145-pound eight-oared shell division the Detroit crew threatened the Penn A. C., the local boat winning by the proverbial "nose" in 7m. 4s.

The Pennsylvania Barge Club pair-oared shell with coxswain took a national title and Olympic place when it defeated the Penn Athletic Club, Undine Barge Club and Princeton University Club boats, in that order, in 8m. 43s.

The four winners of Olympic positions yesterday brought to six the number already selected. Saturday the Penn A. C. earned the Olympic berth in the four-oared shell with coxswain, and the Bachelors Barge Club sweepswingers. W. E. Garrett-Gilmore and Ken Myers won their second consecutive national title and made the Olympic team.

Only the eight-oared shell, which will represent the United States at Long Beach, Calif., later this month, still remains to be decided. The big boats try out at Worcester, Mass., beginning Thursday. The summary:

Senior Quarter-Mile Dash Singles Sculls (National Championship)—Won by W. E. Garrett-Gilmore, Batchelors Barge Club, Philadelphia; Winthrop Rutherford Jr., Princeton University Club, second; Jack A. Crooks, Union Boat Club, Boston, third; Alfred Vogt, Penn Athletic Club, Philadelphia, fourth; Joseph J Ryan Jr., New York Athletic Club, fifth. Winner's time, 1m. 26s.; second time, 1m. 27 2-5s.

Senior Pair-Oared Shell Without Coxswain (Olympic)—Won by Undine Barge Club, Philadelphia (Eugene J. Clark, bow, Thomas Clark, stroke); Bachelors Barge Club, Philadelphia, second. Winner's time, 8m. 31 3-5s.; second time, 8m. 39 2-5s.

Senior Four-Oared Shell Without Coxswain (National Championship and Olympic)—Won by Penn Athletic Club, Edgar Johnson, bow; Thomas Pierie, second; George Mattson, third; John McCusker, stroke; Detroit Boat Club, second; Central Rowing Club, St. Louis, third. (West Side Rowing Club, Buffalo, and Bachelors Barge Club, Philadelphia, disqualified for rowing under wrong arch). Winner's time, 7m. 37s.; second, 7m. 38 1-5s.

Protest entered by Bachelors Barge Club and Central Rowing Club. Executive committee of N. A. of A. O. to consider protest.

Senior 145-Pound Double Sculls (National Championship)—Won by Undine Barge Club, Philadelphia (Carl E. Oldach, bow; Urban A. L. North, stroke); Malta Boat Club, Philadelphia, second; Penn Athletic Club, third. Winner's time, 8m. 3s.; second time, 8m. 21s.

Senior Pair-Oared Shells With Coxswain (Olympic Representative)—Won by Pennsylvania Barge Club (Charles Kieffer, bow; Joseph Schauers, stroke; Ed Jennings, coxswain); Penn Athletic Club, second; Undine Barge Club, Philadelphia, third; Princeton University Rowing Club, fourth. Winner's time, 8m. 43s.; second time, 8m. 53⅗s.

Single Sculls (National Championship and Olympic Representative)—Won by Bill Miller, Penn Athletic Club; Ken Myers, Bachelors' Barge Club, second; W. E. Garrett-Gilmore, Bachelors' Barge Club, third; Russell S. Codman Jr., Union Boat Club, Boston, fourth; Wesley E. Bevan, Undine Barge Club, Philadelphia, fifth. Winner's time, 8m. 7s.; second time, 8m. 18s.

Senior Quadruple Sculls (National Championship)—Won by Penn Athletic Club (Charles McIlvaine, bow; Alfred Vogt, 2; McGreal, 3; William Miller, stroke). (Uncontested, no time taken.)

Senior 145-Pound Eight-Oared Shells (National Championship, Final Heat)—Won by Penn Athletic Club (Frank Moser, bow; Wesley Gerhab, 2; William Malcolmson, 3; James Beckett, 4; Irwin Tweed, 5; George Hood, 6; Edward Hixson, 7; Howard Miller, stroke; Permar Richards, coxswain); Detroit Boat Club, second; Undine Barge Club, third; Springfield (Mass.) Rowing Association, fourth. Winner's time, 7m. 4s.; second time, 7m. 5s.

McCAULIFF DOWNS JACK P. TIDBALL

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

GLEN COVE, N. Y., July 5—Eugene H. McCauliff of Yonkers placed his name alongside of the famous figures who have won the Nassau lawn tennis invitation tourney and whose names are inscribed on the Nassau bowl, when he defeated Jack P. Tidball of Los Angeles, Calif., one of the surprises of the tourney, on a rain-soaked court in the final round of the singles, after a long wait caused by an earlier rain yesterday afternoon, by a score of 6-4, 11-9, 6-4.

Then Tidball, paired with his fellow student at the University of California at Los Angeles, Elbert R. Lewis, captured the doubles match from an unknown pair in the game. James H. and W. Laurens Van Alen of Newport, the second big surprise of the tournament, by a score of 6-3, 6-2, 7-5.

Tidball had entered the final round in brilliant style on Sunday, when he defeated Manuel Alonso, the former Davis Cup star of Spain, now a resident of New York, while James H. Van Alen, better known as a court tennis player and his partner, both of Newport, had defeated McCauliff and Alonso in the semifinals of the doubles.

YALE ATHLETES DO WELL

NEW HAVEN, Conn., July 5 (AP)—Yale athletes won 65 per cent of their intercollegiate contests during the last college year. Of 389 events, the Yale Athletic Association announced over the week-end, the Elis won 247, lost 130, and tied 7. Varsity teams won 116 contests, lost 61 and tied six Eastern Intercollegiate League titles went to the baseball and swimming teams and the outdoor and indoor polo teams, the golf team, and the fencers won the intercollegiates The Yale golfers also captured the Eastern Intercollegiate Golf Association championship. Against Harvard and Princeton, its ancient enemies, Yale did not fare so well. It won contests with the Crimson in seven sports, lost 11 and tied one. Against Princeton Yale won 10 and lost eight.

ARCHERY

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

Deerfield, Mass., July 5

THE battle of the champions—Earl G. Thompson, Pinehurst, N. C.; Dr. Paul W. Crouch, Newton Center, Mass., both former E. A. A. champions, and Frank Horack, Buffalo, N. Y., present New York state champion—for the York round title of the Eastern Archery Association was concluded Saturday morning. It was an exciting contest from start to finish. At the end of the first round the scores stood: Crouch, 113 -569; Thompson, 121—561, and Horack, 104—504. During the shooting of the second round Crouch weakened somewhat, and although he made more hits (121 in the second round as compared with 113 in the first), yet his hits were more scattered and they totaled only 521, thus giving him a total for the double round of 234—1090. On the other hand, both Thompson and Horack made a better showing in the second round than in the first, Thompson's second round score being 128—626 and Horack's 115—627. Both of these scores bettered the E. A. A. single York round record of 125—607 made by Thompson in 1930 and thereby a new record was made. Thompson's good shooting in the second round kept him in the lead and gave him the championship of the York round with a score of 249—1187, which is also a new record for the E. A. A. Because of the brilliant shooting in the second round Horack took second place in the final count with a score of 219-1131.

The shooting Saturday also included the second American round, and in this event the race was between Thompson, Horack, W. E. Long of Newtonville, Mass., and Donald Mackenzie of Greenwich, Conn., who holds the archery championship of Connecticut. Long won with 179-1201; Horack was second with 177-1199; Mackenzie third with 179-1173; Thompson fourth with 179-1147.

The women completed the Columbia round, which was interrupted Friday by rain. In this event some unlooked-for developments occurred. Mrs. Dorothy Cummings, the defending Columbia round champion, who won the National round title on Thursday, made a good start, but could not maintain a winning pace and as the shooting proceeded Mrs. Flora Hale of New Haven, Conn., shooting superbly, gradually crept up to and finally passed Mrs. Cummings just before the shooting was completed. The final score stood, Mrs. Hale, 143-997, Mrs. Cummings, 141-977, and thus a new Columbia round champion was crowned. Miss Madaline Dutcher of South Egremont, Mass., took third place with a score of 144-958. Miss Dutcher had the distinction of being the only contestant who had perfect hits.

At the annual meeting the following officers were elected for next year: President, P. H. Ball, Deerfield; C. H. Warner, Springfield; J. P. Eagan, Waterville, and P. H. Wilcox, Scranton, vice-presidents; Miss Ruth Brewer, Boston, secretary-treasurer.

The scores in the double York, double American and double Columbia rounds are as follows:

DOUBLE YORK ROUND

C. G. Thompson, Pinehurst	249	1187
Frank Horack, No. Tonawanda	219	1154
P. W. Crouch, Newton Center	234	1090
W. E. Long, Newtonville	207	1085
W. H. Palmer Jr., Philadelphia	216	898
Donald Mackenzie, Greenwich	196	896
L. G. Chapin, Rockville Center	192	840
W. M. Hale, New Haven	197	839
J. E. Applegate, New Haven	170	784
C. Brownell, Moodus	178	772
J. P. Neild, Greenfield	172	768
J. P. Eagen, Worcester	173	763
H. B. Hubbell, New Rochelle	173	753
H. S. Brown, Scarsdale	170	752
P. H. Wilcox, Scranton	175	745
H. W. Schellenger, Springfield	160	732
A. W. Dick, Worcester	159	731
J. Barrow, Jersey City	172	710
Russell Wilcox, So. Egremont	170	696
W. C. White, Scarsdale	153	683
W. L. Abbey, Brooklyn	145	629
J. B. Tomlin Jr., Atlantic City	138	576
E. R. Teubner Jr., Philadelphia	123	467
R. A. Harrington, Greenfield	122	454
H. D. McKenner, Philadelphia	108	454
F. W. Yeaw, Greenfield	112	452
W. M. Willcox, So. Egremont	109	445
T. W. Vanderveer, Pt. Washington	116	444
W. W. Whittum, Springfield	113	439
E. C. Esten, Wilbraham	110	420
C. H. Warner, Springfield	108	442
H. O. Rex, Plainville	98	392
C. E. Kear, Stratford	97	383
R. W. Riis, New York	109	339
J. C. Roberts, Greenfield	86	332
R. F. Hodgdon, New Bedford	940	308
J. B. Fontaine, Philadelphia	78	306
E. Smallenberger, Brooklyn	79	281
F. F. Adams, Vergennes	86	274
J. P. True, Waban	72	274
C. A. Kinard, Westfield	67	253
W. L. Doerty, Middletown	55	249
N. D. Forbes, New Haven	34	164
R. Erskine, Cheshire	36	130
H. M. Higbee, Atlantic City	24	82

DOUBLE AMERICAN ROUND

W. E. Long	179	1201
Frank Horack	177	1199
C. G. Thompson	179	1147
Donald McKenzie	179	1173
C. E. Kear	175	1107
Dr. W. M. Hale	175	1099
W. H. Palmer Jr.	175	1087
H. W. Schellenger	175	1059
Dr. Paul W. Crouch	174	1054
C. Brownell	173	1045
W. W. Wilcox	177	1021
P. H. Wilcox	172	1008
L. G. Chapin	170	992
J. P. Neild	169	975
J. P. Eagan	170	976
W. L. Abby	169	973
Russell Willcox	168	948
J. E. Applegate	172	940
H. B. Hubbell	172	930
J. Barrow	170	928
Judge W. C. White	168	908
A. W. Dick	168	866
H. S. Brown	171	861
E. R. Teubner	159	833
F. W. Yeaw	160	832
J. B. Tomlin Jr.	162	826
H. O. Rex	121	811
F. F. Adams	146	808
C. H. Warner	150	772
R. A. Harrington	146	744
T. W. VanDerVeer	155	743
W. L. Doerty	144	722
J. P. True	151	717
R. F. Hodgden	138	690
R. Erskine	123	671
J. B. Fontaine	142	668
E. C. Esten	133	665
W. W. Whittum	134	648
J. C. Roberts	135	625
N. D. Forbes	132	608
N. B. McKinney	138	616
E. Smallenberger	137	601
C. A. Kinard	108	438
J. B. Wheeler	101	427
R. W. Riis	83	409

DOUBLE COLUMBIA ROUND—WOMEN

Mrs. F. Hale, New Haven	143	997
Mrs. H. S. C. Cummings, Ntn. Ct.	141	977
Madeline Dutcher, So. Egremont	144	958
Dorothy Duggan, Greenwich	143	951
Mildred Snaveley, New Haven	142	932
Eversley Childs, Cos Cob	142	894
Mrs. A. A. Hooker, Springfield	137	875
Polly Bushong, Worcester	143	865
Mrs. Lyman Whitney, Newtonville	135	851
Eertha Schwenger, Kenmore	140	832
Edith Grindle, New Haven	138	816
Ailsa Campbell, Great Barrington	135	809
Diana Bolling, Greenwich	138	800
Mary Deane, Assonit	141	799
Madeline Taylor, Newton Center	140	798
Mary Crosby, Northampton	136	794
S. M. Ives, Roslindale	134	762
Margherita Childs, Cos Cob	129	697
Mrs. C. A. Kinard, Westfield	127	683
Mrs. H. B. McKinney, Philadelphia	125	669
Carol Saxe, Lynbrook	124	650
Alice Hitchcock, Holyoke	123	640
Mrs. N. D. Forbes, West Haven	127	627
Marion Sanford, Ware	120	614
Mrs. C. H. Warner, Springfield	116	610
Mrs. E. R. Teubner Jr., Phila	126	606
Mrs. J. B. Tomlin Jr., Atlantic C.	114	572
Alice Duggan, Greenwich	114	572
G. C. Roach, Buffalo	107	553
Mrs. A. W. Dick, Worcester	114	542
Mrs. H. S. Brown, Scarsdale	113	503
Mrs. Cia Craft, Tulsa	92	500
Margaret Eaton, Rochester	103	497
Florence Martin, Phillipston	102	460
Ruth Yeaw, Greenfield	102	444
Mrs. Williamina Grant, Worcester	98	442
Esther Johnson, Amherst	97	441
Mrs. E. W. Prentz, Melrose	71	379
Frances Sanford, Springfield	84	370
Mrs. P. H. Ball, Deerfield	86	350
Mrs. F. E. Walls, Melrose	74	326
Françoise Queneau, New Rochelle	77	303
Lora Haywood, Pittsfield	54	339
Mrs. D. B. Wakelee, Melrose	50	216

FARMER TO TAKE CHARGE LATER

NEW HAVEN, Conn., July 5 (AP)—Although Malcolm Farmer, Hartford manufacturer, officially became director of Yale athletics July 1, he will not take active charge of the department until fall, it was learned over the week-end Farmer visited the athletic offices but found little business to require his attention.

CAREY SETS DIRT TRACK RECORD

SYRACUSE, N. Y., July 5 (AP)—Rain interrupted qualifying rounds for the 100-mile dirt track championship of the American Automobile Association over the week-end, at the State Fair Grounds, after Bob Carey set a track record in his trial spin of one mile. His time was 40 82-100s.

A. A. U. MATMEN CLOSE BIG MEET

Van Bebber, Outstanding Performer of Tourney, Wins Bouts by Falls

Special from Monitor Bureau

NEW YORK, July 5—A final session lasting from two in the afternoon until dawn the following morning brought the wrestling championships of the Amateur Athletic Union of the United States, held at the Madison Square Garden Bowl and in the Garden itself, to completion Saturday. The final bout, between Jack F. Van Bebber of the Los Angeles A. C. and Charles Manoli of the Boston Y. M. C. U., which gave Van Bebber, the defending champion, his second victory in the 158-pound class, was ended with a rolling body lock. Van Bebber had been the outstanding performer of the week, winning every one of his bouts by falls.

One other 1931 champion was listed in the final victories, when Joseph Sapora, 118-pound winner then, captured his first title in the 123-pound class, representing the New York Athletic Club. Two other Winged-Foot men were also listed among the champions, Joseph Schutt winning in the 174-pound class, with Louis Putrin coming through at 191 pounds.

The complete list of the champions and those competing in the finals who captured other places and thereby qualified for the final Olympic tryouts were as follows:

118-Pound Class—Won by Louis Conti, Lenox Hill A. A., New York; Alexander Reile, West Side Y. M. C. A., New York; second; Alvin Letowt, New York A. C., third. Other finalists—James Abras, University of Miami, and Walter Partington, Attleboro, Mass.

123-Pound Class—Won by Joseph Sapora, New York A. C.; George W. Ashford, U. S. Naval Academy, second; Ben Perry, Pioneer A. C., Stillwater, Okla., third. Other finalists—Arthur Bartels, New York A. C., and Francis Millard, North Adams Y. M. C. A., and James Ragusen, New York A. C.

134-Pound Class—Won by Joseph Fickel, Kansas State College; Zigmond Letowt, New York A. C., second; John Norden, Woburn Vikings, third. Other finalists—Franz Sharer, Cambridge Y. M. C. A., and John Parnakides, Hermes A. C., New York.

145-Pound Class—Won by Ben Bishop, Lehigh University; J. W. Bezeley, U. S. Naval Academy, second; Al Odenheimer, Donald Bird, A. A. U., third. Other finalists—Andres Swanson, New York A. C.; Arlie Tomlinson, Pioneer A. C., and William C. Latrobe, U. S. Naval Academy.

158-Pound Class—Won by Jack F. Van Bebber, Los Angeles A. C.; Charles Manoli, Boston Y. M. C. U., second; Nikalaus Schwaiger, First German A. C., Philadelphia, third. Other finalists, Orrin Clark, New York A. C.; John W. Dpam, University of Florida, and Ray Perker, Detroit, Mich.

174-Pound Class—Won by Joseph Schutt, New York A. C.; Allie L. Moore, U. S. Naval Academy, second; Arden T. Jansen, University of California, third. Other finalists, Conrad Caldwell, Los Angeles A. C.; Lloyd Ricks, Pioneer A. C., Stillwater, Okla., and Robert Russell, Cambridge Y. M. C. A.

191-Pound Class—Won by Louis Putrin, New York A. C.; Gilbert Frei, New York A. C., second; Evan Lindstrom, University of Miami, third. Other finalists, V. E. Miles, East Orange Y. M. C. A.; J. C. Ballard, Washington Y. M. C. A., and Gordon Dupree, Pioneer A. C., Stillwater, Okla.

Heavyweight Class—Won by Louis A. Hammack, U. S. Army; Charles McKinney, New York A. C., second; Peter Wiczkowski, New York A. C., third. Other finalists, Philip Nicholson, Mercersburg Academy; Aram Salesian, New York A. C., and Lawrence A. Fogarty, Attleboro Y. M. C. A.

BRITISH OLYMPIC TRACKMEN PICKED

LONDON, July 5 (Canadian Press)—A strong track team that includes four British Empire athletic titleholders was chosen over the week-end to represent Great Britain in the Olympic Games at Los Angeles.

The winners at the British Empire Games at Hamilton, Ont., two years ago, who also scored in the British A. A. A. championships just concluded at the White City, are Lord David Burghley, 120- and 440-yard hurdles; T. Hampson, half-mile; R. H. Thomas, mile, and S. L. Englehart, 220-yard titleholder.

Lord Burghley will captain the English team, which is as follows:

100 Meters—F. P. Reid, English champion; Fuller and Page.

200 Meters—Reid, English champion; Englehart, Empire champion, and Fuller.

400 Meters—T. Hampson, Stoneley, English champion, and either G. L. Rampling or Powell.

800 Meters—Hampson, Empire and English champion, and Powell.

1500 Meters—R. H. Thomas, Empire champion, and Connes, English champion.

5000 Meters—Burns, Bailey and Evenson.

Steeplechase—Bailey and Evenson.

50,000-Meter Walk—Green.

Marathon—McLeod Wright, Empire champion, and Ferris.

110-Meter Hurdles—Lord Burghley, Empire champion; Finlay, English champion, and Harper.

400-Meter Hurdles—Lord Burghley, Empire and English champion.

Relay teams for 400 and 1600 meters to be chosen from above.

CAMBRIDGE BATS 356 RUNS FOR SEVEN

By Press Wireless from Monitor Bureau

LONDON, July 5 — The first day of the ninety-fourth intervarsity cricket match at Lord's Ground here yesterday was occupied entirely by the sedate Cambridge batting, which produced 356 runs for seven wickets. The Light Blues won the toss for choice of innings for the seventh successive year, and decided to bat first upon a perfect wicket.

As Oxford's bowling and fielding were undistinguished, the proceedings were not tremendously entertaining, and would indeed have been definitely dull but for the interest occasioned by D R. Wilcox's meritorious 157. It wasn't a dashing innings, but it was neat and safe and grew less restrained as it went on. It was an exceedingly sparkling effort, however, compared with Alan Ratcliffe's 64, not out.

It may be recalled that last season Ratcliffe, included in the Cambridge side at the last minute, shattered a 27-year-old record for high individual scoring in an intervarsity match by making 201, only to see this new figure surpassed for Oxford the following day by the Nawab of Pataudi, famous Indian player, with 238 not out.

Yesterday Ratcliffe batted as if runs were quite a minor consideration. He took half an hour to score 10, two hours to score 36, and three hours to score 50, and altogether was at the wicket three hours and 35 minutes. This was decidedly flattering to Oxford.

The other Cambridge scores were 45 by A. G. Hazlerigg, 35 by J. H. Human, 15 by R. DeK. Winlaw, 12 by W. H. Webster, 8 by A. W. G. Hadingham, and 2 by E. W. Cawston. Ext

PRESSURE IS MOST SEVERE ON UTILITIES

Sharp Break in American Telephone Unsettles Stock Market

NEW YORK, July 5 (AP)—A pronounced slump in the stock market at the resumption of trading today was soon checked, and the list drifted wearily around the bottom levels of the June trading range.

Utilities, food and chemical stocks were again soft spots. The list turned extremely dull after the first half hour. Rallying tendencies failed to develop. Business news over the three-day suspension dealt largely with mid-year quiet and failed to provide market impetus.

American Telephone tumbled more than 3 points, but met support at its old low.

The sharp decline flattened out in the late trading, but prices failed to rally materially.

Losses of 1 to 2 points were recorded by American Can, American Water Works, Case, Corn Products, du Pont, National Biscuit, and U. S. Steel.

American Telephone, Consolidated Gas and Union Pacific were off around 2 to 3. Eastman lost more than 3, reaching a new low. Shell Union Oil preferred was an exception, rallying 4 points.

The turnover approximated 600,000 shares.

Rails generally held up well, as did oils. A few of the coppers were up fractionally. Royal Dutch firmed, both in this market and London.

Why Telephone Slumped

The slump in American Telephone was attributed in some quarters to the ordering of a temporary telephone rate reduction of 12½ per cent in Wisconsin, pending definite settlement of the rate case in that State.

Some brokerage quarters were inclined to link selling of the Electric Power stocks with the nomination of Governor Roosevelt, in view of his stand on power regulation. There was virtually nothing in the news to account for the improved tone in coppers. Copper metal was a little firmer in London, but that was attributed here to the decline in sterling exchange.

Oils reflected further indications of crude production curtailment, and reports that the conference of British, Roumanian and American producers in Paris had made definite progress.

The weekly freight car loadings report, showing a reduction of 19,610 cars from the previous week, more than canceling its earlier gain of 16,649 cars, was regarded as tending to confirm the view that the improvement in this barometer for the week ended June 18 merely reflected a movement of merchandise in anticipation of the excise taxes which took effect June 21.

Steel production has fallen to 15 per cent of capacity or less, although orders for structural steel last week were said to be the third best for 1932 to date.

Lausanne was watched closely for constructive developments, and the action of foreign bonds provided some optimism, although New York bankers were inclined to withhold judgment, while the conference remained in its acute bargaining phase.

Bonds Are Strong

An increasing number of investors today sought out the sheltered safety of tax-exempt United States Government bonds which under leadership of Liberty 3½s moved higher.

The Liberty 3½s went to a new high for the year. Good buying also appeared in other bonds of the Liberty group and in United States Treasury obligations. Quick oversubscription of the new offering of $16,000,000 Federal Intermediate Credit Bank's 2½ per cent collateral trust debentures attested the improved demand for tax-exempts.

Recent developments at the international conference in Lausanne had direct effect on foreign government bonds. German 5½s and 7s raced up sharply, the 7s advancing more than 4 points at one time, but these gains were partly lost. The Italian proposal for cancellation of reparations payments aroused widespread interest, although in some quarters it was reasoned that early settlement of this problem is still unlikely.

South American issues were in fairly brisk demand, sharp gains being recorded by Colombia, Chile, Sao Paulo and Uruguay bonds.

Domestic corporate bonds were mixed. After an early advance, American Telephone issues turned reactionary. Selling also appeared in Chile Copper 5s, Armour & Co. 4½s and a scattering of railroad issues.

Despite another dip in freight car loadings, however, the carriers generally showed a firm undertone. Good gains were scored by Allegheny Corporation 5s, Sante Fe 4s, Chicago & Northwestern 4¾s, Nickel Plate 4½s and Missouri Pacific 5½s.

The industrials were quiet, but steady.

DIVIDENDS

Teck-Hughes Gold Mines, Ltd., declared a dividend of 15 cents, payable Aug. 1 to stock of record July 15.

Bangor Hydro-Electric Company declared the regular quarterly dividend of 50 cents, payable Aug. 1 to stock of record July 10.

S. H. Kress & Co. declared the regular quarterly dividend of 25 cents on the common, payable Aug. 1 to stock of record July 20.

Century Ribbon Mills Company declared the regular quarterly dividend of $1.75 on the preferred, payable Sept. 1 to stock of record Aug. 20.

Outlet Company, Providence department store, declared the quarterly dividends of $1.75 on first preferred, $1.50 on second preferred and $1 on the common stock, all payable Aug. 1 to stock of record July 20.

LONDON WOOL SALES

LONDON, July 5 (AP)—There was a large attendance at the opening of the fifth wool auction, and the good selection offered met with animated competition from the home trade and the continent at firm to dearer rates. Merinos and crossbreds were 5 to 7½ per cent dearer, slipes 5 to 10 per cent. Cape of Good Hope and Natals par to 5 per cent, and South Americans 5 per cent higher, all compared with the closing rates of the last series. Of the 10,729 bales offered, 8229 were sold.

RUBBER FROM BRITISH COLONIES

NEW YORK, July 5 (AP) Rubber shipments from growing British territories in the Far East were lower in June. British Malaya exported a gross total of 36,566 tons of crude rubber, as compared with 40,297 in May and 39,397 in June, 1931, according to the Rubber Exchange of New York.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET

Closing Prices

1932 High	1932 Low	Div. in $		Sales	High	Low	Last July 5	Last July 1
9¼	1½	..	Abitibi pf	300	2	2	2	..
5¾	1¾	..	Adams Express	100	3	3	3	3½
1⅝	..	..	Adams Exp pf	20	22	22	22	..
70	22	..	Addressograph	200	10½	10½	10½	10
13	10	1	Air Reduction	3100	32¾	31½	32¾	32¾
102½	32½	4½g	Airway Elec App	300	⅞	⅞	⅞	..
2	⅞	..	Alaska-Juneau	14100	10¼	8¾	10¼	1⅞
16⅝	7¾	.80	Alleghany Corp	700	⅝	½	⅝	..
3⅛	⅜	..	Allid Chem	9100	47	45½	46⅝	47⅝
87½	42½	6t	Allis Chalmers	200	5	4¾	4¾	5
13⅝	4	.80	Amerada	200	14½	14½	14½	..
16½	12	2	Am Bank Note	300	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼
18½	5¾	..	Am Beet Sug pf	50	1¾	1¾	1¾	..
3½	½	..	Am Brake SOP	400	7¾	7¾	7¾	8
15½	6¾	.80	Am Brake S&F pf	10	42½	42½	42½	..
90	42	7	Am Can	19300	33½	32¼	32½	33⅜
73½	39⅝	8t	Am Car & Fdry	400	4¼	3⅝	3⅝	4
8⅜	3¼	..	Am Car & F pf	10	18	18	18	17⅝
49½	16½	7	Am Chicle	100	22	22	22	23
37⅝	18	3t	Am Colortype	400	3⅞	3⅝	3⅝	..
6	3¾	..	Am & For Pow	700	2¼	2	2¼	2
9¼	2	..	Am & For Pow 7	400	5½	5	5	5⅛
38½	5	..	Am & For Pw 2pf	100	3¼	3¼	3¼	..
27¼	2⅝	..	Am Ice	300	11	10⅝	10⅝	10¾
21⅛	11	2	Am International	400	3	3	3	..
8½	2⅝	..	Am Locomotive	500	3¾	3⅜	3⅜	3⅝
9⅛	4	..	Am Loco pf	400	19½	19	19	..
44⅜	20½	7	Am Metal	100	2½	2½	2½	..
6⅜	1⅝	..	Am Metal 6%	30	10	10	10	..
19½	9	..	Am Power & Lt	1500	4⅝	4	4	4
16⅞	3¾	1	Am P&L pf A	400	11	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞
49¾	10½	5	Am Radiator	2500	3⅜	3⅛	3⅛	3⅜
8½	3⅛	..	Am Rolling Mill	100	4	4	4	4⅛
13	3	..	Am Smelt & Ref	1500	7⅞	6⅞	7⅛	6⅝
18⅝	5½	..	Am Smelt&R 2pf	500	15	15	15	..
95	15	..	Am Smelt & R pf	200	23	23	23	23
85	22	..	Am Steel Fdries	400	3½	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
8⅜	3	..	Am Stores	100	24⅜	24⅜	24⅜	..
36⅜	20	2½g	Am Tel & Tel	21200	78⅝	75½	76⅝	78⅛
137⅝	75½	9	Am Type Fndrs	100	5	5	5	..
25	5	..	Am Type F pf	20	13	12	13	13
70	12	..	Am Wat W&E	1100	12½	11½	11⅞	12½
34½	7	2	Am Woolen	200	2	2	2	..
5⅜	1⅜	..	Anaconda Cop	9000	3⅝	3⅜	3⅜	3½
12⅜	3	..	Anchor Cap	100	8	8	8	..
17½	5¼	1.20	Archer Daniels	600	10	10	10	..
12	7	1	Armour Del pf	100	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	..
44	24	7	Armour Ill A	100	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞
2	⅝	..	Armour Ill B	100	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞
1½	⅜	..	Armour Ill pf	100	7	7	7	7
4½	3⅝	..	Asso Dry Goods	200	3½	3	3½	..
8¼	3	..	Atchison T&SF	4200	19¾	18½	19⅜	20
94	17⅞	..	Atchison pf	100	39¾	39¾	39¾	46½
86	39¾	5	Atl Coast Line	400	10½	10½	10½	11
41½	9¾	..	Atl Refining	400	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾
127⅞	8⅝	1	Auburn Auto	7500	48	43⅜	46⅝	48
151¾	28¾	4t	Aviation Corp Del	400	2	1⅞	1⅞	2
3½	1½	..						
			—B—					
8½	2	..	Baldwin Loco	100	2¾	2¾	2¾	2⅞
21⅜	3¾	..	Balt & Ohio	4300	5½	5	5½	4⅝
41½	6⅛	..	Balt & Ohio pf	100	6¼	6¼	6¼	6½
5⅞	3⅜	1	Barnsdall A	400	4¼	4	4¼	4¼
43½	10	2	Beatrice Cream	100	17¼	17¼	17¼	..
4¾	3⅝	..	Belding Hem	200	4	4	4	4
18⅜	4½	..	Bendix Aviation	2700	5½	4⅞	5⅛	5
24⅜	7¼	..	Bethlehem Steel	1800	8¾	8	8½	8¼
23¼	5	..	Bohn Alum & Br	400	6	5⅝	5⅞	..
43⅜	20⅜	20t	Borden	5800	21⅛	20½	21¼	21⅝
12½	3⅜	..	Borg Warner	100	5	4	4	3⅞
11¾	3	..	Briggs Mfg	100	3⅝	3½	3⅝	4
50¼	10¾	..	Brooklyn Man T	400	15¼	15⅛	15⅛	15¼
58	23¼	..	Brooklyn Q pf	200	30	30	30	..
89½	49¼	5	Brooklyn Un Gas	400	53	53	53	53
2	½	..	Brunn Terminal	400	..	½	½	½
5	1½	..	Bucyrus Erie	200	2	1¾	2	..
13	6¼	.80	Burroughs Add	400	6⅞	6¾	6⅞	6¾
65	9½	7	Bush Term deb	70	11	10½	10½	10¼
⅞	½	..	Butte &Superior	100	½	½	½	..
19	7½	..	Byers	400	9¾	8⅝	8⅝	9¾
			—C—					
11⅞	4¼	..	Calif Packing	100	5½	5½	5½	5
7⅛	2½	..	Campbell Wy&C	100	2¾	2¾	2¾	..
4	1½	..	Calumet & Hecla	400	2	2	2	..
13½	6⅜	1.20	Canada Dry	100	8¾	8¾	8¾	9
20⅜	6½	1¼	Canadian Pacific	4200	9½	9¼	9½	9½
20	10⅜	1.60	Cannon Mills	100	11	11	11	..
43⅜	16⅜	..	Case Thresh	4800	22⅝	21⅞	22½	22¾
75	30	7	Case Thresh pf	10	35	35	35	33
15	4½	.80	Caterpillar Trac	400	5	4⅞	5	4⅞
5	1	..	Celanese Corp	200	2½	2½	2½	..
6¼	2½	..	Century Ribbon	400	4½	4	4	4½
15	4	..	Cerro de Pasco	400	4⅝	4½	4½	4⅝
7	¼	..	Checker Cab Mfg	400	2½	2	2	2
70⅝	4⅞	2	Chesapeake Corp	300	5	5	5	5½
31½	9⅞	2½	Ches & Ohio	3000	10¼	9⅞	9⅞	10¼
3¼	⅜	..	Chi Mil & St P	100	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞
15¼	1⅛	..	Chi Mil & St P pf	100	1¼	1¼	1¼	..
13⅝	2	..	Chi & N western	400	2⅝	2½	2½	2½
16⅜	2	..	Chi Rock Isl & P	400	2½	2¼	2½	2¼
24½	2	..	Chi RI&P 6%	400	4	4	4	3¾
15⅞	5	1	Chrysler	6100	6¼	5¾	5⅞	6⅛
28⅛	14⅜	3.60	City Ice & Fuel	300	15⅛	14⅝	14⅝	15
2¾	¼	..	City Stores	800	¼	¼	¼	..
31½	11	2½	Colgate-Palm-P	400	11¼	11¼	11¼	11¼
10⅞	2⅜	..	Collins & Aikman	200	3	3	3	3
16⅛	4¼	1	Columbia Gas	6100	6⅜	6	6¼	6⅜
41⅞	15½	3	Columbian Carb	400	16⅜	16⅜	16⅜	17⅜
1¾	1½	1¾	Comm Cred pf 7%	10	12½	12½	12½	..
27⅞	10⅛	..	Comm Inv Tr	200	12	12	12	..
77	58½	6	Comm I Tr cv pf	100	57⅜	57⅜	57⅜	..
10¼	3½	.60	Comm Solvents	1900	4¾	4½	4⅝	5
4⅞	1⅝	.30	Comwlth & So	9700	2½	2	2½	2
68½	27⅜	6	Comwlth&S 6pf	300	35¾	35¾	35¾	35⅝
11	6½	1	Congoleum Nairn	1400	7¼	6⅞	7	6¾
68¾	31⅜	4	Consol Gas	19400	37	35¼	36⅜	38
95	72½	5	Consol Gas pf	800	84¼	84	84	84¼
10⅞	5	1	Consol Laundries	500	5⅜	5	5⅜	..
7⅛	4	..	Consol Oil	3600	5¼	5	5¼	5
1	⅛	..	Cont Baking B	500	⅜	⅜	⅜	..
41	17⅜	2½	Cont Can	1200	20⅜	19	19⅝	20⅜
4¾	3	..	Cont Dia Fibre	200	3	3	3	..
25¼	6¾	1.20	Cont Insurance	200	9	9	9	9
7	3⅜	..	Cont Oil	1100	4½	4¼	4¼	4¼
47⅜	28½	3	*Corn Products	4900	26⅝	25⅝	26⅝	27½
129½	90½	7	Corn Prod pf	100	107⅞	107⅞	107⅞	..
4¾	1⅜	..	Cot'y	1700	2¼	1¾	1⅞	1½
15⅞	7⅞	1.20	Crown Cork & S	1900	14	13½	13½	13⅜
24	17⅜	2.70	Crown Cork pf	100	18	18	18	19⅜
49⅜	15	..	Crucible Steel pf	10	15½	15½	15½	15½
3¾	⅜	..	Cuban Am Sug	200	..	1	1	..
25½	20	*2½g	Cudahy Packing	100	20¾	20¾	20¾	20¼
2¾	⅞	..	Curtiss-Wright	800	1	⅞	⅞	⅞
3⅞	1½	..	Curtiss-Wright A	400	1¾	1¾	1¾	1⅝
			—D—					
5¼	1	..	Davison Chem	900	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾
5¼	4	.60	Daveza Stores	100	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	..
15½	6¼	.40	Deere & Co pf	100	6¼	6¼	6¼	6½
28¾	8½	..	Del Lack & W	200	9½	9	9	..
122	60	8	Detroit Edison	300	61	60	60	..
15⅞	12	1	Diamond Match	100	14½	14½	14½	14½
24½	20½	1½g	Diamond M pf	100	22	22	22	22
11⅜	7½	1.20	Dome Mines	900	10½	9½	10¼	9
15⅞	5	1	Douglas A	100	5¼	5¼	5¼	..
59¾	22½	3	du Pont de Nem	12700	23⅞	22¼	23⅛	23¾
105	80¾	6	du Pont deb	400	87	86	87	85½
			—E—					
87⅞	36¼	5	Eastman Kodak	12600	39⅝	36¼	37⅜	40⅝
119½	104¾	6	Eaton Axle & Sp	20	107	105	105	..
8	3	..	Elec Auto-Lite	1800	9½	9	9½	10½
4	⅞	..	Elec & Mus Ind	1400	1⅜	1⅛	1⅜	1⅛
15⅜	2⅞	..	Elec Pow & Lt	1600	3	2⅞	3	3
33¼	12⅜	3	Elec Sto Battery	200	19	18¼	19	..
36⅛	19½	3	Endicott Johnson	100	19½	19½	19½	..
10	2	..	Erie RR	800	3	3	3	..
13½	2⅜	..	Erie RR 1pf	100	3	3	3	..
			—F—					
14	6½	.60	Fed Dept Stores	200	6½	6½	6½	7
64	30	6	Fed Lt & Tr pf	20	30	30	30	..
10⅜	2	..	Fed Water Serv	100	3	3	3	3
27¾	6	1.20	Fidelity Phe F In	200	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾
59½	45½	6	Firestone T&R pf	100	46	46	46	..
53	37	2½	First Nat Stores	400	40½	40¼	40¼	41¾
4½	1	..	Foundation	200	1½	1	1	..
3⅜	1½	..	Fox Film A	300	1½	1½	1½	..
18½	10	2	Freeport Texas	100	10¾	10¾	10¾	10⅞
			—G—					
15½	4¾	1	Gen Asphalt	100	6¼	6¼	6¼	6
19⅝	10½	2	Gen Baking	200	11⅜	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛
16½	3⅝	..	Gen Cable pf	10	4¼	4¼	4½	..
26⅛	8⅝	.40	Gen Electric	18600	9¾	9¼	9¾	10
11⅛	10⅜	.60	Gen Elec Sp	500	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾
40½	19⅜	3	Gen Foods	3400	20½	20	20	20¾
2¾	⅛	..	Gen Gas & E A	400	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜
24¾	3	6	Gen G & E cv pf	100	3½	3½	3½	..
37	28	3	Gen Mills	500	30½	30	30	30½
24⅝	7⅝	1	Gen Motors	8100	8	7⅞	7⅞	8
87¼	54¼	5	*Gen Mot 5% pf	200	59½	59	59½	60
60	27½	6	Gen Print Ink pf	10	4	4	4	..
16	8	..	Gen Steel C pf	50	9	9	9	..
24¼	10⅜	1	Gillette Saf Raz	2400	12⅞	12¼	12⅞	13
68½	45	5	Gillette S R pf	400	46½	46½	46½	..
2½	⅞	..	Gimbel Bros	100	⅞	⅞	⅞	..
54	35	7	Glidden pf	10	39	39	39	39¾
6½	2⅝	..	Gobel (Adolf)	800	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾
19⅜	8¼	1.60	Gold Dust	1600	10½	10	10	10½
17	7	..	Goodrich pf	100	8	8	8	..
18¾	5½	..	Goodyear	200	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	6½
61	19¾	..	Goodyear 1 pf	200	19¾	19¾	19¾	19⅝
14¾	7¼	..	Gotham Silk Hos	4800	16	14	16	14
4⅜	1	..	Graham Paige	1600	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
13½	6¾	1	Granite City Stl	100	7¼	7¼	7¼	..
30¼	14½	1	Grant (WT)	400	15½	15½	15½	15½
25	5½	..	Great Nor pf	100	6	6	6½	6⅝
13¼	5	..	Great Nor Ore	800	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	..
3½	3	..	Guan Sug pf	40	4½	4½	4½	..
8	2½	..	Gulf States Steel	400	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	..
			—H—					
28	19	1¾	Hack W pf A	30	21⅞	21⅞	21⅞	..
2½	¾	..	Hahn Dept Sto	600	¾	¾	¾	..
10	7½	..	Hahn D S pf	100	7½	7½	7½	..
11½	4	.30	Hall Printing	100	4½	4½	4½	..
70	33	7	Hanna (MA) pf	70	36	36	36	..
28½	14⅞	2	Hercules Powder	100	15	15	15	14⅞
83	44	6	Hershey Choc	400	44⅜	44	44⅜	45
83	57	5	Hershey Choc pf	400	59½	59½	59½	..
131¾	110	9	Homestake M	900	121	119¾	121	120
24⅜	8¾	..	Houston Oil	400	10	10	10	10
5½	1⅝	..	Houston Oil new	100	2	2	2	2⅛
16½	5	.40	Howe Sound	900	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	..
30¾	8	3½	Hudson & Man	100	13	13	13	12¾
48	24½	5	Hud & Man pf	100	30	30	30	..
11¾	2⅞	..	Hudson Motor	400	4⅝	4½	4⅝	4¾
			—I—					
18¼	4¾	..	Ill Central	700	6½	6	6	6½
38⅜	7½	2	Indus Rayon	400	8	8	8	8
39½	14¾	3	Ingersoll-Rand	1200	18½	17¼	17¼	18
3⅞	1	.28	Insuranshare Md	200	1½	1½	1½	..
4¼	1¾	..	Interlake Iron	100	1¾	1¾	1¾	..
117	60	6t	Int Business M	500	62⅞	61¾	62½	64⅜
18¾	3⅝	..	Int Cement	100	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	..
29¾	11	1.80	Int Harvester	1800	11⅞	11⅜	11⅝	11½
108	68⅜	7	Int Harvester pf	300	69½	69½	69⅝	69½

1932 High	1932 Low	Div. in $		Sales	High	Low	Last July 5	Last July 1
11⅝	3½	6	Int Hydroelec	400	3	3	3	3½
9¼	3½	..	Int Nickel	24600	4⅞	4½	4⅝	4⅛
4	⅞	..	Int Merc Marine	300	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	..
86	50	7	Int Nickel pf	300	53	52½	53½	..
2½	½	..	Int Pap&Pow A	100	⅝	⅝	⅝	..
11	2	..	Int Pap&Pow pf	100	2½	2½	2½	..
44⅜	32	3	Int Shoe	700	32¼	33	33	32⅞
13¼	3⅜	..	Int Tel & Tel	3800	3⅝	3¼	3¼	3¼
			—J—					
25⅛	10	..	Johns Manville	900	11	10⅞	11	11⅝
			—K—					
23¾	5	2	Kan C & So pf	300	9	9	9	..
9⅜	4½	..	Kayser (J) & Co	400	5	5	5	4⅞
2½	½	..	Kelly-Springfield	100	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞
4½	1	..	Kelsey Hayes W	300	1	1	1	1
10⅜	2¾	..	Kelvinator Corp	400	2⅞	2¾	2⅞	3
13	4⅞	..	Kennecott Cop	5600	8¾	8¼	8½	8¼
19	6⅛	1	Kresge	2800	7½	6⅞	6¾	6⅞
2	9/16	..	Kreuger & Toll	200	½	½	½	..
18⅞	10	1	Kroger Groc & B	400	11	11	11	10¾
			—L—					
2⅜	1¼	..	Lee Rubber	100	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
75	47	7	Lehigh P Cem pf	100	48¼	48¼	48¼	..
8	3¾	..	Libbey-Owens-F	100	4	4	4	..
22	9	..	Liquid Carbonic	100	11¾	11¾	11¾	11¼
34	13½	1t	Loew's Inc	3600	16⅛	14⅝	15	15½
4⅜	1⅞	..	Loft Inc	100	2	2	2	2
36⅜	16½	3t	Loose-Wiles Bisc	400	17	17	17	16½
32⅝	7½	..	Louisville & N	1200	10½	9½	10½	..
5	1½	..	Ludlum Steel	100	2½	2½	2½	..
20	6½	..	Ludlum Stl cv pf	100	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	..
			—M—					
21	10	2	McCall Corp	200	12	12	12	..
62	20	6	McCrory pf	10	23	23	23	..
7½	2½	..	McGraw-Hill	100	2½	2½	2½	..
16½	13	1	McInTyre Porcu	900	15⅝	15	15⅝	14⅝
62¼	28	4	McKeesport Tin	700	32¼	31⅞	32¼	33
4	½	..	McLellan Stores	900	⅞	½	⅞	⅞
18½	10	1	Meck Trucks	400	12⅛	12	12	12
60½	17	2	Macy (RH) & Co	400	19½	18⅞	18⅞	19¼
3¾	2½	..	Madison Sq Gar	100	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2¾
8¾	4½	.50	Magma Copper	100	5	5	5	..
20¾	4	..	Man Elv mg	800	5½	5	5	5¾
7	1½	..	Man Shirt	900	4	4	4	..
12¼	6½	.80	Marine Mid	400	6⅞	6⅝	6⅞	6⅞
20⅞	9	1.50	Mathieson Alkali	900	10	9¼	9¼	10
20	9⅝	1.80	May Dept Stores	600	9¾	9½	9¾	..
8¼	3	..	Maytag pf ww	100	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	..
18	8	1.60	Melville Shoe	100	9	9	9	..
6½	3¾	..	Mid-Cont Pet	400	4½	4½	4½	4½
21⅞	3¼	..	Mo K&T pf	200	4½	4½	4½	4¾
11¼	3½	..	Montgom Ward	3600	4¾	4¼	4¼	4⅜
1	¼	..	Moto Met Gauge	300	⅜	⅜	⅜	..
27	5	..	Mullins pf	50	8	8	8	..
9⅞	2⅛	..	Murray Body	700	2½	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
			—N—					
19⅛	8	2	Nash Motors	400	9⅜	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛
130	20½	2.80	Nat Biscuit	12700	22	20¼	20⅞	22
130	101	7	Nat Biscuit pf	2400	107	106	106	107¼
14⅝	6½	..	Nat Cash Reg	400	7½	7½	7½	7
31⅜	14⅜	2.80	Nat Dairy Prod	6800	15¼	14⅜	15⅛	15
138	90	7	Nat Lead pf A

STEEL TRADE ACTIVITY IS STILL LOWER

Operations Under 15 P. C. —Tin Plate Mills Busiest—Exports Gain

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

NEW YORK, July 5—Lowering prices have featured the steel and metal markets over the last week. Lead has been reduced in price, the first price change in that metal since March 23. Silver has declined to new low levels for the year. Where price changes take place in the steel industry they are downward.

Operations in the steel industry are under 15 per cent of capacity, but because of the season of the year sharp declines at this time are not surprising. In fact the pace may get down to a 10 per cent rate before improvement sets in. No rises in the pace are expected until after the middle of July. The present operating rate in the industry is at the lowest for the present century, if not for all time.

The largest live steel project continues to be some 55,000 tons of steel plates which are to be fabricated into outlet pipes for the Hoover dam. Though the low bidder on the fabrication of this steel has been announced complications have developed because of the allegation that the successful bidder has infringed on patents.

Federal Contracts Feature

The important part which governmental contracts play in the fabricated structural steel markets of these days is revealed in the figures of a recent week. Total lettings for the country as a whole were 28,000 tons, of which 21,900 tons was represented by governmental contracts. Among the important recent awards have been 330 tons for a highway bridge in Orange County, New Jersey, to the American Bridge Company, and 200 tons for a Sheffield Arms Company building at Union City, N. J.

The tin plate producers continue to be the busiest among the makers of finished steel, their pace being 50 per cent of capacity. The American Radiator Company has just started up its Buffalo plant after an idleness of two months, thus providing employment for more than 250 men. That is a second large industrial enterprise to resume in the Buffalo area recently. It should mean a stimulus to pig iron consumption in the district.

Automobile production has gained consistently up to the first of the month, though the gains per week have been very slight. However, during July and August a considerable shrinkage in production is expected.

Exports Again Increase

Exports of iron and steel by United States manufacturers increased last month for the third successive time, amounting to 80,477 tons, the largest for any month since last July, according to the figures issued by the Department of Commerce. Imports came to 39,751 tons, which was an increase following the decline of the preceding month.

Japan was far in the lead as a customer of the United States, taking 41,922 tons, compared with only 17,640 tons which was shipped to Canada, formerly our best customer. The great preponderance of shipments to Japan consisted of iron and steel scrap. Among the iron and steel imports pig iron showed the greatest gain over April, or by about 7000 tons. This was due to extra large deliveries of British and Dutch iron to the cast iron pipe makers along the Delaware River.

Belgium was the principal source of supply of steel to the United States at 8230 tons, compared with 7201 tons from the Netherlands and 5718 tons from the United Kingdom. The importance of iron and steel scrap as an exported product is shown by the figures of 45,000 tons whereas the next most prominent product was black steel sheets at 5091 tons.

Non-Ferrous Markets

The principal development among the non-ferrous metal industries was the withdrawal from membership in Copper Exporters, Inc., of some of the prominent foreign members such as the International Nickel Company, the Chile Copper Company and the Cerro de Pasco Company. These withdrawals have been due to the imposition of a 4-cent duty on copper.

Prices of the metals have weakened considerably. Thus the export price of 5½ cents on copper has given way to the price of 5⅛ cents on the part of the independent producers who have withdrawn from the export body.

With both lead and zinc breaking through their accustomed price levels the metal markets have indeed a weak appearance. Silver has declined to as low as 26⅝c an ounce, the bottom point for this year.

Tin is the exception to the metals generally from a trend standpoint, being strong in tone. It is rumored that a new pool is being formed at London to take care of excess tonnages.

RAILWAY EARNINGS

CHICAGO, INDIANAPOLIS & LOUISVILLE

	1932	1931
May gross	$598,400	$991,823
Net op def	87,931	*53,957
5 mos gross	3,433,036	4,906,061
Net op def	246,852	*152,356

*Income.

FARM PRODUCTS PRICES DROP

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, July 5—The general average of prices paid to farmers for their products fell to another new level June 15 when it reached 52 per cent of the prewar level, the Department of Agriculture says in its latest summary of farm prices. All groups of farm products except fruits and vegetables declined from May 15 to June 15, the department says, dairy products leading the drop. At 52 per cent of prewar prices the price index is figured 28 points lower than one year ago.

BUNKER HILL TO CUT OUTPUT

Bunker Hill & Sullivan Mining & Concentrating Company, one of the largest lead producers in the United States, will reduce output 20 per cent immediately. This will lower its monthly output about 900 tons.

CARBOLOY COMPANY CUTS PRICES

DETROIT, July 5—The Carboloy Company, Inc., a subsidiary of the General Electric Company, announces a general reduction in the price of Carboloy cemented carbide tools and raw metal.

New York Bond Market

(Quotations to 1:50 p. m.)

	High	Low
Alleghany Corp 5s '44	10¼	10
Alleghany Corp 5s '50	5	5
Amer Chain deb 6s '33	40	40
Amer & Foreign Pow 5s 2030	16½	15¾
Amer I G Chem 5½s '49	64	64
Amer Ice Co 5s '53	67½	67½
Amer Inter 5½s '49	64	64
Amer Metals Co 5½s '34	43	43
Amer Smelting 5s '47	76	75½
Amer Sugar Refining 6s '37	102½	102½
Amer T&T 4½s '39 cv	99	99
Amer T&T col 5s '46	100½	100⅜
Amer T&T deb 5s '60	94¾	93⅞
Amer T&T 5s '65	94¼	93¾
Amer T&T deb 5½s '43	101¼	100¾
Amer Type Founders 6s 40	46⅜	46⅜
Amer WW & Elec 5s '34	70	70
Amer WW & Elec deb 6s '75	52	52
Amer Writing Paper 6s '47	22⅛	22⅛
Armour & Co 5½s '39	62⅛	61¾
Armour & Co of Del 5½s '43	54	53⅝
Armstrong Cork 5s '40	56¼	56
Atch T&SF adj 4s '95 sta	75	74⅝
Atch T&SF gen 4s '95	82½	82
Atch T&SF 4s '05	70	70
Atch T&SF 4½s '48	77⅛	77
Atl Coast L L&N col 4s '52	30½	30
Atl Gulf & WI col 5s '59	29¼	29¼
Atl Refining deb 5s '37	93¼	93¼
Baldwin Loco 5s '40	92	92
Balt & Ohio 1st 4s '48	71	70½
Balt & Ohio 4s Tol & C div '59	37½	37½
Balt & Ohio 4½s '33	35	34¾
Balt & Ohio 4½s cv '60	16⅜	16
Balt & Ohio rfg 5s '95	31	30
Balt & Ohio 5s ct Swn div '50	53½	53½
Balt & Ohio 1st 5s ct '48	78	78
Balt & Ohio 5s series D 2000	30	30
Balt & Ohio rfg 6s '95	33½	33
Bell Tel of Pa rfg 5s '48 B	101⅞	101⅞
Bell Tel of Pa 5s '60 C	101	100¼
Beth Steel pur mon 5s '36	79⅞	79⅞
Boston & Maine 5s '67	52	52
Bklyn-Man Tr sf 6s '68	75	75
Bklyn Ed gen 5s E	101½	101
Buff R & P 4½s '57	30½	30½
Calif Gas & Elec 5s '37	100⅛	100⅛
Can Nat Ry Ry 4½s '51	77¼	76¾
Can Nat Ry 4½s '56	77½	77½
Can Nat Ry 4½s '57	76	76
Can Nat Ry 4½s '68	75½	75½
Can Nat Ry 5s July '69	82½	82½
Can Nat Ry 5s Oct '69	82¾	82½
Can North 4½s '35	91⅛	91⅛
Can North deb 6½s '46	95¼	95¼
Can North deb 7s '40	94	93¾
Can Pacific deb 4s	52½	51
Can Pacific 4½s '60	58¼	58¼
Can Pacific 5s '44	75⅞	75½
Cen District Tel 5s	103	103
Cen Hudson Gas 5s '57	100	100
Cen Pacific 1st 4s '49	66	65½
Cen Pacific 5s '60	39⅞	39⅞
Cen RR NJ gen 5s '87	75	75
Cen Steel Co 8s '41	65	65
Certain-teed 5½s '48	25	25
Ches Corp 5s '47	37½	37½
Ches & O con 5s '39	102	101
Ches & O RA 1st 4s '89	76	76
Chicago & Alton rfg 3s '49	39	39
Chicago & East Ill 5s '51	8	8
do 6s	50	49⅞
Chicago Gt West 4s '59	33	32½
Chicago M&StP 4½s rcts E '89	58½	58½
Chicago M StP&Pac adj 2000	4	3½
Chicago M StP&Pac 5s '75	16⅜	16⅜
Chicago & Nw 4½s 2037	18	16¼
Chicago & Nw 4¾s cv '49	10	9½
Chicago & Nw 6½s '36	54	54
Chicago & Nw 6½s '36	54	54
Chicago RI&P gen 4s '88	59	59
Chicago RI&P rfg 4s '34	26	26
Chicago RI&P 4½s '52 A	26½	23
Chicago RI&P 4½s cv '60	11	11
Chicago Ter Hau & SE in 5s '60	12½	12½
Chicago Un Sta 6½s C '63	104⅞	104⅞
Chicago & W Indiana 4s '52	55¾	55½
Chile Copper 5s '47	21½	21½
Cin Gas & Elec 4s '68 A	89	88⅜
Cin Ind StL & Chic RR 4s	70⅛	70⅛
Clev CC&StL gen 4s '93	64½	64½
Clev CC&StL 4½s E '77	35½	35½
Colo & So 1st rfg 4½s '35	72⅛	72
Columbia Gas & E Co 5s deb '61	66	66
Columbia Gas & E 5s '52 Apr	68¾	68¼
Columbia Gas & E 5s '52 May	68	67¾
Columbus Ry Pr L 4½s '57	81	81
Con Gas 4½s '51	91	90½
Con Gas Co deb 5½s '45	102¾	102
Consum Pow uni 5s '52	98	98
Crown Cork & Seal 6s '47	65	65
Crown Wil Paper 6s '51	59	59
Cuba RR 1st 5s '52	21¾	21¼
Cuban Dom 7½s '44 ww	3	2⅝
Cumberland T&T 5s '37	102	102
Del & Hudson 4½s rfg 4s '43	72	72
Den & Rio G con 4s '36	31	30½
Den & Rio G Wn 5s '55	7¼	7¼
Den & Rio G Wn rfg 5s '78	8½	8½
Detroit Ed col 5s '33	101¼	101¼
Detroit Ed 5s '49	99½	99½
Duquesne P & L 4½s '67	99	97⅞
Erie RR ref 5s '67	14¾	14¾
Erie RR gen 5s '75	14⅜	14⅜
Fisk Rubber 8s '41	27	27
Fla East Coast 5s '74	3½	3½
Fonda Johns & G 4½s '52	6¼	6¼
Gen Mot Acc Corp 6s '37	101¾	101⅜
Gen Petroleum 5s '40	100	100
Gen Steel Cast 5½s '49 ww	41	41
Gen Theater Equip 6s '40	2	2
Goodrich 6s '45	36	36
Goodrich 1st 6½s '47	70	70
Goodyear Tire 5s '57	68½	68
Grand Tk Ry Can 6s '36	93⅜	92⅜
Grand Tk Ry Can 7s '40	94¼	94
Great Northern 4½s '77 E	40½	40½
Great Northern 7s '36 A	55½	54½
Hudson & Man adj in 5s '57	32¼	32
Hudson & Man rfg 5s '57	69	69
Humble Oil 5½s '32	100	100
Ill Bell Tel rfg 5s '56	101¾	101¼
Ill Central 4¾s '66	23½	23½
Ill Central CStL&NO 5s A '63	24½	24¼
Ill Steel deb 4½s '40	93	93
Inland Steel 4½s B '81	61	61
Inter Hydro El 6s '44	20½	20½
Inter Rap Trans 6s '32	36½	36½
Int & G Nor 5s B '56	16	16
Int & G Nor 5s C '56	15	15
Int & G Nor adj 6s '52	3½	3½
Int Paper rfg 5s A '47	30½	30
Inv Equity Corp 5s A '47	68	66½
Int Rys Cen Am 6½s '47	19½	19
Int Tel & Tel 4½s '52	17	17
Int Tel & Tel 4½s cv '39	20¼	19¾
Int Tel & Tel 5s '55	19½	19½
Kendall Co 5½s ww '48	43	43
Kan City P & L 4½s '61	91½	91¼
Kan City P & L 4½s B	93	93
Kan City So 1st 3s '50	35¼	35¼
Kan City Term 1st 4s '60	80¾	80¾
Keith Albee Orpheum 6s '46	25⅛	25⅛
Kresge Foundation 6s '36	49½	49½
Laclede Gas 5½s '53 C	47½	47½
L'Autaro 6s '54	4	4
Lehigh Val (P) con 4s 2003	31¾	31¾
Loew's Inc 6s '41	70	67¼
Louis Arkansas 5s '69	23½	23
Louis Gas & Elec rfg 5s '52	95¼	94½
L&N uni 4s '40	74⅛	74⅛
L&N rfg 5s 2003 B	48	48
Market St Ry gold 7s '40	75½	75½
McCrory Stores 5½s '41	54	52¾
Midvale Steel col 5s '36	78½	78½
Mo Ill 5s	25	25
Mo Pacific gen 4s '75	12¾	12½
Mo Pacific 5s F '77	26	25½
Mo Pacific 5s G '78	25	25
Mo Pac 5s I. '81	25¼	25¼
Mo Pacific 5½s '49	7	6¾
Mobile & Ohio 4½s '77	3	3
Montana Power rfg 5s '43	78	78
Morris & Co 1st 4½s '39	64½	64½
Morris & Essex 3½s 2000	67	67
Nat Dairy Prod 5¼s '48	78	76¾
Nat Steel 5s	68	67¾
Newberry 5½s	53½	53½
New Eng T&T 4½s B '61	100⅜	94⅞
New Eng T&T 5s '52	100½	100½
N O Pub Ser 5s '55 B	59	59
NYC&HR gen 3½s '97	70	69⅝
NYC&HR 4½s N 2013	35½	35⅛
NYC&HR rfg & im 5s 2013	39	38
NYC&HR cv 6s '35	47¼	47
NY Chi & StL 4½s '78	15¾	15¾
NY Chi & StL 6s A '32	31	30
NY Dock Co 4s '51	49	48¾
NY Edison 5s '44	102½	102
NY Edison 5s '44	102½	102
NY Edison rfg 6½s '41	107⅞	107⅞
NY GELH&P pur m 4s '49	93¼	93
NY GELH&P 5s '48	104⅜	104⅜
NY NH&H clt 6s '40	67	67
NY NH&H cv 6s '48	63¾	63¾
NY Steam Corp 5s '56	90⅞	90⅞
NY Wchester & B 4½s '46	38	37
Norf & W con 4s '96	86¾	86
Nor Am Ed 5s A '57	70	70
Nor Ohio Tr & Lt 6s A '47	94⅜	94⅜
Nor Pacific gen 3s 2047	54⅜	54⅜
Nor Pacific pr in 4s '97	75¼	75¼
Nor Pacific 4½s A 2047	49¼	49¼
Nor Pacific 6s B 2047	55	54⅞
Nor States Pow 5s A '41	95½	95½
Ohe Short Line gtd 5s '46	88	88
Otis Steel 6s '41	18	18
Pac Gas & Elec 5s '42	100	99
Pac Tel G Tel 1st 5s '37	101¾	101½
Pac Tel & Tel rfg 5s '52	106⅛	106⅛
Paramount Public 5½s '50	11⅝	10½
Paramount Bwy 5½s '51	35½	35½
Paramount Fam Las 6s '47	15	14
Penn Pow & Lt 4½s '81	82	81
Penn Railroad con 4s sta '48	87½	87½
Penn Railroad 4½s D '70	41	41
Penn Railroad 4¾s '63	64¾	64¾
Penn Railroad 5s '64	64	64
Penn Railroad gen 5s '68	72	72
Penn Railroad gold 6½s '36	87	87
Pere Marquette 5s '56	37	37
Philadelphia Co 5s '67	76	75
Philadelphia Elec Co 4s '71	86½	86½
Portland Gen Elec 4½s '60	39¾	39½
Postal Tel & Cable 5s '53	15½	15
Pub Svc E&G 4s	87¾	86
Pub Svc E&G 5s '65	99½	99½
Pub Svc E&G 4½s '67	97⅝	97½
Republic I&S sf 5s '40	47¼	46⅝
Richfield Oil Co of Cal 6s '44	10	10
St Louis & SF 4s A '50	13¼	12½
St Louis & SF 4½s '78	12	11½
Shell Pipe 5s '52	58⅛	57⅞
Shell Union 5s '47	54¾	54
Shell Union 5s ct ww '49	54	54
Sierra & San F Pow 5s '49	87¾	87¾
Sinclair Cn O col 7s '37	85½	85
Sinclair Cru O 5½s '38	100	100
Sinclair Pipe L sf 5s 42	96	96
Smith A O 6½s '33	95½	95½
Solvay Amer Inv 5s '42	79	79
Southern Bell Tel & Tel 5s '41	101½	101
Southern Pacific 4½s '68 ww	32	31½
Southern Pacific 4½s '81	31	31
Southern Pacific Ore A 4½s '77	51¾	51½
Southern Ry gen 4s '56	14	14
Southern Ry gen 6s '56	18½	18½
Southern Ry 4s M&O div '38	11¼	11⅛
Southwest Bell Tel rfg 5s '54	100½	100½
Stand Oil NJ 5s '46	101¼	101¼
Stand Oil NY 4½s '51	84½	84
Stevens Hotel 6s '45	12	12
Tenn Elec Power 6s '47	90½	90⅛
Ter RR Asso StL 4½s '39	94	94
Texas Corp 5s '44	74¼	74¼
Union El L & P 1st 5s '32	100¼	100¼
Union El L & P rfg 5s '33	100¼	100¼
Union El L & P 5½s '54	100	100
Union Pacific 1st 4s '47	97	90½
Union Pacific rfg 4s 2008	76⅛	75
US Rubber Co 5s '47	29	28
Utah Lt & Trac 5s '44	58⅝	58⅝
Util Pow & Lt 5s '50 ww	16¾	16¾
Util Pow ¾ Lt 5½s '47	17½	17½
Vanadium 5s '41	32	31
Vertientes Sugar 7s '42	2⅜	2¼
Virginia Ry 5s '62	76	76
Virginia Ry & Power 5s '34	96¾	96¾
Wabash RR 2d 5s A '39	23¼	23¼
Wabash RR 5s D '80	5½	5½
West Pa Pow 5s A '46	101½	101½
West Pa Pow 5s E '63	101	100¾
West Pa Pow 5s G '56	100⅞	100⅞
Western Electric 5s '44	92½	92¼
Western Maryland 4s '52	46¼	46
Western Pacific 5s A '46	27½	27½
Western Union 5s '51	57¼	57¼
Western Union 6½s '36	57⅛	56¾
Wheeling Steel 4½s B '53	38½	38
White Eagle Oil 5½s '37 ww	99⅞	99⅞
Wilson & Co 1st 6s '41	65	64¼
Westchester Lighting 5s	102¼	102¼
Wis Cen gen 1st 4s '49	32	30
Youngstown Sheet 5s A '78	84¼	84¼

LIBERTY BONDS

	High	Low	Jul 5	Jul 1
1st 4¼s '47	101.24	101.20	101.24	101.22
3½s '47	101.11	101.8	101.8	101.6
4th 4¼s '38	102.26	102.16	102.26	102.24
4th 4¼s reg	102.20	102.19	102.20	102.19
US 3s '55	93.9	92.31	93.9	92.28
US 3½s '49	94.10	94.	94.10	94.00
US 3½s '43 Mar	98.10	98.2	98.10	98.00
US 3½s '43 June	98.25	98.2	98.34	98.6
US 3½s '47	98.4	98.	98.	97.24
US 3½s '56	100.16	100.4	100.16	100.3
US 4s '54	102.20	102.17	102.20	102.10
US 4¼s '52	105.8	104.30	105.8	104.26

FOREIGN BONDS

Abitibi P&P 5s '53	16¾	16¾
Akershus 5s '63	56¼	56¼
Antwerp 5s '58	69	69
Argentine Gov 6s June '59	39¾	38½
Argentine Gov 6s Oct '59	39	38⅝
Argentine Gov 6s Sept '60	38⅝	38⅝
Argentine Gov 6s Oct '60	38⅞	38⅞
Argentine Gov 6s Feb '61	39¼	38⅞
Argentine Gov 6s May '61	39⅛	38½
Argentine Gov 6s '57 A	39½	39⅛
Argentine Gov 6s '58 B	38½	38½
Australia 4½s 56	64½	61½
Australia 5s '55	71	68¾
Australia 5s '57	71	70½
Austria (Gov) 7s '57	37½	37½
Austria (Gov) 7s '43	83	83
Austria Hydro 6½s	24½	24½
Austria (Upper) 6½s '57	25	25
Batavia Pet 4½s '42	76	76
Bavaria (State) 6½s '45	29	29
Belgium (King) 6s '55	87	86⅞
Belgium (King) 6½s '49	94	93½
Belgium (King) 7s '55	99⅛	99⅛
Belgium (King) 7s '56	99⅜	99⅛
Bergen 5s '60	63	63
Berlin (City) 6s '58	24	19½
Berlin (City) 6½s '50	26	26
Berlin Elec 6½s '51	41¾	41½
Berlin Elec 6½s '59	41⅝	41½
Berlin Elec (City) 6½s '51	31⅜	29
Berlin Elec 6s '55	37½	32⅜
Bordeaux (City) 6s '34	104¼	104¼
Brazil 6½s '26-'57	16¾	16
Brazil 6½s '27-'57	17	16⅞
Bremen 7s '35	23½	23¼
Brisbane 5s '58	51¼	50
Budapest (City) 6s '62	24½	24½
Buenos Aires 6s '61 (Prov)	22½	22⅜
Bulgaria 7½s '68	21	21
Canada (Dom) 4½s '36	95	95
Canada (Dom) 4s '60	76	75½
Canada (Dom) 5s '52	91	91
Chile (Bank) 6¼s '61	5	5
Chile (Bank) 6s '62	4	4
Chile (Rep) 6s '60	4½	4½
Chile (Rep) 6s Jan '61	5	5
Chile (Rep) 6s '61	4½	4½
Chile (Rep) 6s '62	4	4
Cologne (City) 6½s '50	24	22½
Colombia (Rep) 6s '61 Jan	27½	27¼
Colombia (Rep) 6s '61 Oct	27¼	27¼
Copenhagen (City) 4½s '53	54	54
Copenhagen Tel 5s '54	57	57
Costa Rica (Rep) 7s '51	27½	27½
Cuba (Rep) 4½s '49	64⅜	64⅜
Cuba (Rep) 5s ('04) '44	90½	90½
Cuba (Rep) 5½s '45	37¾	37¾
Cundi (Rep) 6½s '59	5½	5
Denmark (King) 4½s '62	56¼	56¼
Denmark (King) 5½s '55	65	64
Denmark (King) 6s '42	70¼	69½
Deutsche Bk 6s ctfs '32	79	78½
Duke Price Power 6s '66	89¾	89¾
Dutch El 5½s 'Nov '53	86¼	86¼
Dutch El 6s '47	94¼	94¼
Dutch El sf 6s '62	91	90⅛
Estonia Bank 7s '67	42¾	42⅜
Finland (Rep) 6s '45	45¼	45⅛
Finland (Rep) 6½s '56-'47	46¼	46
Frankfort 6½s '53	21¼	20½
French (Rep) 7s '49	113⅜	113
French (Rep) 7½s '41	118	117¾
Gelsenkirchen Min 6s '34	48	45½
German 7s '49	63	61⅞
Germ Cen Ag Bk 6s '38	41½	39¾
Germ Cen Ag Bk 6s Oct '60	41½	41½
Germ Cen Ag Bk 6s Oct '60	40	38
Germ Cen Ag Bk 7s '50	43⅞	40
Germ Con Agr 6½s '58 rcts	24¾	23½
Germ El Pow '53	35	35
Germ Gen Elec 6s '48	30	30
Germ Gen Elec 6½s '40	35	34½
Germ Gov Int 5½s '65	44¼	41
Graz 8s '54	38	37½
Hamburg 6s '46	27⅛	26¾
Hansa 6s '39 ww	34⅛	34⅛
Helsingfors 6½s '60	43	43
Hungary Ld Mtg 7½s A '61	28	26⅛
Ilseder Steel 6s 48	27⅛	27⅛
Irish Free State 5s 60	76¾	76¾
Italian Credit Con 7s B '47	73¼	73¼
Italian Pub Util 7s '52	66	66
Italy (King) 7s '51	88	86
Jap (Im Gov) 5½s '65	45½	45½
Jap (Im Gov) 6½s '54	57	57
Karstadt 6s '43	20¼	18
Kreuger & Toll 5s '59	8	7½
Leipzig (City) 7s '47	56½	56½
Lombard El 7s '52 ww	56½	56½
Meridionale El 7s '57	65¼	64¼
Milan (City) 6½s '52	67	66½
Montecatin 7s '37 xw	71	71
New South Wales 5s '57	68	68
New South Wales 5s '58	68	67½
Nord Rys 6½s '50	105	104⅞
Norway (King) 5½s '65	69⅞	69⅞
Norwegian El 5½s 58	43⅜	43⅜
Nuremberg 6s '52	22	22
Ost Pow Sys 5½s '50	27	27
Oriental Dev 5½s '58	38½	38½
Oriental Dev Ltd 6s '53	42	41½
Oslo (City) 6s '55	62	62
Oslo G&E 5s '63	62	62
Paris-Lyons-Med 6s '58	103¼	103¼
Peru (Gov) 6s '60	3⅞	3
Peru (Gov) 6s '61	3¼	3
Poland (Gov) 7s '47	44¼	44
Poland (Gov) 8s '50	48½	48⅛
Prussia 6½s '51	31⅜	28½
Prussia 6s '52	32	29
Queensland (State) 7s '41	80	67¾
Queensland (State) 7s '41	80	67¾
Rhine Main 7s '50	38	36
Rhine Westphalia 5s '52	43	40
Rhine Westphalia 6s '53 xw	42	40
Rhine Westphalia 7s '50	45	41½
Rhine Westphalia 6s '55 ww	41½	40
Rhine Ruhr 6s '53	25¼	25¼
Rhinelbe 7s '46	33⅞	30¼
Rhine Ruhr 4½s	29¼	29¼
Rio G do Sul (State) 6s '68	7¼	7¼
Rio G do Sul (State) 7s '66	7¼	7¼
Rome (City) 6½s '52	70⅝	70½
Roumania 7s '59	35	34⅝
Sante Pe (Prov) 7s '42	29	29
Sao Paulo (State) 6s '68	8	8
Sao Paulo (State) 7s '40	59	58¼
Saxon Pub Wks 6½s '51	32½	31⅝
Saxon Pub Wks 7s '45	37	34
Saxon State 7s '45	35	35
Serbs Cro & Slov 7s '62	25¾	25¾
Serbs Cro & Slov 8s '62	31	31
Shinyetsu El Pw 6½s '52	36¼	36¼
Silesia Elec Corp 6½s '46	25¼	24
Silesia (Prov) 7s '58	31	31
Styria (Prov) 7s '46	24	24
Sydney 5½s '55	53	52½
Sweden (King) 5½s '54	83½	83¼
Taiwan Elec 5½s '71	37¾	37¾
Toho Elec Pow 7s '53	43	43
Tokyo Elec Lt 6s '53	66	66
Tokyo Elec Lt 6s '53	88	86
Jap (Im Gov) 5½s '65	45½	45½
Jap (Im Gov) 6½s '54	57	57
Karstadt 6s '43	20¼	18
Kreuger & Toll 5s '59	8	7½
Leipzig (City) 7s '47	56½	56½
Lombard El 7s '52 ww	56½	56½
Meridionale El 7s '57	65¼	64¼
Milan (City) 6½s '52	67	66½
Montecatin 7s '37 xw	71	71
New South Wales 5s '57	68	68
New South Wales 5s '58	68	67½
Nord Rys 6½s '50	105	104⅞
Norway (King) 5½s '65	69⅞	69⅞
Norwegian El 5½s 58	43⅜	43⅜
Nuremberg 6s '52	22	22
Ost Pow Sys 5½s '50	27	27
Oriental Dev 5½s '58	38½	38½
Oriental Dev Ltd 6s '53	42	41½
Oslo (City) 6s '55	62	62
Oslo G&E 5s '63	62	62
Paris-Lyons-Med 6s '58	103¼	103¼
Peru (Gov) 6s '60	3⅞	3
Peru (Gov) 6s '61	3¼	3
Poland (Gov) 7s '47	44¼	44
Poland (Gov) 8s '50	48½	48⅛
Prussia 6½s '51	31⅜	28½
Prussia 6s '52	32	29
Queensland (State) 7s '41	80	67¾
Queensland (State) 7s '41	80	67¾
Rhine Main 7s '50	38	36
Rhine Westphalia 5s '52	43	40
Rhine Westphalia 6s '53 xw	42	40
Rhine Westphalia 7s '50	45	41½
Rhine Westphalia 6s '55 ww	41½	40
Rhine Ruhr 6s '53	25¼	25¼
Rhinelbe 7s '46	33⅞	30¼
Rhine Ruhr 4½s	29¼	29¼
Rio G do Sul (State) 6s '68	7¼	7¼
Rio G do Sul (State) 7s '66	7¼	7¼
Rome (City) 6½s '52	70⅝	70½
Roumania 7s '59	35	34⅝
Sante Pe (Prov) 7s '42	29	29
Sao Paulo (State) 6s '68	8	8
Sao Paulo (State) 7s '40	59	58¼
Saxon Pub Wks 6½s '51	32½	31⅝
Saxon Pub Wks 7s '45	37	34
Saxon State 7s '45	35	35
Serbs Cro & Slov 7s '62	25¾	25¾
Serbs Cro & Slov 8s '62	31	31

ONTARIO

HAMILTON
(Continued)

What You Get for Your Money Is More Important Than What You Pay—

". . . satisfaction in the use of the item for the purpose for which it was purchased." That is the store wide policy of Robinson's.

Buy Robinson Quality and Save

The G.W. Robinson Co. Ltd.
HAMILTON'S SHOPPING CENTRE

Cantilever FLEXIBLE ARCH Shoes
For Men, Women and Children
CANTILEVER SHOE SHOP
8 JOHN STREET, NORTH, HAMILTON

PROSPECT DAIRY, Ltd.
For fine quality and flavour try our Pasteurized-in-the-Bottle Milk, also Fresh Butter, Cream and Buttermilk
F. A. JONES, Prop.
241 Prospect Street Phone Gar. 5695

GOODRAM BROS.
SANITARY and HEATING ENGINEERS
Representing Oil-o-Matic Burner
88 KING WEST Reg 2745

For Guernsey Milk
Call CITY MILK CO.
Phone Gar. 2003

Shoes Rebuilt Like New
SUPER "SERVIS" SHOE REBUILDERS
"The Utmost in Service"
Just Phone—We Do the Rest
In HAMILTON
IT'S
WILSON'S SHOE STORE
Established in '63 73 KING STREET, EAST

LUGGAGE and GIFTS
HAMILTON LEATHER GOODS CO., Ltd.
Canada's Largest Leather Goods Store
Opp. Post Office

Importers of British Woollens and Haberdashery
CLOTHES SHOP
FASHION-CRAFT
EDWIN E. BELL, Ltd.
51-53 KING STREET, EAST

The Ferrey Coal Co. Ltd.
Lattimer & Lehigh Coal
"Hamilton By Product Coke"
Regent 1475 Cannon & Ferguson Ave.

"The Loaf Supreme"
Made only by
JACKSON'S BREAD, Ltd.
46 LEEMING STREET
Phone Garfield 3652

LONDON

WILLIAM MARTIN FUEL COMPANY
It is not what you pay but what you get for what you pay.
ANTHRACITE BITUMINOUS
COKE FUEL OIL
Fuel perfection for your selection.
Phone Met. One-One-One 737 Richmond St.

Jackson
Cleaner and Dyer
of Recognized Ability
LONDON and SARNIA
5 Telephones 6 Motor Deliveries

THOS. J. REDMAN
UP-TO-DATE BUTCHER
Free Delivery to All Parts of City
All Meats Protected by Frigidaire
The Home of Home Dressed Meats
Phone Met. 1097 87 Wellington St.
Try our phone service.

BOUGHNERS
IMPORTED CLOTHING
HABERDASHERY and HATS
Burberry's English Overcoats. Topcoats and Raincoats. Custom Made Shirts.
388 RICHMOND ST. & HOTEL LONDON

AGNEW-SURPASS SHOE STORES
Limited
Footwear needs for all the family
MEN—WOMEN—CHILDREN
and we fit sizes properly
226 Dundas Street Met. 5235
55 Stores in Canada

CARLING INSURANCE AGENCY
Have purchased the
H. E. Wheeler Business
We represent 30 largest companies for every form of insurance.
Coote Bldg., Market Lane Met. 2322M

WENDELL HOLMES
BOOKSHOPS
Good Books, Fine Stationery
School Supplies. Lending Library
FOUR STORES
190 Dundas St., 631 Dundas St.
Hamilton Rd., next Rex Thea., London
588 Talbot St., St. Thomas

IDEAL BAKERY
MANUFACTURERS OF
FINE BREAD
BUNS and ROLLS
W HEMPHILL Manager
7 GRAND AVE. Phone MET. 795-W or MET. 2795-J

EXPERTS IN
PAINTING and PAPERHANGING
Paints, Varnishes and 6-Hour Enamel
ADVANCE HARDWARE
C. H. CORSAUT
706 HAMILTON ROAD FAIR 518

ONTARIO

LONDON
(Continued)

Everyone's Friend

Silverwood's DAIRY PRODUCTS

PROVINCE WIDE DISTRIBUTION

Safe Milk, Cream, Buttermilk
Ice Cream & Creamery Butter
Quality—Service
"WE AIM TO BE WORTHY"

Smallman & Ingram Limited
Western Ontario's Big Department Store

Visit our Beach Shop on Second Floor, where there is a complete range of Apparel for swimming and "beaching."

Ford
V-EIGHT
EXPERT Repairs all Makes of Cars.
Middlesex Motors Ltd.
"NOTED FOR SERVICE"
447 TALBOT ST. at QUEENS AVE.

FOREST CITY LAUNDRY
Established 1894
Wet Wash, Thrifty and Rough Dry
Thursday, Friday and Saturday
Reduced one cent per pound.
E. R. JARMAIN, Mgr.
13 KING STREET Met. 3881

LONG DISTANCE EXPERTS
Packing, Trucking, Storage
12 RENWICK AVENUE Met. 2839

ART WILKES
Tire Headquarters
Prompt Vulcanizing
MONARCH BATTERIES
REAL Service
354 Wellington Street Met. 2334

"SUPERTEST"
Superior Products that cost no more than the ordinary kind. Service that brings you back again and again.
Stations Throughout Ontario & Quebec
Supertest Petroleum Corp. LTD.

LETTY—JANE
HOME BAKE SHOP
A Few of the Dainties We Will Make to Your Order.
Banana, Angel, Chocolate, etc., with our special boiled icing.
719 RICHMOND ST. Phone Met. 2136

Awnings, Tents and Flags
TARPAULINS
COAL AND FEED BAGS
RAYMOND BROS.
182 YORK STREET Met. 1748
WINDOW BLINDS

WRIGHT-TEALE CO.
PLUMBING and HEATING
Our Specialties
HART OIL BURNER
ELECTRIC REFRIGERATION
511 ST. JAMES ST. Phone Met. 7986

OTTAWA

Fisher Shoe Shop of Fashion Craft
110-112 Sparks Street

Mc Intosh & Walts
The China Hall
246-247 Bank St Near Lisgar.
Phone 4049 Queen

STEWART & CO.
FINE FURNITURE and ANTIQUES
Established 1897

Books on Gardening
Visit our store—or write—and we will quote you prices.
JARVIS, "The Bookstore"
187 BANK STREET QUEEN 732

Cleghorn & Beattie
INTERIOR DECORATORS
FURNISHERS
124 Bank Street, Ottawa, Canada

F. W. ARGUE LIMITED
Coal—Coke—Wood—Fuel Oil
Queen 6800 234 BANK STREET

The Great Reason Devlins Quality Counts
MEN'S APPAREL FURS WOMEN'S IMPORTS

"THE ROOF TREE"
Delightfully Situated Opposite Victoria Museum
COMFORTABLE ROOMS, EXCELLENT BOARD—HIGHLY RECOMMENDED.
183 ARGYLE AVENUE Tel. Carling 749

ONTARIO

OTTAWA
(Continued)

USE

"Ottawa Dairy"

MILK—from tested cattle, properly pasteurized.

BUTTER—choice and freshly churned.

ICE CREAM—of quality and flavor.

For Milk and Butter Phone Queen 1188

For Ice Cream Phone Queen 161

PRODUCERS DAIRY
MILK CREAM ICE CREAM BUTTER
Phone Queen 630

Cantilever FLEXIBLE ARCH Shoes
For Men, Women and Children
CANTILEVER SHOE SHOP
241 SLATER STREET, OTTAWA

Masson's
R. Masson & Son Limited
FINE SHOES and HOSIERY

TORONTO

by
WOOLNOUGH
CORSETIERS
28 BLOOR ST. WEST TORONTO

Phone KI 1375 W. J. Gerring HUD. 2925-W Nights
CARPENTER and CONTRACTOR
333 HURON STREET
Alterations and General Repairs to home, office or factory. Sunrooms built, Verandahs. Cupboards, Radiator Covers, Hardwood Floors, Storm Sash, Office Partitions, Garages, Bookcases, Panelling, Shingling, Fly Screens.
Successor to THOS. PAINTER & SON
Established Over 45 Years

CHISHOLMS
QUALITY SHOES
Correctly Fitted by X-Ray
2866 DUNDAS ST. W. JU. 8567
2282 BLOOR ST. W. LY. 1967

REAL SERVICE IN THE
Moving, Packing Shipping and Storage
OF HOUSEHOLD GOODS
J·T·MIDDUP
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE
45 HAZELTON AVE. KINGSDALE 5007

Telephone Hyland 1638
Martha Harper Hairdressing
SPECIALISTS IN ALL BRANCHES
1498 YONGE STREET (upstairs). ROOM 7
EDNA REAMAN

W. H. PARKER
JEWELER
Tavannes Watches and Other Suitable Gifts
4 BLOOR WEST Phone Kingsdale 1862

KOFFEE KUP
Pure Food Harmoniously Blended
Makes Palatable Dishes
BREAKFAST 7-11 LUNCHEON 11-2:30 DINNER 5-8
GRACE M. VOGAN
21 RICHMOND ST. WEST Opp Simpsons

G. S. BEER
Foxes in all shades
Storage and Repairs on Fur Coats
Order Your Fur Coat Now
Kenwood 7378 1161 St. Clair Ave. W.

All kinds of Printing and yet only one kind—Good Printing
McLEOD & KENNEY
Commercial and Society PRINTERS
89 CHURCH STREET Phone Elgin 7906

J. A. CRAIG
Electrician
Installations and Repairs
Office—Home—Factory
Hill 3232 5 FOLLIS AVE.

Maxton Hairdressing Salon
100 Avenue Road Mi. 1979
Operated by
Mr. A. J. Stone of London, Eng., and Toronto

W. H. SALT
Butcher and Grocer
372 KINGSTON ROAD
Phone HOWARD 2283

ONTARIO

TORONTO
(Continued)

SERVICE that satisfies, be it damp wash or fully finished work, is produced in our up-to-date, scientifically controlled plant.
PHONE LLoydbrook 2161
SEMI-FINISHED
TORONTO WET WASH LAUNDRY Ltd.
175 OSSINGTON AVENUE

Cantilever FLEXIBLE ARCH Shoes
For Men, Women and Children
CANTILEVER SHOE SHOP
9 QUEEN STREET, EAST, TORONTO

DOAN COAL CO., Limited
FUEL OIL
COAL—COKE
Allow our Representative to explain our new meter recording device.
LL. 3131 *CITY WIDE DELIVERY*

WESTON'S
Buttermilk Scone Loaf
Phone Hill. 5600 gives you the extra Sunshine Vitamin D

Dunfield's
Society Brand Clothes Haberdashery
102 YONGE ST., TORONTO

The Stoodleigh Cafeterias
Famous for Fine Food
TORONTO

W. M. MORROW
Successor to
MISS D. WAINWRIGHT
Public Stenographer
All kinds of typewriting and mail advertising work accurately and neatly taken care of
503 Royal Bank Bldg. Tel. ELgin 9965

FELKER BROS.
Dyeing, Cleaning, Pressing, Repairing and Alterations
"SERVICE THAT SATISFIES"
2911 DUNDAS ST. W. Phone LY 2187

RICHARD HONEYFORD
Barrister, Solicitor
Notary Public
631 Confederation Life Building
12 RICHMOND STREET EAST
Phone EL. 3836

GREENWOOD'S
AUTO BODY, FENDER and RADIATOR SERVICE
179 RICHMOND ST. W. Adel 0880

Geo·H· Moore
Established Over 30 Years
MERCHANT TAILOR
MEN'S FURNISHINGS
Morning Coats and Difficult Forms a specialty.
1224½ YONGE STREET Kingsdale 7683

WINDSOR

INSIST ON
Walkerside DAIRY LIMITED
PRODUCTS

QUEBEC

MONTREAL

You'll Enjoy Shopping at Simpson's

A Store where fashion is specialized . . . the costume and all its accessories . . . treasures from the world's markets.

THE ROBERT SIMPSON MONTREAL LIMITED

COAL—COKE—FUEL OIL
The ELIAS ROGERS Company Limited
CAN. CEMENT BUILDING

Cantilever FLEXIBLE ARCH Shoes
For Men, Women and Children
CANTILEVER SHOE SHOP
5414 STANLEY STREET, MONTREAL

FLOWERS
Fresh supply of cut flowers daily.
Careful attention to each order.
Prompt delivery.
MISS CAIRNS
Confederation Building
1351 McGill College Avenue
Phone Lancaster 7430

Westminster Provision Stores
J. N. DUNCAN, Prop.
84 Westminster Ave. N. Montreal West
Phone Walnut 2160-2161
Groceries, Meat and Fish
Deliveries to Montreal West Notre Dame de Grace and Westmount

Local Classified Advertising
Other Than United States and Canada

Advertisements under this heading appear in this edition only. Rate 1/3 a line. Minimum space three lines, minimum order four lines. (An advertisement measuring three lines must call for at least two insertions.) An application blank and two letters of reference are required from those who advertise under a Rooms To Let or Post Wanted heading.

SMALL HOTELS AND PENSIONS IN EUROPE

BELGIUM

BRUSSELS—Private hotel, 98 rue Souveraine, Avenue Louise; American proprietress; modern conveniences; garden; excellent table; very moderate terms.

CHANNEL ISLANDS

JERSEY, C. I.—Pension Beaulieu, Parade Rd., St. Helier; near sea & town; comfortable, quiet; separate tables; 2½ to 3 guineas. MRS. C. MOGENT.

ENGLAND

All London's Sun Shines into SIMLA COURT
A London Home Hotel—newly decorated, well furnished; hot and cold running water, gas fires, bedside reading lamps, radiators and coal fires public rooms; 5 minutes Kensington Gardens and Christian Science church; quiet position with easy access to all parts of town; 3 to 4½ gns. week, full board 10/- a day, partial board 2½ gns. Resident owner, Dawson Place, W. 2 Tel.: Park 3478.

BOGNOR REGIS, PHONE 1015—Board residence; separate tables; 5 minutes sea, bathing hut, tennis. CARTER, Albany House.

BOURNEMOUTH
BRANKSOME DENE HOTEL
(Food Reform, Entirely Vegetarian)
Delightful grounds; central heating; hot & cold water in all bedrooms; lift; tennis, billiards, ballroom, etc.
Apply Manageress. Telegrams 'Branksome Dene' Telephones 4110 & 4796

BOURNEMOUTH. PHONE 6238.
BRUNDON, SURREY ROAD.
Charming house, completely modernised, hot and cold water, gas fires all bedrooms; peacefully situated on own ground, including hard court, croquet, putting green; very easy access sea, golf, amusements, shops; excellent cuisine. Personal supervision MR. and MRS. FREDERICK BLAMEY.

BOURNEMOUTH, COTFORD HALL, Knyveton Road—Delightful situation in own grounds of 3 acres, large croquet lawn; close sea; hospitality, comfort, the keynote of the establishment; personal supervision in every department; separate liberal tables; excellent fare; hot and cold running water, gas or electric fires in all bedrooms; garage 6 cars; moderate terms.

BOURNEMOUTH Phone 586
"WIMBLEDON HALL," DERBY ROAD
THE "IDEAL HOME" for THE WINTER
Only 8 minutes' walk from new church and sea; modern equipment, every convenience, hot and cold running water; reduced rates for holidaymakers and spring; readers of this paper welcomed. S. M. HORSPOOL.

BOURNEMOUTH, Sandykeld Hall, Manor Road—Pleasantly situated in own grounds near sea, only 2 minutes from new church; hot and cold running water & gas fires in all rooms; garage; central heating; reduced winter terms from 2½ gns.; tariff.

BOURNEMOUTH, South Mount, Priory Rd.—Comfortably furnished suites, 2 minutes Pier Square, pavilion; gas fires, hot and cold water all bedrooms; garage. Phone 840.

BOURNEMOUTH (near) Burnbrae Guest House—Near buses and golf links; garage; tennis, beach hut. Mr. and Mrs. SIDNEY TITE, Longham, Dorset.

BRIGHTON, Claridge, 34 Oriental Pl., 2 doors sea—Board residence from 2½ gns.; hot & cold water in bedrooms; near church. CAPT. WALSH. Tel. 384611.

CALVERLEY HOTEL
THE PREMIER HOTEL
TUNBRIDGE WELLS
Miss Gladwin, Manageress
Tel. Tun. Wells 1294-5

COODEN, SUSSEX—Ideal children's hotel in large grounds on South Cliff; re-opening July 30th-mid September; nurses' needs studied. Particulars 33 Glasbury Road, Barons Court, London, Fulham 1740.

CROMER
SOUTHERN BUNGALOW HOTEL
Tel. 166 July, from 4 gns. weekly.
For illustrated tariff, apply
MRS. ELLIOT HOOPER, Resident Proprietress.

Cumberland House Hotel
51 & 53 Earls Court Square, London, S. W. 5
Pleasantly situated, comfortable, convenient, good food, hot & cold water; bed & breakfast 6/6; per day 10/6; residents from 2½ gns.; magnificent public rooms, billiards; readers of this paper welcome. Phone Flaxman 0830 Write for tariff.

DAWLISH, S. Devon—Comfortable and newly equipped guest house in beautiful surroundings; electric light, baths, hot and cold, good wireless and piano; bathing tennis, miniature golf in grounds; good cuisine; garages; very reasonable charges. DOUGLAS BISHOP, Fairfield Guest House, Dawlish.

DAWLISH DEVON
GRAND HOTEL (A.A. R.A.C.)
First Class Family Hotel. Moderate Terms. Under personal supervision of the Proprietor and his wife.
For tariff apply F. HUGHES

EASTBOURNE, Sandhurst private hotel, Grand Parade; ideal position, facing sea; hot and cold water in all bedrooms, also gas or electric fires; central heating. Tel. 797; terms from 3 guineas.

FILEY—Linkfield Guest House, Primrose Valley, adjoining links; near sea; hot and cold all bedrooms; tennis, croquet. JENNINGS. Tel. 65.

FOLKESTONE—Board residence; highly recommended; personal supervision; close to Leas; excellent position for everything. Eden House, Trinity Crescent.

HANTS, Knollwood House, Farnborough — First-class private hotel in beautiful grounds; near Aldershot. Apply MISS ST. JOHN or manageress.

HOTEL CONSTANCE
23 and 24, Lancaster Gate, London, W.2
Telephone Paddington 8083
Terms from 3½ guineas weekly
and HOTEL ELIZABETH
11 and 12, Craven Hill Gardens, LONDON, W. 2
Telephone Paddington 1734
Terms from 2½ guineas weekly
Charmingly furnished Public Rooms with generous coal fires. Bedrooms have gas fires (H. and C. water and electric lift in first-named hotel). Thoughtfully varied food and exceptionally willing service. Central heating. Night porter.
Midway between 2 Christian Science churches.

ILFRACOMBE—Guests received; home comforts; good position; lovely views; convenient for sea, etc.; moderate. K. "BELMONT," St. Brannocks Park.

LONDON—This time, THE ABBOTSFORD HOTEL, Russell Square; it's so central; bed, breakfast & bath from 8/6; weekly from £3.13.6.

Classified advertisements for The Christian Science Monitor are received at the following advertising offices:

BOSTON
107 Falmouth St. Tel. Commonwealth 4320
NEW YORK
270 Madison Ave. Tel. Caledonia 5-2700
LONDON
3 Adelphi Terrace Tel. Temple Bar 1364
PARIS
3 Avenue de l'Opéra Tel. Gutenberg 42.71
BERLIN
89A Unter den Linden Tel. A2 Flora 0178
FLORENCE
11, Via Magenta Tel. 22 499
PHILADELPHIA
903 Fox Building Tel. Rittenhouse 0180
MIAMI
1220 Ingraham Building Tel. 3-2445
CHICAGO
1058 McCormick Building Tel. Webster 7182
DETROIT
3-101 General Motors Bldg. Madison 3810
CLEVELAND
1420 Union Trust Building Tel. Cherry 7300

ENGLAND
(Continued)

LONDON, BEAUMONT, 17 PRINCES SQ., BAYSWATER, W. 2—Good table, every comfort, bridge, constant hot water; single from 45/-, double 4 gns. Resident proprietor.

LONDON, BAKER STREET, Welbeck 3401. BICKENHALL HOTEL, 64 Gloucester Place, W. 1—Gas fires; constant hot water; best English cooking; full or partial board; central, quiet.

LYNMOUTH, DEVON, BRYAN'S LYN VALLEY HOTEL—Ideal situation; golf, tennis, sea fishing; garage; electric light; personal supervision. MRS. CECIL BRYAN, Proprietress.

MANCHESTER — Luxurious private hotel, charming rooms; private bathrooms; tennis, billiards, garage, excellent cuisine; terms moderate; convenient trains, buses, trams. Apply FOTHERGILL, "Darleyhurst," Palatine Road, West Didsbury.

MORECAMBE, Hotel Metropole, Mrs. Waterfall—Splendidly situated, bay and mountain view; every comfort and convenience. CROSS COPP, Heysham Road. Phone 391.

NEWCASTLE-ON-TYNE—The Regent Private Residential Hotel; superior board residence, electric lighting, central heating; large garden. 55, 57, 59, Osborne Road. Jesmond. Telephone Jesmond 906.

PAIGNTON, DEVONSHIRE—Board residence; 1 minute sea; bathing from house; mid-day dinner; good cuisine; personal supervision; moderate terms. THE MISSES ANDREWS, Homecroft, Colin Road, Marine Drive. Phone 57101.

Richmond, Surrey, Queen Anne
PRIVATE HOTEL
Under New Management
THE HERMITAGE, Richmond, Surrey
Telephone Richmond 2091

SCARBOROUGH, Throxenby Hall — Guest house (inn); 12 acres grounds; tennis, croquet, putting; ideal woodland situation; country holiday with seaside pleasures; garage. HOME FARM, Tariff Secretary.

SANDWICH—Ancient Cinque Port (Near Canterbury) The Pilgrims' Guest House. Rambling old Tudor Residence. Good cuisine.

SOUTHPORT, Talbot Hotel—Central heating, gas fires; highly recommended for quiet, restful holiday; near Christian Science churches. Telephone 3000.

SOUTHPORT CLIFTON HOTEL. Promenade —Fully equipped, electric lift, orchestra; tennis; garage; good golf centre. Tel. 4141. Grams "Marine."

SOUTHPORT, Dunrowan Private Hotel, 47, Promenade (Late Park Rd.)—Central; hot and cold water, electric fires; tariff. Tel. 2737.

STRATFORD-ON-AVON 4 MILES
QUIET, COMFORT, PEACE
Gloriously situated mansion, charming home, 30 bedrooms, 48 acres, from 3 gns. MR. and MRS. GRAVES, Edstone Hall, Wootton Wawen.

ST. IVES, CORNWALL
YORK HOUSE—Surrounded by sunny garden; extensive sea view, hot and cold water in all bedrooms; kindly welcome and consideration awaits each guest; garage. Propns., GARBUTT & KNAPP.

TORQUAY
For Cleanliness, Comfort & Consideration
CROFTON HOUSE PRIVATE HOTEL
CROFT ROAD
E. E. & B. A. WHITE Phone 376111
Summer 3½ to 5 gns. Winter 3 to 4 gns.

TORQUAY—BOARD RESIDENCE: 1 minute Babbacombe downs and sea front; excellent cuisine, moderate terms. Proprietress MRS. A. CLOW, Ashley Rise, Babbacombe, Torquay.

TORQUAY
HOWDEN COURT PRIVATE HOTEL (A. A.) Croft Rd.—Extensive sea views, garden, sunlounge, running water in bedrooms. C. M. KAY.

TORQUAY, "Farnborough," Castle Road—Board residence; south aspect; excellent cuisine, personal supervision; terms from 2½ gns. Phone 3178. Proprietors, F. & A. COX.

WESSEX BORDER—Mrs. Dean Broom receives 3 or 4 guests in modernised country house; garage; 2½ guineas week. Winterbourne Park, Glo'shire.

Westgate-on-Sea, Kent, *Sea Grange*
Private Hotel, beautifully situated facing sea, near links.
Proprietress: MRS. INGLIS

WORTHING—CLEAR VIEW HOTEL
Sea front; hot & cold water & gas or electric fires in bedrooms; good food; moderate inclusive terms.

FRANCE

FRANCE, Paris Vicinity—Excellent accommodation in well-appointed house edge of St. Cloud Park; paying guests taken and separate part of house available for family desiring to remain long period; facilities, education, sports. MME. ANTOINE, 10 rue des Dames-Marie, Sèvres Ville d'Avray (S-&-O).

HOTEL METROPOLITAN
PARIS
8 rue Cambon (near Place Vendôme)
A comfortable family hotel home; rooms from 35 frs.; inclusive charges from 85 frs.

MISS FISHER
21, rue Washington (Champs-Elysées), Paris
Private garden - Excellent table
Home atmosphere - Moderate terms
Modern installation

PARIS—PENSION VERDIN, 102 Av. Victor-Hugo Paris (near Etoile); well known & highly recommended for its excellent table; all conveniences, moderate rates; English spoken.

PARIS—Hotel Du Pas-de-Calais, 39 rue des Saints-Pères (Bd. St-Germain) (Luxembourg); cuisine soignée; modern comforts; full pension from 50 frs. daily.

PARIS, "BON ACCUEIL" — Highly recommended board residence; modern comfort; refined cooking; central position near Boulevard Montparnasse; telephone; moderate prices. MME. DEUX, 42 Boulevard Raspail.

GERMANY

BERLIN—Kaiserallee 201
Entrance Trautenaustr. Tel. Bavaria 3188
PENSION SCHÖNECK
Comfortable Family Pension
Near chief railway stations.

BERLIN, W.—Frau Lowitsch, Zähringerstr. 17, receives paying guests in quiet home; Bechstein grand; good table; easy access.

BERLIN, PENSION FRITZ
Unter den Linden 62-63

BERLIN—PENSION NAUMANN; first class house; every comfort. Nikolsburgerpl. 6, Berlin, W. Tel. H. 1, Uhland 4704 and 1390.

BERLIN, Schlagmühle b/Strausberg—Modern hotel; full board RM 5.-, rooms with breakfast RM 3.-. Tel. Strausberg 242.

Bremen
REHMS HOTEL AND RESTAURANT
Bahnhofstr. 11. Tel. Domshaide 29662.

DRESDEN—Pension Muck, leading house, modern, comfortable, reasonable; 3 minutes from main station, Reichsstr. 5. Tel. 47085.

DRESDEN—PENSION LE RICHE, Münchner Str. 9. I. Tel. 43336—5 minutes from main station; well recommended.

DRESDEN im Zentrum
Hotel DREI RABEN
Tel. 20070/21738

HOTEL zur POST
FREIBURG, BR.

OBERBARENBURG, Sachs. Erzgeb.—Gästeheim Thoenes, in heart of forest; small first-class pension 750 m. high. Telephone.

OSTSEEBAD KAHLBERG b/Elbing O/Pr.—Kurhaus. Propr. FRAU A. WIRTH. Beautiful situation between sea and sound.

SANDKRUG/Oldenburg—Landhaus "Friede." Ella Hischemöller. Quiet, beautiful surroundings; Christian Scientists welcome.

ITALY

DUNOON, ARGYLLSHIRE. — DOUGLAS HOTEL (temperance)—High tea. Bed and breakfast speciality; terms from £2.18.0. (1-MZ-290) MISS CLARKSON, Proprietrix, and MILTON TOWER board residence, late dinner; excellent cuisine, home comforts; terms from £3.3.0. A. V. CLARKSON.

ROME, Pension Giuliana, 38 Via Palermo—Central position, running water, central heating; moderate terms; Swiss management. E. ROHR.

NORWAY

OSLO
VETTAKOLLEN HOTEL
20 minutes by electric railway from Oslo
An ideal resort among extensive pine forest with charming views of the fjord.

SCOTLAND

EDINBURGH CRESCENT Private Hotel, 6 Coates Crescent—Central; garage; bed and breakfast 5/6, board 12/6 per day. MRS. FORBES. Phone 22780.

EDINBURGH, Marwick's Private Hotel, 7 Inverleith Terrace, 1 minute Christian Science church, overlooking Botanic Gardens; accessible all parts. Tel. 24641.

THORNHILL
ARROCHAR, LOCH LONG: Residential Hotel finely situated in own grounds; makes restful holiday; most comfortable; inclusive terms, 3½ daily.

SCOTLAND
(Continued)

THISTLE HOTEL
89 Manor Place Edinburgh
Centrally situated. Hot and cold water in bedrooms. Phone 25494. Garage.
Mrs. Johnson.

SWITZERLAND

GENEVA
The MISSES LONG offer nicely situated home with every comfort.
6 Rue St. Victor (Tranchées)

HOTEL REGIS
CLARENS-MONTREUX
Excellent Family Hotel
Splendid Situation Facing the Lake of Geneva
Incl. terms from 9-12 fr.

Vitznau (Vierwaldst'see)
PENSION WALDHEIM
Pleasant holiday resort, lofty rooms, garden, good cooking, heating.
Pension terms from 8.- to 9.-
Prospectus from propr., C. Siegrist-Hupfer

LAUSANNE
PENSION "LA MORAINE"
Nice, quiet Home near the Station
Melles Clerc & Grossglauser
Ave. Rasude 8

LUCERNE
PENSION LÜTZELMATT
Perfect View of Lake and Mountains.
Inclusive terms Frs. 8 - Frs. 10

MONT PELERIN
sur Vevey
HOTEL DES ALPES
CAND-GAMMETER, Prop.

Near INTERLAKEN
Hotel Kurhaus
BREITLAUENENALP
1350 metres above sea level
Delightful Family Hotel. Beautiful View. Inclusive terms from frs. 10 (Swiss francs)

PRIVATE HOTEL, ZURICH
PENSION FLORHOF
Running Hot & Cold Water
Florhofg. 4, near Central Station & Lake.
Delicious cooking. Garage.
Inclusive terms from fr. 11

ST. BLAISE
Lake of Neuchatel
HOTEL CHEVAL BLANC
Offers every comfort. One of Switzerland's most beautiful strands. All water sports. Opportunity to learn French.
Inclusive terms Frs. 7. to Frs. 11.

MONTREUX, SWITZERLAND
HOTEL EUROPE
Comfortable Family Hotel
Moderate terms J. Bettschen

WENGEN *(Bernese Oberland)* 4333 feet
HOTEL BELLEVUE
right on the border of the woods. Splendid panorama of the Jungfrau. Excellent cuisine.
Full terms from Frs. 9.-
Write for prospectus: Family Bischoff, Manag. Proprs.

WALES

Llandrindod Wells
The Centre for Motoring in Wales
YE WELLS HOTEL (Unlicensed)
100 Rooms, running hot and cold water Illustrated brochure on application.
Proprietress Mrs. C Bryan Smith.

LLANDUDNO—Branksome 'high-class private hotel; near tennis, golf, both shores, pier; sunniest position; separate tables; accommodates 50; large lounge, dining rooms, etc.; service and cuisine a specialty. MRS. ALLENBY KING.

Local Classified
Other Than United States and Canada

Advertisements under this heading appear in this edition only. Rate 1/3 a line. Minimum space three lines, minimum order four lines. (An advertisement measuring three lines must call for at least two insertions.) An application blank and two letters of reference are required from those who advertise under a Rooms To Let or a Post Wanted heading.

ACCOMPANISTS

MISS DOROTHY MARTIN
(L.R.A.M., A.R.C.M.)
3 Cumberland Mansions—West End Lane, London, N. W. 6. Phone Hampstead 3811. Experienced vocal and instrumental accompanist and coach, available for recitals, concerts, at homes and practices.

APARTMENTS

FILEY—Furnished apartments with or without board. C. O. RYMER, 36 Belle Vue Street, FILEY.

HOYLAKE, CHESHIRE—Mrs. Fort "Delamere," 5 Queens Road. Apartments or board residence; near station, shore, shops; terms reasonable.

MORECAMBE SMITH & BRINDLE, Kia-Ora —Select apartments or board residence; highly recommended; home comforts 20 Sea View Parade.

SCARBOROUGH—Private or public apartments (board optional). MRS. BROOK, "Brookholme," 39 North Marine Road.

ART

JAMES ARMSTRONG, 76 Cambridge St., London, S. W. 1
Expert restoration of pictures, works of art.

BOARD AND RESIDENCE

AT 17 COURTFIELD GARDENS, LONDON, S. W. 5—A house recommended for homelike comfort and good food; beautifully furnished; bed-sitting rooms; terms moderate. Apply MISS ST. CLAIR, Tel. Frobisher 4953.

EARLSFIELD HOUSE
31 Courtfield Gardens, London, S. W. 5—Private residential hotel (also suites of rooms), sea fires & rings, constant hot water good cooking; near tubes & buses; terms moderate. MISS PYNE, Frobisher 3137

GLASGOW—Board-residence; bed; breakfast and supper; central position; sunny rooms; moderate terms. MISS PORRITT, 160 Hill Street, near Charing Cross.

GLASGOW—BOARD RESIDENCE, also bed and breakfast; West End; near Christian Science church. MISS F. M. WOOD, 14 Somerset Place. C. 3.

HARROGATE PEMBROKE HOTEL
Queen Parade. Tel. 2955. Residence or holidays Quiet reading room for study; tennis; garage. Prop, MRS. C. R. WALKER WOOD.

LONDON, W. 2. Dudley Court Hotel, 13 Inverness Terrace—Really comfortable inexpensive hotel near Hyde Park; convenient for Church; good food; excellent service; 2 gns. Park 1276.

LONDON, Fleming's Hotel, 10 Kensington Gardens Square, W. 2—Quiet, comfortable, good table, gas fires, constant hot water; from 3½ gns.; bed and breakfast 6/6. Park 6751.

LONDON, Victoria—8 mins. 24 and 25 bus; comfortable bedrooms, gas fires, electric light, geyser bath; lounge and dining room; excellent food well cooked; part board 35/- per week; bed and breakfast 5/6 a day. 96 Denbigh Street, S. W. 1. Victoria 8691.

LONDON, SAYSWATER, W. 2. Park 4514. 11 Clanricarde Gardens—Partial board from £2.2.0.; bed and breakfast 5/6; quiet house and road; central.

30 FROGNAL, HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, N W. 3 Phone Hampstead 3187—Exceptionally comfortable board residence in well appointed house; excellent cooking and catering, constant hot water; personal supervision; best part of Hampstead; terms moderate; reduction for permanency.

STAFFORDSHIRE—Central for Midlands and Lancashire, in lovely surrounding country, old mansion, beautiful public rooms, lounge, hot and cold water in bedrooms, all modern improvements; tennis, croquet, etc.; garage; from 3½ gns. weekly; ask for illustrated booklet. Tower Court, Blythe Bridge, Nr. Stoke-on-Trent.

BOARD FOR ANIMALS

LONDON—Holiday board and other accommodation under experienced care offered for all animals. F. J. RICHMOND, 221 Queen's Road Peckham, S. E. 15. New Cross 0496.

BOARD FOR CHILDREN

"THE CHILDREN'S HOME"
Children needing experienced and skilled attention. Write or phone MRS EDITH BAIN, 92 Wimbledon Hill London S. W. 19. Phone Wimbledon 2178

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE HOUSES

LONDON—Quiet home for study with experienced care. Write or phone THE MISSES BRANFORD & ARMSTRONG, 119 Lansdowne Rd., W. 11. Park 2140.

CONFECTIONERY

YE OLDE ENGLISH ROSE, 6 Holland St., Kensington, W. 8—Luncheons, Teas, Homemade Cakes, Jams, Confectionery, etc.

CORSETIERES

ARTISTE EN CORSETS
To look slim and well dressed wear a corset or belt made to measure by
MME. S. FESTA
65 George St., Portman Sq., London, W. 1.
Tel. Welbeck 6439
Agent for Kickernick under-garments.

DECORATORS

W.V. Wall 23 Crouch Hill, N. 4. Archway 2050
205 Park Road, N. 8. Tudor 2880

DRESSMAKING

MRS. PEMBERTON
Specialist in dresses, millinery & sportswear at really moderate charges. 128 Crawford St. London, W. 1. Welbeck 9482.

EMPLOYMENT AGENCIES

THE SERVICE BUREAU
Governesses, Secretaries, Tutors, Escorts, Children's Nurses, Domestics of every kind.
Each individual's needs carefully studied.
96 Fulham Road, S. W. 3. Kensington 3836
Buses 14, 56 to Queens Elm.

FARM PRODUCE

EGGS guaranteed new laid, and fresh country produce supplied direct from English farms; deliveries in N. W. & W. London. BRISTOWE, Huron, Bovingdon, Boxmoor, Herts.

FLATS TO LET

FIVE-ROOMED flat, almost self-contained, in quiet house, near trams, buses and trains (15 minutes LONDON). PADDHAM, 17a Clifton Road, South Norwood, S. E. 25.

LONDON—3 self-contained flats in 1 house; ground floor, well-furnished large sittingroom-bedroom, kitchenette, geyser and bath, own meters, 30/- a week; second floor, 5 unfurnished rooms and bath and all conveniences, both immediate possession, rent £100; also top flat, 5 rooms unfurnished to become vacant September, rent £100; garage for 2 cars; Christian Scientists preferred; close to 2 Christian Science churches. MRS. BIRD, 12 Bassett Road, London, W. 10.

LONDON, 13 Ennismore Gardens, S. W. 7—Unfurnished 5 bedrooms, 2 reception

Local Classified

Other Than United States and Canada

For other Classified Advertising see preceding page.

ROOMS TO LET

(Continued)

ONE THOUSAND ROOMS

Let us help you to choose either FURNISHED or UNFURNISHED ROOMS, with or without food in London and throughout the Country. LADIES' NATIONAL CLUBS, LTD. 49 Beauchamp Pl., London, S. W. 3 (nr. Harrods)

SHOE REPAIRS

SHOE REPAIRS
Collected and Delivered in Neighborhood. WEST, 41 Queens Rd., Buckhurst Hill, Essex.

STAMPS FOR SALE

FOREIGN STAMPS
Ask for approval sheets. H. WATKINS, 80, Leicester Rd., East Finchley, London, N. 2.

TAILORS

AT SAVILE ROW

We build you a hand-made suit for 8 GNS. Pay us a visit, we are sure you will find it an economy to buy the VERY BEST CLOTHES from us at reasonable prices.

ENTICKNAPP & GRIMES
21A SAVILE ROW, LONDON, W. 1
Regent 2467

TEA ROOMS

ORANGE TEA ROOMS
95 Edgware Road, London, W. 1.
for real Home Cooked
LUNCHEONS TEAS SUPPERS

VISIT the Cosy Club lounge for refreshments, teas, home-made cakes, daintily served. 130 Queens Rd., London (opposite Whiteleys).

TEACHERS

ENGLISH LESSONS TO FOREIGNERS Elocution for speakers. AMY FISHER, 113 Gloucester Road, London, S. W. 7.

LILIAN M. A. JAMES, L.R.A.M., A.R.C.M., Member Royal Society of Teachers—Pianoforte lessons at Steinway & Co.'s Conduit Street, and at Plas Gwyn, Preston Road, near Harrow. Accompanist and Coach.

MRS. BARTHOLOMEW gives individual training in shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping, and assists pupils to find positions. 113a Westbourne Grove, London, W. 2.

TENNIS LESSONS

IRENE BUTTERWORTH—Experienced coach gives lessons on hard courts in London and district. 42 Stratford Road, London, W. 8. Western 4157.

TOWN & COUNTRY PROPERTY

The House Bureau
(M. A. RYAN)
HOUSES and FLATS
FURNISHED and UNFURNISHED
251 Fulham Road, London, S. W. 3
(South Kensington End)
Telephone Flaxman 2747
Station, South Kensington Bus. 14.96

Maida Vale and St. John's Wood
Established 1884
MESSRS. SNELL & CO.
Auctioneers, Surveyors Valuers and Estate Agents
47 MAIDA VALE, LONDON, W. 9
(At the corner of Clifton Road and nearly opposite St. John's Wood Road)
Tel. Cunningham 1181 (4 lines)

TUITION

GREEK—Short course of 20 lessons for those desirous of reading Scripture in original tongue, personally conducted by honours B. A. Particulars: INGMIRE, 35 Briar Ave., London, S. W. 16. Pollards 4721.

TUTORS

HOLIDAY AND DAILY COACHING—Modern languages a speciality. GERCKE, 59a The Grove, Wandsworth, London, S. W. 18. Battersea 3006.

TYPEWRITERS

300 TYPEWRITERS from 50/-; list free; all makes; repairs, exchanges and everything for typewriters; machines hired. CURZON'S, 257 Hammersmith Road, W. 6. Riverside 5467.

TYPEWRITING

TYPEWRITING UNDERTAKEN by Cambridge University man; moderate terms; French translations. LAMBE, 56 Princes Square, London, W 2. Phone: Park 3031.

WINDOW CLEANERS

THE CRYSTAL WINDOW CLEANING SERVICE 3 QUILL LANE, PUTNEY, S. W. 15
Fully Insured Moderate Charges

ENGLAND

CHESHIRE

BIRKENHEAD

CARR'S
TABLE WATER BISCUITS
JOHN WILLIAMS
Provision Merchant
252 GRANGE RD. Tel. B'head 165

CHESTER

J. Collinson & Co.
6 Eastgate Row, Chester Tel. 603
For Ladies' & Gentlemen's Exclusive Footwear
Agents for Cantilever Shoes

PLANE TREE CAFE
20-22 Bridge Street, Chester
RESTAURANT and TEA LOUNGE
The Café With Character and Charm
R. A. C. Appointed
TELEPHONE 314

W. MARSHALL
BUILDER and CONTRACTOR
Pleasant View, Mayfield Road
Blacon, Chester. Tel. 814x5

STOCKPORT

Chatterions Stockport. DRAPERS & COSTUMIERS LOWER HILLGATE

DERBYSHIRE

DERBY

Barlow & Taylor & Co. Ltd.
HIGH CLASS DRAPERS
COMPLETE OUTFITTERS
Unequalled for Household Linens
Agents for Ladies' "Norvic" Shoes
Gentlemen's & Boys' Outfitters
MARKET PLACE, DERBY

ALWAYS USE
"VICTORY"
Self-Raising Flour
Mixed fresh daily. Quite different from ordinary self-raising flour.
PORTER, CURZON ST., DERBY
Also London Road and Pear Tree Road

TAYLOR & BRIGGS
ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS
Country House Plant, Church Lighting
Automobile Electrical Repairs
Lucas C A V & Rotax Battery Service
B T H and Marelli Magneto Service
Auto-Lite and De Jon Parts
34 and 36 Curzon Street, DERBY

Are You Building?
We will be glad to give you an estimate for
SOLID PLASTERING *and* CEMENT WORK
W. Dakin & Son, Bramble St.

DURHAM

DARLINGTON

LILIAN FOWLER
Ladies' and Children's
HAIRDRESSER
Permanent Waving a Speciality
Potter & Moore's Lavender & Coty Preparations
58 BONDGATE, DARLINGTON
Phone 3216

LANCASHIRE

ACCRINGTON

We have now in stock Recordings of
HYMNS
sung at CHRISTIAN SCIENCE SERVICES and should be pleased to forward particulars on receipt of postcard.
J. L. HAWORTH & CO.
Steinway House, Whalley Rd., Accrington

MOFFITT BROS.
Choice Selection of
MODEL COATS *and* GOWNS
THE FASHION CENTRE
8 TO 12 CHURCH ST. Tel. 2568

VERNON DEAN
Grocer and General Dealer
86 AVENUE PARADE
Large or small orders delivered weekly. Postcard or call will receive prompt attention.

Your Enquiries Are Invited
For Everything for the Home
Agent for PIONEER and EWBANK Mangles. Woodware, Hardware, Glass, China, Brushes. Also GODDARD'S PLATE POWDER.
S. L. HARDISTY, 56, Abbey Street

EDWARD TIPPING
Grocer & Provision Merchant
QUALITY PRICE SERVICE
GUNSTONE'S BISCUITS
JACOBS' BISCUITS
PEEK FREAN'S BISCUITS
192 Blackburn Road & 50, Abbey Street

EDWARD DOOLEY
Painter and Decorator
152, Burnley Rd., Accrington
Tel. 3078

ARNOLD RILEY
General Contractor, Joiner, etc.
Marl Terrace Saw Mills
Office, 185 Manchester Road, Accrington
Tel. 2808

R. McKNO
Ladies' & Gentlemen's Tailor
92 BLACKBURN RD. (Gentlemen)
3, STATION RD. (Ladies)

PEEL CAFE
(Proprietors. A. A. & L. Price)
Pastrycooks and Confectioners
14, Peel Street, Accrington

BLACKPOOL

"VISITORS"
See RENDERS
95 Church St., 337 Whitegate Drive, for FURNITURE, CHINA, ART GOODS
PRESENTS FOR ALL OCCASIONS

CLEVELEYS nr. Blackpool

Ladies' and Children's OUTFITTERS
Agents for Jaeger, Morleys, Brettles and Bear Brand Hose, Handkerchiefs and Novelties.
"Delicia"
86 VICTORIA ROAD, CLEVELEYS

BOLTON

COME TO
G. WINTERBURN
for Good Stationery and Books
Also Die Stamping & Printing, Visiting Cards, etc.
G. WINTERBURN
Stationer & Newsagent
65, DEANSGATE, BOLTON

McCARTNEY BROS.
Gentlemen's Outfitters and Hatters
CORPORATION ST., BOLTON
LADIES' HOSIERY and WOOLLEN UNDERWEAR DEPT.
34 KNOWSLEY ST., BOLTON

Art Needlework Shop
Good Range Knitting Wools
Vigella, D. M. C., etc.
GRINDROD & WILKINS
124 BRADSHAWGATE, BOLTON

C. H. BESWICK
Local Agents for
LOTUS and DELTA Footwear
3-5 CHURCHGATE, BOLTON

LIVERPOOL

VISIT
COOPER'S CAFE
in pleasant surroundings, you may have delightful, inexpensive luncheons or teas, served daintily and efficiently. Delicious iced confections of every variety are a particular attraction.
Cooper & Co.'s Stores, Ltd.
Church Street, Liverpool

REED AND SON
Invite Connoisseurs and Collectors to inspect their stock of OLD ENGLISH SILVER. Bric-a-brac, quaint things, jewelry, etc.
6 and 8 MOUNT PLEASANT
(Close by Midland Adelphi Hotel)
LIVERPOOL

W. ALEX. KERR
Prof. first prize medallist. B. H. A.
COIFFEUR
Permanent Waving by Latest Methods
62a BOLD STREET Tel. Royal 4986

FREEMAN, HARDY & WILLIS Ltd.
FHW *FOOTWEAR FOR ALL*
49/51 LONDON ROAD
1 COUNTY ROAD, WALTON

J. COLLINSON & CO.
34-36 BOLD ST. Phone Royal 3618
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Exclusive Footwear
Agents for CANTILEVER Shoes

HAVE you renewed your subscription to the Monitor? Prompt renewal insures your receiving every issue, and is a courtesy greatly appreciated by The Christian Science Publishing Society.

LANCASHIRE

LIVERPOOL

(Continued)

The Greatest Sale in 78 Years' Trading History at
GEORGE HENRY LEE
AND COMPANY LIMITED
BASNETT STREET

OWEN OWEN
SUMMER SALE NOW ON
Everything Reduced in Price except Proprietary goods
OWEN OWEN LTD., LIVERPOOL

WILLIAM H. BELL
Tel. Royal 4432 Furnishing Expert
Cooper's Buildings, 12 Church Street
Fadeless Fabrics for Furnishing, Easy Chairs, Carpets & Rugs, Settees, Cosy Bedding, Huckaback & Linen Towels, Bed Linens. British 50" Fadeless Velour, 6/9 per yard.

Salisbury Laundry Ltd.
Shirts and Collars a Speciality
Ladies' Tweed Coats Cleaned 2/9
SMITHDOWN ROAD Tel.: Wavertree 568

DOROTHY SHEPPARD
Gown Specialist
Rigby's Building (1st Floor)
21 DALE STREET Tel.: Bank 911

LYTHAM—ST. ANNES

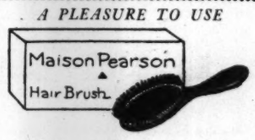
Imperial Dry Cleaning Works and Steam Laundry
PHONE 128
ST. ANNES-ON-THE-SEA
Proprietress—Janet Osbaldeston
Finest Dry Cleaners in England. Goods returned same week—return postage paid. Madam's Five Motor Vans collect and deliver daily.
American Visitors Please Note

ADAM HUNTER
61, The Square, St. Annes-on-the-Sea. For gifts of all kinds. Ladies' Handbags, Purses, Pouchettes, novelties, English Cut Glass, British Brass Ware, Playing Cards, Bridge Sets, Books, Stationery, Fountain Pens, Inks, etc. Also at 17, Garden St., St. Annes-on-the-Sea. All the above with Beads, Perfumes, Powders, Creams etc.

LUNEDALE DAIRY
8, WOOD ST., ST. ANNES-ON-THE-SEA
Pure Fresh Milk and Butter
Cream guaranteed pure
Cream Ices made from cream and milk
Telephone 30

MANCHESTER

A PLEASURE TO USE



Ladies' and Gentlemen's Styles from 2/6
REDFERNS', 75 Market St.
MANCHESTER

EVERSOFT UPHOLSTERY
Pure Materials. Made Entirely by Us in New Workshops.
HONEST UNDER THE COVER
Double Spring, All Hair Stuffing.
Divan Chairs from £4.17.6
Settees from £8.19.6
100 Sets of Upholstery from £10 to £137.10.0
Two Acres of Showrooms.
J. and J. SHAW Ltd.
70 Oxford Street, Manchester
Also at Compton Furnishing Co., Ltd. Basnett Street, Liverpool

MARSHALL & SNELGROVE
(FRANK DRURY LTD)
Exclusive Fashions and Home Furnishings
RESTAURANT
ST. ANN'S PLACE, MANCHESTER

"Queen" Shoes
Royal Quality
J. Edwards & Son Ltd.
61 Deansgate Manchester
Established 100 Years

Depot for "Braemar" Pullovers, etc., for Men.
Rickards
GENTLEMEN'S OUTFITTERS
20 OLD MILLGATE, MANCHESTER
Corner of Cannon St. Tel. Blackfriars 5600

WATCH REPAIRS
For Good Reliable Work at Reasonable Prices
TRY
J. SANDIFORD
37 CANNON STREET, MANCHESTER

J. BROOKFIELD
COSTUMIER
COATS (from 6 gns.) GOWNS (from 3 gns.)
FURS, etc.
Albany Chambers
20 St Anns Square Manchester
Telephone City 5500

BOWEN'S
Gentlemen's Outfitters
Hats, Shirts, Socks, Ties, etc.
20 Hart Road, Platt Lane, Manchester

LANCASHIRE

MANCHESTER

(Continued)

Broughton Model Laundry
BROUGHTON Limited MANCHESTER

Best Family Work 2/3
per dozen articles
HAND FINISHED WORK
small articles in proportion.
Please Ask for Our Lists.
Superior Dyeing, Dry Cleaning, Pleating. Lowest Charges.
Tel. 1032 Broughton Estb. 1805

ROCHDALE

For your next Burberry or Aquatite
TRY THE
ROCHDALE RUBBER CO.
Largest Selection in Town
Makers of Leather Coats of Distinction
17 DRAKE ST., ROCHDALE Tel. 3768

P. G. WILMOT
Tel. No. 3818
Floral Artist & High Class Fruiterer
1a Baillie Street, Rochdale

F. D. BUTTERWORTH
For Smart Men's Wear at Popular Prices
DYEING & DRY CLEANING
98 YORKSHIRE STREET, ROCHDALE

WILLIAMSON
Phone 2368 for
Exclusive Toilet Ware
GOLDSMITH SILVERSMITH
ROCHDALE

FREEMAN, HARDY & WILLIS Ltd.
FHW *FOOTWEAR FOR ALL*
38 YORKSHIRE STREET

W. H. BEST
Painter and Decorator
Tel. 2390 ROCHDALE

H. WARD
Phone 5938 Castleton
MEAT PURVEYOR
385 Manchester Rd., Sudden, Rochdale
Orders promptly attended to.

J. L. RATCLIFFE
GROCER, ETC.
59 Ramsay St. and 86 Tweedale St., Rochdale
Tel. 2608 and 3509
Huntley and Palmer's Biscuits

E. ROBINS
Coats, Millinery and Gowns
Children's Wear
DRAKE ST., ROCHDALE

SOUTHPORT

T. H. TALBOT
3 LARCH STREET, SOUTHPORT
LADIES' & GENTLEMEN'S TAILOR
Cut & Fit Guaranteed
The Latest Designs Always to Hand

W. S. WARDLE
Coal and Coke Contractor
Cheshire Lines Goods Yard Southport
Best house coal at lowest prices.
Graded coke nuts for Greenhouse Stoves
Central heating, etc.
Telephone 2708

For REMOVALS & STORAGE, CARPETS AND LINOLEUMS, COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHINGS
BEN. PURSER & SONS, Ltd.
137-149 Lord St., Southport. Tel. 4893

Established 1851 Telephone No. 66312
T. UNSWORTH
Proprietress Mrs. Hiscocks
23 LIVERPOOL ROAD, BIRKDALE
Confectioner and Bride-Cake Maker
Wedding Breakfasts and parties supplied.

The Premier Dry Cleaning Works
(Proprietor W. CHADDERTON)
Have your goods dry cleaned in Southport by ACTUAL CLEANERS
Returned in 3 DAYS
79A LINAKER ST. Phone 3509

ROBINSON'S
HOUSE LINEN SPECIALISTS
LADIES' LINGERIE & HOSE
319, 321, 323, 325 Lord Street, Southport
Telegrams "Linens", Southport Ph. 3669

MABEL M. GROOME
Ladies' and Children's Outfitter
Hat and Frock Specialist
2 SOMERSET BUILDINGS
Hill Street Southport

BROADBENTS
The Premier Fashion Store
and
Ladies' and Children's Wear Specialists

E. B. SHAW
Coal and Coke Merchant
98 FOREST RD Phone 2182 SOUTHPORT
Special Summer Prices for orders given in June and July with further reductions for 3 tons and wagon loads. Write or phone NOW for prices.

MATTI & TISSOT
CHOCOLATERIE
Well recommended Home Made Chocolates and Continental Confections.
16b Lord Street & 11 London St., Southport
Mail Orders Filled

BURSTON & NIXSON, Ltd.
FAMILY GROCERY STORES
Highest Quality & Latest Revised Prices
Agents for
Peek Frean's Biscuits, Armour's Ox Tongues, Instant Postum, Grape-Nuts, Shredded Wheat & Carr's Biscuits, Etc.
41, LONDON STREET, SOUTHPORT
Phone 2153 Est. 1881

NORTHUMBERLAND

NEWCASTLE-ON-TYNE

FREEMAN, HARDY & WILLIS Ltd.
FHW *FOOTWEAR FOR ALL*
88a CLAYTON STREET
35 CLAYTON STREET
95 AND 97 NORTHUMBERLAND STREET

NORTHUMBERLAND

NEWCASTLE-ON-TYNE

(Continued)

Bainbridge & Co., Ltd.
Market St. Grainger St. Bigg Market
Newcastle-on-Tyne
Ladies', Gentlemen's and Children's Outfitters
Fabrics and General Drapery
Boots and Shoes Leather Goods
Saddlery
Furniture and Furnishings
Carpets and Linoleums
Glass and China
Grocery and Provisions
Ladies' & Gentlemen's Hairdressing
A high-class service at moderate prices.
Cafe, Restaurant and Tea Rooms
Telegrams "Bainbridge" Newcastle-on-Tyne
Tel. 25,000 Tel. Night Calls 25902

The Two Ball Lonnon Auto Depot
(R. E. TETHER)
WEST ROAD, NEWCASTLE-ON-TYNE
Repairs, Overhauls, Washing, Tecalemit High Pressure Greasing
Conscientious Service
PETROL and OIL
Breakdown waggon always available.
Phone 33262

WHITLEY BAY

Plumbing and Heating
by
WM. MILNE
Gleneagles, Marine Gardens
Whitley Bay. Phone 553

LONDON

EXCLUSIVE SHOES
by the pioneer of Heel-to-Ball fitting
Charles St. Baker Ltd
302-308
REGENT STREET, W. 1
Just by Queen's Hall

Inexpensive HATS
Models or made to measure by
JENYVEN
JEAN STEWART & MARIANNE NIVEN
at 38 BEAUCHAMP PLACE, S. W. 3
They also stock
Furnishing and Decorating materials
Barclay Corsets which are individually made

CAKES
Fruit and meat pies, savouries, marmalade
Home made, pure and so delicious!
The LITTLE CAKE SHOP
29 Upper George St., Edgware Rd., W. 1

Purveyors of
HIGH CLASS MEAT
for all consumers
RIDLER & SON
179 Westbourne Grove Park 0837
CULLIMORE & STOKES
51 Ledbury Road Park 1632
"No further than your 'phone"
Contracts undertaken

Florist & Gardener
Garden Work of all descriptions.
Cut Flowers
Floral Decorations
C. RASSELL LTD.
80 Earl's Court Road, W. 8
Telephone Western 0481

OPTICAL GOODS
Reliable Repairs done on the premises
WHITEHOUSE
(Proprietor W. E. Jones F. B. O. A., F. I. O.)
Watchmaker and Jeweller
37 WARWICK STREET, S. W. 1
Victoria 6085

DAY & EVENING GOWNS
TAILOR-MADES
MILLINERY, BLOUSES, COATS, FURS, etc.
MAISON POMPADOUR
A STORE
4 WILLIAM ST., KNIGHTSBRIDGE, S. W. 1
(Opp. Woollands) Phone Sloane 3810

HERBERT B. PIKE
Court Hairdresser
Permanent Waving
Steam Process. No Heater System.
68 Gloucester Rd., S. W. 7
(St. George's Court)
Tel. Western 2233
Potter & Moore's Mitcham Lavender

ERNEST WHEELER & SON

Structural Alteration, Inexpensive Decorating.
334 WEST END LANE, N. W. 6
Hampstead 0205

Mrs. V. C. MARKS
Specialises in Tailor Mades
SPORTS CLOTHES, HATS, EVENING FROCKS, BAGS
115b Park Street, W. 1

Arnall
The Shop With An Object
Upholstery, Loose Covers, Helmets, Curtains, Household Linens. American Hosiery. Bead Necklaces, etc.
7 HARRINGTON RD., S. W. 7 (Ken. 7437)

60 Bury Walk Kensington
Fulham Road, S. W. 3. 7186
Clifton & Turner
DECORATORS, ELECTRICIANS and CABINET MAKERS
ANTIQUE AND MODERN FURNITURE RESTORED. GENERAL HOUSE REPAIRS.

Meg Scott
Court Hairdresser Beauty Salon
Finest Quality Face Powders, Creams and Shampoos
43 DUKE ST., ST. JAMES, S. W. 1
Whitehall 6430

IONLITE SIGNS
NEON TUBES. all designs for all businesses: 23 shades: burns 1/5 of bulb signs: floral & decorative work of all descriptions carried out: cash or terms: nothing too big, nothing too small: send for particulars. Box M-866, 1 Adelphi Terrace, London, W. C. 2.

LONDON

LONDON

(Continued)

SHOOLBRED'S
DEPOSITORIES Ltd.
offers expert and reliable service
REMOVALS
STORAGE
PACKING
SHIPPING
QUEEN'S BUILDINGS
TOTTENHAM COURT ROAD
(by 179)
LONDON, W. 1
FURNITURE PURCHASED Telephone Museum 3386

CANTILEVER
"The Shoe With a Flexible Arch"

Comfort obtained by correct Shoe Fitting and Natural Foot Form
Your friends are satisfied—ask them.
COVENTRY SHOE Co. Ltd.
23 Coventry St., Piccadilly Circus, W.1

T. H. CANTELL
MERCHANT TAILOR
117 CHEAPSIDE, E. C. 2
(Nearly opposite Bow Church)
Telephone: National 8776
"Thought, Care and Real Tailoring"

LONDON

LONDON

MONITOR ADVERTISING INFORMATION BUREAU
If the service you wish is not advertised in this issue of The Christian Science Monitor, call Temple Bar 1364, where a bureau of local and national advertisers is maintained.
3 Adelphi Terrace, W. C. 2

"A Bargain in Every Purchase" is the slogan adopted by
Bradley & Perrins Ltd.
who supply only the best and most reliable goods at moderate prices.
General Fancy and Furnishing Drapers
357, 359, 361, 363, 365, 367 & 369
Harrow Road, Paddington, London, W. 9

INCOME TAX RECOVERED and ADJUSTED
Consult MISS H. M. BAKER
275 High Holborn, London, W. C. 1
Income Tax Returns, Super Tax Returns, Repayment Claims of all descriptions, including those for British subjects resident abroad. Telephone Holborn 0377.

INSURANCE
SERVICE TO ALL
THANK YOU
STANLEY J. PETTINGALL
INSURANCE BROKER
25 Leadenhall St., E. C Monument 2480
Telephone Nos.: Silverthorn 1899

The ART STORES Ltd.
(E. J. WILLSON & SONS)
53 Sloane Sq. and 101 Pimlico Rd.
Stationery and Die Stamping
Pictures
Artist Materials
Lending Library
Stationery
Cards
Inexpensive Gifts

PEARSALL'S COAL
THE BEST THAT MONEY CAN BUY
125, Westbourne Park Road, W.2
Phone PARK 4000 Established 1896

HARPER METHOD
For the Hair, Face, Hands
Miss STANLEY
The only registered Harper Method Office in London.
128 WIGMORE ST., PORTMAN SQ., W. 1
Telephone Welbeck 8080

PROTHEROE LTD
THE SIGN OF A GOOD BUILDER
Decorations, Heating and Sanitary Engineers
Tel. Maida Vale 2146
11, HIGH ROAD, KILBURN, N. W. 6

INSURANCE
in all its branches
E. T. NEEDHAM & CO., Ltd.
85 London Wall, E. C. 2

GWYN-MOYRA
FLORIST & GARDENER
Cut flowers, Foliage, Country Bunches. Window Boxes, Garden work of all descriptions. Also purest cream cheese and honey stocked Flowers sent to all boats.
148 Sloane St., S. W. 1 Phone Sloane 1910
Telegrams: Gwyn Moyra, Sloane, London

JANE Ltd
HATS, FROCKS, FURS, etc.
50 Curzon Street
Opposite Christian Science church
Mayfair, W. 1 Tel.: Grosvenor 2634

THE MAISON COPIE
Principal Monsieur Henri Copie
ARTISTIC COIFFEURS
PERMANENT WAVING
Manicure, etc. Phone Sloane 4923
3 WILLIAM ST., Knightsbridge, S. W. 1

J. COLLINS
HIGH-CLASS GROCERS & PROVISION MERCHANTS
Agents for Peek Frean's Products & Canada Dry. Motor Delivery London & District Daily
69 Abingdon Rd., Kensington, W. 8.
Western 0021

The Diagram of the K Plus Fitting being the Outline of Comfort.
BALDWIN SMITH
233a Regent Street 103 Cheapside
K Shoe Specialist

RAINBOW CAKE SHOP
HOME MADE Cakes, Pies (meat or fruit) Tarts, Bread, etc.
HOME MADE Jams, Chocolates, Wedding Cakes. Cakes for EVERY occasion.
(LUNCHEONS—AFTERNOON TEAS)
500a, Edgware Road, Maida Vale, W. 2
Phone Padd. 1331

Phone: FLAxman 1701
PRINTING Strictly Private and Confidential
PITE & THYNNE
Works: Manresa Road, Chelsea
Postal Address: 278a King's Road, S. W. 3

HELEN TEMPLE
Specialist in Electrical Hair Brushing
Shampoo Powders, Face Cleansing Lotions, Creams, Powders, Dusting Powders & Bath Salts
171a SLOANE ST., S. W. 1 Sloane 4179

LONDON

LONDON

(Continued)

LESLEY, LAY & LESLEY TAILORS
and
BREECHES MAKERS.
23, BUCKLERSBURY, E.C.4
(3 Doors from Mansion House)
CENTRAL 8030. PERSONAL ATTENTION.

FLORENCE CRITTEN
Specialist in
FURS
Advance Models in the newest furs now ready. Also estimates and suggestions for remodelling and repairing.
ALL AT SUMMER PRICES
Cold Storage a Speciality
50 Maddox St., New Bond St., W. 1
Telegrams Mayfair 2440
Critten, Wesdo, London

BRITANNIC CARBON COMPANY
E. C. H. HENDERY
Carbons, Typewriter Ribbons, Typewriting, Duplicating, Office Stationery, Printing, etc.
TRANSLATIONS
Phone National 2985
17 Gresham Street, London, E. C. 2

T. W. Winter
Ladies Tailor & Furrier
Smart coats made from ladies own cloth. Perfect fit.
Furs Cleaned & Remade
57 Marloes Road, Kensington.

Duplicating, Typewriting, Etc.
The Talbot Typewriting Office
(MISS G. PHENIX)
21 Mincing Lane, E. C. Ph. Royal 2492

BUILDING DECORATING
Best Work—Moderate Prices
J. D. HOBSON Ltd.
7 Duke Street, W. C. 2 Temple Bar 1360

PEMBROKE HOUSE LAUNDRY
22 and 24 Stanley Gardens, Acton Vale
Tel. Shepherds Bush, 2520
Speciality Silks and Flannels

BURGESS'S LAUNDRY
103 Walmer Rd., North Kensington, W. 10
Phone Park 7211
Depots, 103 Portobello Rd., North Kens. 159 High St., Notting Hill Gate
DYERS & CLEANERS
M. E. REPTON, Manageress

FHW FREEMAN, HARDY & WILLIS Limited
Footwear for All
231 BROMPTON ROAD, S. W. 3
108 SOUTHAMPTON ROW, W. C. 1
19 BROADWAY, HAMMERSMITH

1980 CLEANERS
27 GROSVENOR GARDENS, S W 1
Phone Victoria 1980
New hygienic and odourless process. Same day service at lower charges.
We collect and deliver.

HAIRDRESSERS
Eugene Permanent Waves
DAYMARD'S
(Founded 1887)
80-82 Pimlico Rd. (Nr. Sloane Square)
T. N Sloane 1032

GREGG & CO. Ltd.
ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS
HOT WATER & GAS FITTERS
SHEFFIELD CUTLERS
27 Sloane Sq., S. W. 1 1196 Sloane
247-249 Fulham Rd., S. W. 3
9808 Flaxman

LONDON N. W.—Finchley

Prompt Automobile Service and Repairs
CARS FOR HIRE
Garage open day and night.
BELLS MOTORS
139, High Road, East Finchley, N. 2.
Telephone Tudor 2889

LONDON N. W. Golders Green

Timothy Whites
The Reliable HOUSEHOLD STORES
With Up-to-Date Lending Library
57, GOLDERS GREEN ROAD
Telephone Speedwell 1665
OUR PRICES LOWEST IN LONDON
Branches throughout the South of England

New Department Open for
Household Linens
Cretonnes, Casements, etc.
J. W. WARNER
GENERAL AND FANCY DRAPER
9 and 10 Russell Parade, Golders Green Road, N W. 11—Phone Speedwell 5765

LONDON N. W. Hampstead

Beautiful Fabrics for CURTAINS AND LOOSE COVERS

Admirable range of artistic materials for Curtains and Loose Covers, including many interesting new designs, in a wide variety of attractive colourings.
BOWEN & MALLON
183-187 Finchley Road, N. W. 3

JANGFIER STUDIOS COURT PHOTOGRAPHERS
345 & 345 FINCHLEY ROAD, LONDON, N.W.3. 3428 & 1429 HAMP. STAD.

Take up a useful Hobby!
Learn Handweaving and Spinning
Orders taken for materials, Rugs, Furnishings, etc.
ANNA CHALLIS
26 ECCLESTON STREET, 1st floor, S. W. 1.

LONDON

LONDON E.—Chingford

Dairy Produce of Quality
TRY
LOW HALL FARM MILK
JAMES SOPER, Dairy Farmer
CHINGFORD, 22 STATION ROAD
Phone: Silverthorn 1553

Phone Silverthorn 1198
Prompt Delivery by Motor.
RAWLINGS Food Store
4 STATION ROAD, CHINGFORD
This Modernised Store—under the personal supervision of a Certified Grocer—offers the very best goods and service at the lowest possible prices.
A TRIAL EARNESTY SOLICITED

Houses for Investment
MORTGAGE BROKER
Houses, Shops and Land for Sale
J. PETTINGALL, Station Approach, Chingford
Phone Silverthorn 1899

WARREN'S BOOT STORES
Noted for Repairs
Always a good stock of Diana Shoes for Ladies and Gentlemen.
Start-Rite for Children
105 STATION ROAD, CHINGFORD
Phone Silverthorn 1428

LONDON E.—Hackney

A. H. SHARPE Ltd.
249, DALSTON LANE, HACKNEY
Tel. Clissold 3058
NEEDLEWORK
WOOL & GIFT SHOP
Rugmaking demonstration & instruction without extra charge
Special Agents for
Patons & Baldwins Wools
Please mention The Christian Science Monitor

LONDON E.—Leytonstone

SUMMER SALE NOW ON
at
BEARMANS Limited
The House of Value
HIGH RD., LEYTONSTONE, E. 11
Tel. Leytonstone 1131—4 lines.

R. W. & I. PUDDICOMBE
Established 1889
General Drapers—Milliners—Furriers
SUMMER SALE
High Rd., Leytonstone and Station Broadway Woodford

G. J. HARDY
11 and 12 STATION PARADE
Noted for Hosiery, Gloves
Underwear, Frocks and Blouses
AGENT FOR JAEGER
Telephone: Leytonstone 2873

ART FLORISTS
BLAKEBROUGH & CO.
CHURCH LANE Phone Ley. 2122
Hot House Grapes, English Tomatoes and Eggs
Members of
FLORISTS TELEGRAPH DELIVERY ASSN.

LONDON E.—Woodford

Warner's Ltd Tailors—Hosiers & School Outfitters
128 GEORGE LANE & 122 HIGH ROAD
Also at
LEYTON-LOUGHTON-CHINGFORD

LONDON S. E. West Norwood

DAYS
H. DAY & SONS, Ltd.
Furniture & Removals & Storing
A Complete Service
West Norwood, S. E. 27
Phone Streatham 7720-1-2 and at Beckenham 1078 and Norbury, Pollards 2364

LONDON S. W.—Chelsea

CLAVELL
The Cleaners
Three-Hour Cleaning and Pressing Service
255 FULHAM ROAD, CHELSEA
Phone Flaxman 1203 for Free Collection in 4 mile area.

LONDON S. W.—Putney

R. W. SAVAGE & CO.
DRAPERS AND HOUSE FURNISHERS
REMOVAL CONTRACTORS
(Estimates Free)
FIREPROOF DEPOSITORIES
79-93 High St., Putney, S. W. 15, and 317-325 Putney Bridge Rd., S. W. 15
Telephone: Putney 2400

For Ready to Serve Foods and Table Delicacies. York Hams, Melton Mowbray Pies, Brand's A-1 Products, Scotch Round and Brisket specially prepared on the premises.
W. R. DAVIES, Family Butcher
211a and 294 Upper Richmond Rd., S. W. 15
Telephone: Putney 0552

RUDMAN & CO., Ltd.
HEAD OFFICE: 130 High St., Putney
Tel Putney 0592, 0593
Fishmongers and Poulterers
Licensed Dealers in Game
and at
WIMBLEDON, SHEEN, BARNES, ROEHAMPTON, ETC.

HOMEMADE CAKES & PRESERVES
Molly's
AFTERNOON TEAS
204A UPPER RICHMOND ROAD SW15
PUPILS TAKEN PUTNEY 7488

LONDON S. W. Roehampton

JACOB'S CREAM CRACKERS
NUTTING & SONS
High Class Grocers and Provision Merchants
4 MEDFIELD STREET, S. W. 15.
Telephone Putney 0361

LONDON S. W.—Southfields

Yorkshire Relish
"The most delicious Sauce in the World"
W. SCOTT
High-Class Grocery and Provisions.
17 Replingham Road, Southfields, S. W.
Tel. Putney 4538

LONDON

LONDON S. W.—Streatham

R. W. SMALE, *Builder & Decorator*

13 THRALE RD., STREATHAM

Tel. No. STREATHAM 3704; S.W.16

Distinctive and Tasteful Stationery *at Prices to Suit the Times*
BUTLER'S of Streatham
Are Specialists of Invitation or Announcement Cards and All Kinds of Family and Social Stationery.
57 STREATHAM HIGH ROAD, S. W. 16

NOTTINGHAMSHIRE

NOTTINGHAM

HARRISON'S
Everything for Everyone's Wear
3-13 Hockley, Nottingham
'Phone 45480

Travel by
Robin Hood Transport
Blackpool Lytham St. Annes, Preston (with connections to Southport & the Lake District) Bolton, and Manchester.
Robin Hood Coaches leave Nottingham daily at 8:15 a. m. and 3 p. m.
Book at 34, PARLIAMENT STREET

YORKSHIRE

BRADFORD

The MISSES DYSON
(MRS. E. A. MITCHELL)
MILLINERY SPECIALISTS & LADIES' OUTFITTERS
44 GREAT HORTON ROAD, BRADFORD
Three doors above Empire Theatre Tel. 8078

SYDNEY PEARSON
COSTUMIER and FURRIER
Millinery, Hosiery and Lingerie Specialists
28-30-32 DARLEY STREET, BRADFORD
Telephone 4515
LEEDS CUSTOMERS
Please telephone 61967 Roundhay

FREEMAN, HARDY & WILLIS Ltd.
FHW *FOOTWEAR FOR ALL*
31 IVEGATE
246 AND 248 MANCHESTER ROAD
629 LEEDS ROAD

W. H. SHARP & SONS
Basket and Skep Manufacturer
Willow and Cane Merchant
LOWTOWN, PUDSEY
Near Leeds and Bradford
Tel. 71115 Stanningley

HALIFAX

Ladies' Exclusive Shoes
J. Collinson & Co. Ltd.
6a Silver Street, Halifax
Phone 4447

HARROGATE

Edwards, Byatt & Co. Ltd.

Complete House Furnishers
Bright with beautiful printed fabrics and Art Silks.
Keep your Home Among our display, the newest Materials may always be found.
Loose covers and curtains are our Speciality.
31 JAMES ST. HARROGATE
Phone 3284

GEO. KELSEY
Glass and China Merchant

Agent for Wedgwood "Stuart" Crystal "Pyrex" Cooking Glass, etc.
37 JAMES STREET Tel. 392

Tel. 3337
Dowling's
CHOCOLATES
Fresh, home-made chocolates. Any assortment specially packed. Over 60 varieties to choose from. 3/6d. per lb 3 lbs post free.
31 MONTPELIER PARADE, HARROGATE

FREEMAN, HARDY & WILLIS Ltd.
FHW *FOOTWEAR FOR ALL*
15a BEULAH STREET

GOODRICKS Ltd.
High Class Butchers
1 Cambridge Street
Tel. 3036 Noted for quality
Humane Methods and service

SPENCER BROTHERS
Cambridge Street
Tel. 4646
High Class Fruiterers
Fresh Vegetables Daily
Prompt delivery to all parts of town.

Ladies' Exclusive Shoes
WARD & CO., Ltd.
48 Parliament Street, Harrogate
Phone 2747

Geo. Newby & Co. Ltd.
FISH, GAME & POULTRY SALESMEN
JAMES STREET
Tel No 9027 (3 lines)
FINEST QUALITIES
REASONABLE PRICES
ONE SERVICE ONLY—THE BEST

YORKSHIRE

HARROGATE (Continued)

STANDINGS Ltd.
General Provision Merchants
Tel. Nos. 4041 (3 lines)
Cafe Branch Stores
Harrogate Station Square
20 West Park
Tel. No. 4390

HUDDERSFIELD

ENJOY THE BEST
TINNED GOODS, DRIED FRUITS, JAMS, PICKLES, ETC., at
LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES
F. & A. E. LODGE, TOP MARKET HALL

ARMITAGE'S COAL
MAKES WARM FRIENDS
JAMES ARMITAGE & SON
17. MARKET ST., HUDDERSFIELD
AND DEPOTS
Tel. 646

AUTOMOBILE ENGINEERS

Repairs a speciality
We also specialise in regrinding engines
EVERY MAKE OF CAR SUPPLIED
J. E. TAYLOR & CO.
Est. 1899 ST. THOMAS' ROAD Tel. 9972

C. W. WHITWAM
(Late Shaw's) NEW MILL
We stock goods nationally advertised in The Christian Science Monitor, including Postum, Yorkshire Relish, Heinz products, Chivers goods, Gunstone's Biscuits.
Orders promptly attended to.
TEL. HOLMFIRTH 236

LEEDS

Schofields
THE HEADROW, LEEDS
The Store With a Spirit of Friendly Service
Ladies' and Children's Complete Outfitters

Tel 23741
36 & 38 New Briggate
Leeds
Leslie Ltd
Smart Clothes
GOWNS
MILLINERY
COSTUMES
3 doors below Grand Theatre

R. BARKER & Co. Ltd.
PIANOS
Gramophones & Records
RADIO
Dependable Service
6, 7 & 8 ALBION PLACE, LEEDS
Phone 22086

SMITH & KIRBY (Successors) Ltd.
Agents for K Boots & Shoes
Lotus, Delta, Kiltie, &c
Specialists in footwear for Kiddies
Sports Goods, Hose & Repairs.
59 WOODHOUSE LANE, LEEDS

WALTER BARKER
Family Grocer
The Store for Discriminating Buyers
Hyde Park Corner 255 Roundhay Road
57 Gt George St Street Lane Roundhay
19 Roundhay Road
Harrogate Road, Chapeltown,
and at Capitol Bldgs., Meanwood, Leeds

MOORE'S
The House for Furnishings
Loose Covers and Curtains made to order
Belfast Linen Warehouse, Ltd.
36 ALBION STREET, LEEDS
Telephone 22010 Leeds

CRAIG
36 BOAR ROW LEEDS

Isaac Stephenson Ltd.
121 Kirkgate, Leeds, & 99 Godwin St. BRADFORD
ENGLISH MEAT PURVEYORS
(Humane Methods)
Telephones Leeds 20077; Bradford 2499

ABBOTT'S CAFE ROYAL
CROSSGATES Tel. 30 Crossgates
Home Made Cakes a Speciality
Madeira and Cream Cakes

LEONORA FAULKNER
WEST BAR CHAMBERS Tel. 23801
Permanent Wave
18/6 Full Head
Open all day Wednesday

EVELYN ENGLISH
Ladies' and Children's Hairdresser
271 OTLEY ROAD, WEST PARK
Headingley Leeds Phone 51107
Permanent Waving, EUGENE and Gallia Systems.

Phone 27234
S. & S. SENIOR
Ladies' and Gentlemen's *TAILORS*
Own materials made up.
66 NORTH STREET LEEDS
Urgent orders at shortest notice.

LADIES' HAIRDRESSER
A. E. CASTELOW
QUEEN'S ARCADE BALCONY
Genuine Permanent Waves from 15/-
Three Systems
EXPERT Tel. 27642 STAFF

SCARBOROUGH

A. W. SINCLAIR & SONS
BUILDERS
Commercial Street
Tel. 447 *ESTIMATES FREE*

PAINTING, DECORATING
ELECTRIC FIXTURES
Wallpapers, Paints, Oils, Enamels
Electric Requisites
C. O. RYMER
26 Belle Vue Street, FILEY

YORKSHIRE

SCARBOROUGH (Continued)

Castlehouse Vasey & Co.
Limited
AGENTS FOR
Wolseley, Rover
BUICK, de Soto,
Chevrolet Cars,
Douglas Motor Cycles
Ford
Exide Service Agents
Brook Street and Ramshill Road

SHEFFIELD

MONITOR ADVERTISING INFORMATION BUREAU
If the service you wish is not advertised in this issue of The Christian Science Monitor, call Sharrow 51660, where a bureau of local and national advertisers is maintained.
82 MONTGOMERY RD. NETHER EDGE

FOR GUARANTEED GROCERIES, PROVISIONS CONFECTIONERY & FRUIT
COE
143 EGGLESALL ROAD SOUTH
Agents for Diadem Flour
WE SELL GUNSTONE'S BISCUITS AND MOST OTHER WELL-ADVERTISED LINES. ORDERS DELIVERED DAILY TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY

E. A. WEST
COSTUMES, BLOUSES, FURS, GOWNS, MILLINERY, Etc
40 Infirmary Road
also
135 West Bar.
Tel.: 23086

E. BIVENS
Stationery and Books
Students' Supplies etc.
365, Ecclesall Road Tel. 61011

Melling Bros LTD.
for Tasteful House Decorations
BUILDERS, PLUMBERS, CONTRACTORS
Balfour Road
Telephone 41535 Estimates free

TELEPHONE 20790
Alfred Grindrod & Co.
HEATING, VENTILATING and DOMESTIC ENGINEERS
122-126 CHARLES STREET

BUSINESS PULLING
PRINTING and WINDOW TICKETS
We can do the sort you need.
Tel. Cent. 22690

J. A. SANDERSON & SONS LTD.
9 and 11 Watson Walk, Sheffield

Quality, Service, Satisfaction
HIGH CLASS PROVISIONS
We Sell Gunstone's Biscuits
E. E. HAYWOOD
Deliveries to Any Part of City
492, FULWOOD ROAD Tel. 61282

H. H. GREEN
AUTOMOBILE ENGINEER
172 PSALTER LANE Phone 60988
New and second-hand cars. Part exchanges. Service after sales. Accessories. Tyres. Petrol. Oil, etc., Radio sets and supplies.

FAULKS
FAMED SHOE SERVICE
Agencies for Well Known Brands including
PORTLAND SHOES OF QUALITY
Repairs Prompt Service
934 ECCLESALL ROAD

LOTUS
All Best Makes of Footwear Stocked.
COMFORT SHOE SHOP
C. L. MOWER
186, Whitham Road
Tel. 60633

COCKAYNES Ltd.
ANGEL STREET
See our advertisement on another page.

WAKEFIELD

Specialist in Home Furnishing
COMPETENT STAFF
Tel. 2829 FOR MAKING Estab 1772
PELMETS & CURTAIN SCHEMES
FURNITURE FOR ALL ROOMS
EDMUND DEWHIRST
65 WESTGATE, WAKEFIELD

YORK

Costumier Furrier Milliner ILES Hosier and Glover
PARLIAMENT STREET, YORK

IRELAND

BELFAST

BELL & LOGAN, Ltd.
BODONI HOUSE, LINENHALL STREET
Printers, Stationers, Bookbinders. Barlock and Barlet Al British Typewriters. Duplicators. Steel Office Furniture, Milner's Safes.
Phones: Belfast 5573, 5574

Over 70 Years' Reputation
For Furniture, Carpets, Curtains, Draperies, Bedding, Napery, General Ironmongery, etc.
The Furnishing House of
ROBERT WATSON & Co., LTD.
90-92-94 DONEGALL ST., BELFAST

Erskine Mayne
3 Donegall Square West
Books, Best Souvenirs; Irish Authors, Charming Books
The Shop for Road Maps and Guides.

Stormonth's Stores
43-45 ANN STREET, BELFAST
For High Class Groceries, Provisions, Confectionery Fruit, etc.
We stock Peek Frean's and Jacob's Biscuits and Yorkshire Relish.

JOHN NEILL'S COAL
46 QUEEN STREET, BELFAST
Branch Offices, 3 and 4 Queen's Quay
Telephones 221 and 222 Est. 1860

For Beautiful Laundry Work
Try
Devonshire Laundry Ltd.
RAVENHILL AVENUE, BELFAST
Phones 0663 and 0664
"The Laundry of Repute"

IRELAND

BELFAST (Continued)

James
HAND TAILORS
to LADIES and GENTLEMEN
Excellent Work—Moderate Prices
Burberry and Dexter Raincoats
9 Lombard Street
BELFAST

DUBLIN

Switzers
Circulating Library
Worked in conjunction with "Times Book Club." London.
Subscriptions from 2 guines per annum
SWITZER & CO., Ltd., Grafton St. Dublin

PIM BROTHERS LTD
One of Ireland's Better Stores
Up-to-date Goods distinguished by Excellent Quality and moderate pricing.
Agents for
REVELATION SUIT CASES
RESLAW HATS (for Women)
BATTERSBY HATS (for Men)
PIM BROTHERS LTD., GEORGES ST.

PHOENIX LAUNDRY
RUSSELL STREET, DUBLIN
Established over 30 years
The Only Laundry in the Free State that can offer the Public 3 services.
For full particulars:
Send Postcard or phone Drumcondra 28

75 Years' Experience in
DYEING & CLEANING
R. J. McKECHNIE, Ltd.
134 Stephen's Green
76 Aungier Street } DUBLIN
22 Marino Mart, Fairview

Service & Value to Every Customer
D. KELLETT, Ltd.
DRAPERS, George's St., Dublin

For CARPETS, CURTAINS, LINOLEUMS, HOUSEHOLD REMOVALS, CLEANING, etc.
ANDERSON STANFORD & RIDGEWAY (1929) LTD.
115 Grafton St., Dublin Phone 22508

DIXON & HEMPENSTALL
Burndept Wireless
Complete Sets Installed
12 SUFFOLK STREET, DUBLIN

GRANDY
St. Stephen's Green, Dublin
Gentlemen's Outfitters
Lowest Cash Prices

"SAY IT WITH FLOWERS"
M. & G. JAMESON
FLORISTS
21 Nassau Street, Dublin, Ireland
Agents, Carters Tested Seeds
Telegrams, "Shamrock Dublin"
Phone 61473

W.G.GIBSON
Specialist in
SILKS, DRESS FABRICS *and* LADIES' HOSIERY
26 WICKLOW STREET

W. LEON
24 GRAFTON STREET, DUBLIN
Large Variety of Evening and Afternoon Frocks, Coats, Costumes and Furs

S. CALDWELL
Grocer and Purveyor
110 Upper Leeson Street, Dublin
Phone Dublin 61420

CHANCELLOR'S
CELEBRATED WATCHES
7 GRAFTON STREET, DUBLIN

RATHFARNHAM

MILK
HUGHES BROTHERS LTD
HAZELBROOK DAIRY
RATHFARNHAM

SCOTLAND

EDINBURGH

Famed for their reliable watches
SCOTTISH JEWELLERY
in great variety
R. L. CHRISTIE
Watchmaker and Jeweller
17-20 BANK ST., EDINBURGH
Established over a century

Orders are now being booked for PRESERVING
Strawberries, Raspberries, Black Currants and Plums
J. W. KEYS
Fruiterer and Greengrocer
6 INDIA PLACE Tel. 24436

Strawberries—Cherries
Gooseberries—Raspberries
FRESH ARRIVALS DAILY
WM. BROWN & CO.
41 QUEENSFERRY STREET Tel. 23534

J. C. SMITH Ltd.
Men's and Boys' Tailors and Outfitters
Burberry and "Braemar" Agents
91 LOTHIAN ROAD
and at Bell Street, St. Andrews

JOHNSTON'S PROVISION STORES
38 EASTER ROAD Telephone 36360
Our New Branch
30 HOME STREET—Telephone 26348
is well fitted to supply your need in High Class Provisions
Carrs' Table Water and Club Cheese Biscuits in sixpenny packets.

SCOTLAND

EDINBURGH (Continued)

"THE IRISH LINEN HOUSE"
The House of Distinction for
HOUSEHOLD LINENS
FANCY LINENS *and* HANDKERCHIEFS
In each section we stock only qualities we can recommend. To quote prices is misleading as they give no idea of value. See the goods and judge the value by the prices we charge
5% Discount off Sums of 10/- up
Lambert & Scatter
34a FREDERICK STREET

The Attraction of
STERLING SILVER
Most people feel the attraction of sterling silver with its government hall mark of purity, and we venture to suggest that in the form of Highland ornaments and Clan Brooches, the attraction is doubled and the feeling is one of infinite satisfaction. We shall welcome your visit of inspection.
MAIL ORDERS FILLED
WILSON & SHARP Ltd.
139 Princes Street, Edinburgh
Ph. 21850 Telegrams "Rubies," Edinburgh

Our WIRELESS Department is at your service
Portable Wireless Sets
James Gray & Son
89 GEORGE STREET, EDINBURGH
TELEPHONE 24186

"MODERN ATHENS"
View Book of Edinburgh
Prices, 1/-, 1/6 and 3/6, bound in Tartan
GEO. STEWART & CO. Ltd.
PRINTERS AND PUBLISHERS
92 GEORGE ST., EDINBURGH

ENVELOPES
230 VARIETIES
Quality Value Service
MACFARLANE & DICKSON
STATIONERS & PRINTERS 25-27 Castle Street EDINBURGH

Established 1882
ANTIQUE FURNITURE
Also Fine Reproductions of English period furniture at reasonable prices.
GLASS AND CHINA
FERRALD
38 Queen St. (Cor. Frederick St.) Tel. 22668

Dunfermline Splint Coal	40/-
Best Household Coal	39/-
Warriston Blackband Coal	34/-
Blackband Washed Nuts	34/-
Treble Washed Nuts	30/-

Special prices for three tons and upwards
ANDREW STEWART
Heriothill Depot, Warriston Rd. Tel. 23890

J. MACMILLAN
(Late of Wm. Ballantyne & Co.)
Dealer in Old Gold, Silver, Antique and Modern Jewellery, Cut Crystal.
Repairs Jewellery, Watches and Clocks
27 ROSE STREET Tel. 26435
(Corner of Hanover Street, 1 stair up)

GLASGOW

For QUALITY-WEAR *and* HOME FURNISHINGS
RESTAURANT TEA-ROOMS
Home-Baked Delicacies
Luncheons from Noon to 2:30 p. m.
Tréron et Cie
254-290 Sauchiehall Street, Glasgow

Watch for Hanging Sign!
Fitwell SHOES
CHARLES FORSYTH McAUSLIN, *Prop.*
LADIES' and MEN'S
HIGH GRADE FOOTWEAR
189 HOPE STREET

ROBERT CUNNINGHAM
MOTOR HIRER and REPAIRER
12 N. Claremont Street
Tel Douglas 5253
2, 4 and 6-Seater Cars for Hire, Any distance, or by Day, Week or Month. Repairs to all makes of Cars by skilled Mechanics.

WILLIAM BLAIR
FAMILY BUTCHER
We stand for perfection in Quality and Service
22 MAIN STREET, BRIDGETON
Tel Bridgeton 2616

DAVID YOUNGER
FAMILY GROCER and PROVISION MERCHANT
194 NORTH STREET (Charing Cross)
Tel. Douglas 160
Orders delivered in City and Suburbs

JOHN ALVES
High-Class Family Grocer and Provision Merchant
6 Kelvingrove St. Phone 4709 Douglas

ELECTRIC LIGHTING
HEATING and COOKING
WIRELESS BATTERIES CHARGED
W. C. Martin & Co. Ltd.
CONTRACTORS
12 WEST CAMPBELL STREET, C. 2

P. L. WHIGHAM
MOTOR HIRER
256 Woodlands Rd. Tel. Douglas 39
Austin Cars for Hire on reasonable terms under personal supervision.

DAILY FEATURES

All Nature

Marmoset

Prepared for The Christian Science Monitor

MARMOSETS make excellent pets. They belong to the group of New World or American monkeys, a group which includes the "spider monkeys," so called because of their lengthy, sprawling arms and legs; the "howling monkeys," known for their reverberating, ear-splitting cries, and the "marmoset," or "Ouisiti," the latter name given it because of its sharp whistle.

As monkeys go, marmosets are not the smartest, though they make very fine playmates and are about as active as squirrels. Two of them in a cage will undertake various ridiculous poses and chases, apparently for the sole purpose of attracting attention. They are very engaging and affectionate pets when kindly treated. At night they want plenty of soft warm bedding which is stacked in the corner when not in use. They seem to have learned the game of "hide and seek" early in life, for they take delight in using the bedclothes to hide in, peering out from the bottom of the pile.

The diet is varied. In the meat line, marmosets are fond of various insects, eggs, and caterpillars. Frequently they will accept a captured insect from human hands, and they are especially fond of flies. In the vegetable kingdom they will eat almost any kind of fruit. Their native land is Guiana, where their long and exceedingly soft fur grows the best. The tail is long and full, and like the raccoon's, numerous blackish rings encircle it. The monkey's general tone is a white and reddish yellow with many dark stripes. An adult is from seven to eight inches long (not counting the tail which averages about 10 to 12 inches).

Eskimo Puzzle

Prepared for The Christian Science Monitor

The spaces formed by the ice blocks of this Eskimo home are to be filled with words, definitions of which are as follows: (1) What the Eskimo uses for clothing. (2) The animals which the Eskimos use to pull their sleds. (3) The region in which the Eskimo lives. (4) Covered with snow. (5) Low temperature. If you use the correct words, you will find, reading downward in the center, the name of something else connected with the Eskimos.

A Word a Day

Notes and Queries

Prepared for The Christian Science Monitor

"Minute men" (W. I. P.) — This might be misunderstood by one not familiar with American history. It refers to the class of armed citizens during the War of Independence who pledged themselves to take the field at a minute's notice. As applied today, of course, it designates those who are ever ready, watchful and alert.

Moment (W. I. P.) — In modern use this word is applied to "a minute portion of time; a point of time; an instant" (Webster's). We do not see how anyone today could arrive at the notion that it represents 60 seconds—a minute.

It is true that in medieval reckoning a moment was sometimes regarded as a fortieth or a fiftieth of a minute, but that usage has long since become obsolete.

Literally (W. I. P.)—In expressions such as "literally sweeping the country," "he literally flew," etc., the word is used hyperbolically. "Literally," of course, means "according to the letter, not figurative," and to be accurate the subject must actually fly, or actually sweep the country if the word is to be allowed in serious use.

We quite agree with the inquirer that something should literally be done to preserve the distinction between "literally" and "metaphorically."

In Lighter Vein

But the Senate Did!

During an American Legion convention an elderly lady, alarmed by some of the playful antics of the legionnaires, rushed up to a policeman, saying, "Can't you stop them, Officer?"

"Lady," responded the cop sadly, "there's an old man in Europe who tried to do that, and now he's sawing wood in Holland."—*Young Men.*

Home Run

"I played golf yesterday for the first time."

"How did you make out?"

"Fine! Made a home run right at the start. I batted the ball into the tall grass in left field and ran around the entire course before they found it."—*Prairie Farmer.*

If He Only Would

Oh, would that our grocer
Would take it as pay!
Contentment is better
Than riches, they say.
—*Boston Transcript.*

Less Tiresome, and—

Sandy had just arrived in New York after a weary journey across the Atlantic. As he walked off the ship he saw a man in a diving outfit climbing up out of the harbor.

"Mon! mon!" exclaimed Sandy, "Wish I'd known aboot that sooner. I'd have walked across my-sel'."—*Capper's Weekly.*

Key to Puzzle

Answer to Bird Puzzle.
Book, Bone, Clip, Sink. (Bobolink.)

The Christian Science Monitor's
Quotation for Today

RESOLVE to perform what you ought, and perform without fail what you resolve. —FRANKLIN

"I Record only the Sunny Hours"

Encouragement

Special to The Christian Science Monitor
Milwaukee, Wis.

A HARDWARE dealer explained recently how he was instrumental in changing a thought of recession into one of activity—a change which had brought a reward to him.

A man who was out of work came in to see him, and the dealer encouraged him to use his talents—to take a small can of paint and go from house to house and offer to paint the rusty mail boxes.

The man started out with a little brush and a 10-cent can of paint. He was back soon for more, for, being a painter by trade, he frequently found more painting to do, inside work at different places.

In simple gratitude to the hardware dealer he bought paint from him again and again. So in this way they were both blessed.

Rime-O-Grams

No. 10

Famous Women

Prepared by Anne Lowell for The Christian Science Monitor

Each correct answer counts twenty. What is your score?

1.

A queen most resourceful;
When other means failed,
She sold all her jewels—
Then away the ships sailed.

2.

At the head of an army
She fought for her king.
Too late did the nation
Her loud praises sing.

3.

In story and song
A dame for the ages;
Her beauty a theme
For poets and sages.

4.

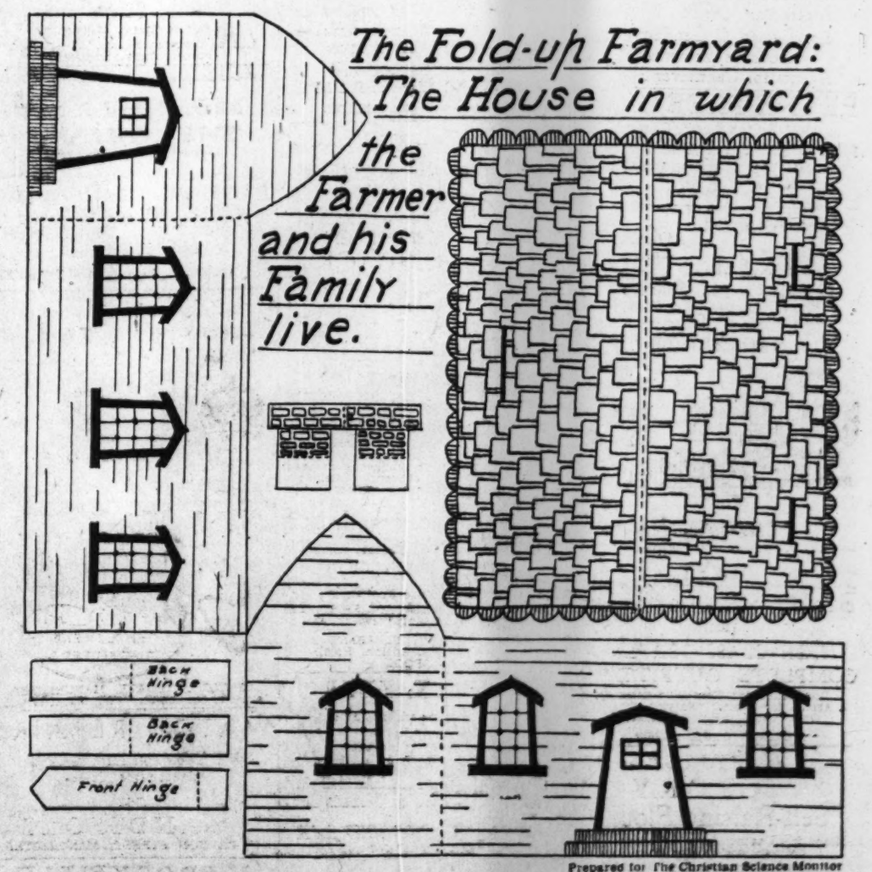
With cloth and with needle
A standard she made,
That is honored by all
Wherever displayed.

5.

Though many a courtier
Admired and wooed her,
To the end of her days
She continued a Tudor.

The names of all readers submitting a perfect score will be published four weeks from yesterday. (This series appears Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays).
Send your lists to the Feature Editor. Be sure to give the number: "Rime-O-Grams No. 10."

The Fold-up Farmyard: The House in which the Farmer and his Family live.



Prepared for The Christian Science Monitor

To make the house in which the farmer and his family live, and which will also be a box for the keeping of them, you should find a pasteboard box 5 by 2½ inches in size. If this cannot be found, you can easily cut one down to these dimensions. Paste it firmly together and cover the sides and back with that part of the picture that contains the doors and windows. Line the box with fancy paper.

The roof is to be bent in the middle and laid over the top of the house and is to be connected to the back wall by the hinges at the lower left of the design. These are to be pasted to the roof on the under side, at the places indicated by the heavy black lines. Those with square ends are to be pasted to the back wall, while the pointed one is only to be pasted to the roof. It slides inside the front wall to keep the roof in place.

Paste the chimney back to back, bend out the tabs at bottom and paste in center of roof. This chimney will also serve as handle for lifting the lid so that the farmer's family may be placed inside. Paint the house pale yellow, roof and doors a pretty shade of brown and the chimney red. Use very thin water colors.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

BOSTON, TUESDAY, JULY 5, 1932

"First the blade, then the ear, then the full grain in the ear"

PUBLISHED BY THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY

Editorial Board of The Christian Science Monitor

The Editorial Board as constituted by The Christian Science Board of Directors for The Christian Science Monitor is composed of Mr. Willis J. Abbot, Contributing Editor; Mr. Roland R. Harrison, Manager of The Christian Science Publishing Society, and Mr. Frank L. Perrin, Executive Editor. It is the duty of the Editorial Board to consider and determine all questions within the Editorial Department of The Christian Science Monitor, and also to carry out the stated policy of The Christian Science Board of Directors relative to the entire news and editorial content of the paper. Each member of said Editorial Board shall have equal responsibility.

All communications regarding the conduct of this newspaper, articles and illustrations for publication should be addressed to the Editorial Board of The Christian Science Monitor.

EDITORIALS

The Irish Free State's Choice

THERE is hope that the rift within the British-Irish Free State lute may be narrowing. Reports indicate that Mr. Eamon de Valera is still counting on arbitration of the land annuities question.

Yesterday, after the House of Commons had voted almost unanimously to empower the British Government to impose duties up to 100 per cent on imports from the Irish Free State, a Labor member put a different complexion on the matter. He startled the House by the disclosure that Mr. de Valera was putting the land annuities into a special fund pending the result of arbitration. This statement was later confirmed by Mr. de Valera himself by long-distance telephone.

It is now only a question whether the Irish Free State will accept Empire arbitration and forgo its insistence on an international tribunal.

Mr. J. H. Thomas, Secretary of State for the Dominions, told the House of Commons last Thursday that since no payments on account of the land annuities had been received from the Irish Free State the British Government would rush through legislative measures to reimburse the British Exchequer. Mr. Stanley Baldwin, speaking for the Prime Minister, confirmed the statement.

Livestock and farm produce will come within the scope of the proposed new duties bill and, as about 90 per cent of all Irish Free State exports are now absorbed by Britain, the prospects of the Irish farmer look none too bright, should the Irish Free State remain obdurate.

These land annuities are in repayment of loans raised in England and Ireland, and guaranteed by the British Government, to enable Irish tenant farmers to buy out their landlords and own their holdings. At the time the loans were made Ireland was an appanage of the British Crown, a state or condition, naturally, the mere memory of which is anathema to the present Fianna Fail Government. That Government's predecessor, under the Cosgrave régime, agreed to pay Britain the full amount at stated intervals.

Now Mr. Eamon de Valera takes the stand that the Free State had every right to the land, anyway, and insists that any repayments be made not to Britain, but to the Treasury of the Free State itself. True, he has expressed willingness to submit the matter to arbitration, as proposed by the British Government, but posits the condition that any such arbitration tribunal must be composed partially of members outside the British Empire. This proposal is emphatically rejected by Mr. Thomas on the ground that the land annuities are a legal and moral obligation toward Britain twice accepted by the Irish Free State's representatives.

The case of Britain seems sound, but intensification of the conflict between the two countries by tariff barriers is discouraging at a time when statesmen everywhere are preparing to urge their abolition or modification at the forthcoming London Conference. Retaliatory measures can be countered by retaliatory measures and the Free State is a buyer as well as a seller when it comes to trade with Britain.

But the Irish Free State would be the greater loser. Unless a much-to-be-desired compromise can be reached between the two countries it means that ten years of peaceful government and friendly relations between Britain and the Free State which marked the Cosgrave Administration are to be lightly thrown away and the Free State's economic difficulties rendered more acute.

The Los Angeles Leaves the Fleet

THE great airship Los Angeles has folded her wings, and the United States Navy thus concludes a notable chapter in the history of its lighter-than-air transport development.

The dirigible whose impressive bulk has blotted out a shadowed wake at the feet of up-looking American citizens from the cornfields of Kansas to the shores of semitropic seas, has been retired from service. With the simple but significant ceremony attendant upon the decommissioning of a gallant ship of the line, the commandant of the Lakehurst Naval Air Station has read the airship off the roster of the navy's active fleet.

Bugle notes echoed under the towering top of the Lakehurst hangar which now cradles only the newer and still larger dirigible Akron. White-clad files stood at attention. Slowly her flag fluttered into reach of waiting hands, and with this brief display of sentiment and tradition, the Los Angeles went to roost.

In the eight years since her builders in Germany delivered her to the United States Government at Lakehurst, the Los Angeles has proved her place as an able unit in America's scouting fleet. About her mighty girth was girded the responsibility of proving that progress in lighter-than-air transportation should not halt beside the charred and twisted bulk of the navy's ill-starred Shenandoah.

From the time of her "launching" at Lakehurst in 1924, when the airship went aloft with the salutation of Mrs. Calvin Coolidge, "Go forth into the open sky and may the winds of heaven deal mercifully with thee!" the Los Angeles has performed unfalteringly under the skillful guidance of navy air crews, to whom she proved a practical school.

Even though the airship has been dropped from the naval roster after only eight years of service, leaving the navy offshore air lanes to the Akron, there is not the slightest doubt concerning her record of serviceability. The fact that the Los Angeles was outmoded in less than a decade emphatically proves how well she has served her purpose in furthering the development of lighter-than-air ships.

Where Zero Is the Goal

STRIKES in the United States totaled less in 1931 than in 1929 despite the fact that the cut in factory pay rolls was 18 per cent, as compared with just under 1.5 per cent for 1929. This is the outstanding feature of the annual survey of industrial disputes just issued by the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics.

The figure for the last year is 894. It includes, of course, all kinds of strikes, big and little, those which were declared for many other reasons than wage disputes, and those which were settled almost immediately, as well as those which are still dragging on. That most of them were minor disturbances is apparent from one of the tables. This shows that 45 per cent of the 894 were settled within six days and 67 per cent within 14 days.

The significance of the figures is apparent when read in its historical context. The bureau's statistics go back to 1916. In that year there were 3758 strikes. The figure increased to 4443 in 1917, and then started to decline, until in 1928 it had dropped to 629. Last year's number of 894 is therefore only a fifth of the 1917 total, a contrast which, in view of the economic disturbances in the last three years, is truly remarkable.

Several explanations have been essayed to account for the phenomenon. Readers of the Monitor have quite properly called attention to the factor of prohibition. Another is the new wage relationship between Capital and Labor which has been developed within the last decade. Formerly wages were the first item in industrial costs to be cut in times of depression. Nowadays the pruning, when it becomes necessary, starts among other items, and wages are usually the last to come under the ax.

If such social theory, which happens to correspond with economic progress, can withstand the strain of the last three years, there is much hope that it will become even more potent when the economic tide turns, so that industrial disputes may resume their downward trend. Few satisfactions will be more gratifying than that to be obtained when the statisticians of the Bureau of Labor Statistics have to write "0" in their periodical survey.

Self-Sufficiency or Security

NATIONAL self-sufficiency is a thing of the past. Even the United States, with a wide range of climate and a well-nigh limitless variety of raw materials, has had this lesson brought home forcibly in the last few years.

There is an economic necessity that cannot be met except by the widest possible exchange of goods and services. Great harvests, tremendous stocks of manufactured or raw products, mammoth hoards of gold—none nor all of these can keep a country prosperous so long as the means of making them useful—that is, the means of exchange—is lacking.

This fact comes sharply to attention in a report that a group of leading French exporters have addressed a "cry of distress" to Premier Edouard Herriot. A country evidently may make huge loans to its neighbors, as France has done. It may, to paraphrase a recent observation on France's position, acquire gold and with its aid build a towering diplomatic structure; a country may reënforce its position with a "steel wall" of forts and an economic wall of tariffs and trade restrictions. But it cannot heap up against the day of reckoning much that will serve in place of the recognition that the world is becoming too small and its interests too closely knit to prosper under policies of division.

Other nations besides France are learning—as individuals have learned—that they often may be their own greatest enemies. In their more thoughtful moments they show a tendency to doubt the effectiveness of gold or tariffs or guns to protect them from the effects of greed and suspicion. Those who have had gold have not been able to manufacture prosperity out of it. Tariffs have not kept out distress. Guns cannot long repulse poverty.

Obviously, neither economic nor political security can be founded on these things. The rapidity with which lesson follows upon lesson to drive this fact home to the leading nations inspires the hope that the statesmen now at Geneva and Lausanne will find more dependable means of insuring peace and prosperity.

Mickey Mouse an Englishman!

MR. G. K. CHESTERTON has recorded the joy with which he discovered, after writing a little poem about the town of Roundabout "which makes the world go round," that there actually does exist somewhere in the south of England a village of that name. A similar delight, if he is a reader of The Times, now belongs to Mr. Walt Disney, the film cartoonist to whom we owe the delectable adventures of Mickey Mouse.

A correspondent of The Times has revealed that in a legal document of 1650 there is a reference to one Michael Mouse of Bedfordshire, and Nathanael, his brother. This discovery may go some way toward explaining a historical mystery which has hitherto seemed rather curious. The beginning of the Battle of Edgehill in 1642 is said by the historians to have been delayed because both armies held up their fire in order to allow a solitary huntsman, who had strayed in between the two battle lines, to get out of the way.

This episode reveals a concern for the safety of noncombatants most unusual in the annals of warfare. But suppose this nameless huntsman were none other than Mickey Mouse? The dates fit, and Edgehill is not so very far from Bedford. If this hypothesis be correct, the whole incident casts a most flattering light upon the artistic sensibilities of both Cavalier and Roundhead.

But Englishmen will, from strictly patriotic motives, rejoice over the discovery that Mickey Mouse is a countryman of theirs. There is far too common a tendency to regard England as a mere importer of other nations' inspirations.

When an inhabitant of the British Isles says "I guess," meaning "I believe," he is supposed to be copying America, whereas he is using good Chaucerian English. And Mr. Harold Scarborough, the London editor of the New York Herald Tribune, asserts that the American locution, "Sez you," has swept over the British Isles. Happily another paper has been able to point out that "Says you" is a phrase that occurs in no less English a book than "Great Expectations."

In view of these things, English audiences will in future pay their shillings more readily to laugh at Mickey Mouse in the happy consciousness that, in so doing, they are, at least in one sense, "Buying British"!

Rus in Urbe

DAIRYMEN in Los Angeles have been sending cows to school. This is not, however, to be regarded as evidence that the widespread yearning for education in the United States has been extended to include the genus bovine.

On the contrary, "Bossy" is not going to school to study, but to be studied. It is a new movement. Instead of the slogan, "Back to the farm," there is a later one, "From farm to forum," and the cow, graduated from such silly exercises as jumping over the moon, assumes the rôle of dignified instructor to urban children who had hitherto supposed milk had its origin in bottles marked Grade A or Grade B.

The California dairymen broke into the educational field when they learned that thousands of Los Angeles school children had never seen a real, live cow. The nearest approach was when one had horned in on the motion picture screen. With one eye on culture and the other on the milk business the dairymen packed a couple of dairy cows and their calves on a specially equipped motortruck and sent them out like any other show to play the urban school circuit. Huge delight for the children, who found entertainment as well as education in this nature study addition to their class curriculum. Incidentally, and quite properly, there was some well-earned profit for the dairymen as milk consumption jumped.

One would like to see the innovation carried farther. Cities might take a leaf from Central Park in New York City, which boasts a miniature farmyard, on the fence of which delighted children hang in gleeful contemplation of not merely a cow and calf, but ducks swimming in a little pond, a clucking hen with her brood, piggy and piglets and a sedate and contemplative donkey, the whole forming, in the words of Bobby Burns, "a weel-stockit farm."

Incidentally, grown-ups whom vacation time finds with slender purses could seek the shade of a neighboring tree and, listening to the old familiar barnyard sounds, hark back in pleasing reminiscence to sylvan scenes of adolescent days.

For Future Reference

WHEN Mr. William R. Castle, the American Undersecretary of State, recently addressed the Conference of International Justice, he voiced the one continuing objection which stands between the United States and membership in the League of Nations. His words deserve particular notice because, as events are today foreshadowing, they are very likely to have a strikingly different significance in the future than at present. Mr. Castle said:

> Granting all the virtues of the League, I cannot foresee any possibility that America will join the organization while the possibility of war to prevent war . . . remains in the Covenant.

The significance of Mr. Castle's observation is that, independent of any change of opinion in the United States with respect to Geneva, important members of the League are themselves becoming dissatisfied with the sanctions policy which theoretically is that of the Covenant. Thus, while Mr. Castle is quite reasonably objecting to the idea of a war to prevent war, the League itself is pondering the desirability of removing that objection—not in deference to the United States, but in deference to its own good judgment.

The fact is that Geneva's experience of the Far Eastern crisis has demonstrated that sanctions, which were never more than a theory, are actually less than a fiction. And the opinion is growing that in frankly abandoning the power to make war, which it never truly possessed, the League would increase its power to make peace.

Such a trend will serve to close the gap which now separates Washington from Geneva, and the future significance of Mr. Castle's objection to the United States joining the League may be that it will have become inapplicable.

Editorial Notes

Consistent advertising, the American Newspaper Publishers' Association finds, has enabled many companies to maintain and even increase their earnings. The buying public appreciates being directed to the better mousetrap.

A "dark horse" candidate for the Democratic nomination for the Presidency has prevented a run on two Chicago banks. If that party wins, maybe it will consider him for the Secretaryship of the Treasury.

Washington correspondents refer to the million or more requests and pleas sent to Congress recently as "the great mail lobby," but if a lobby expands over the whole nation it ceases to be one.

"Accordion" street cars, which turn corners much more easily than the conventional kind, have been built in Germany. Many American cities could use accordion cars to stretch during rush hours.

The small war museum in the Arc de Triomphe, Paris, showed a profit of $25,000 in 1931. Does not that make the museum itself rather a curiosity?

The political party bolt, as a general rule, is not machine made.

Depression Blues

AS I sit by my window now, the rain is coming down in sheets. Although it is only noon, it is as dark as night. In direct view of this window is my rock garden, which has been transformed into a regular waterfall, washing away some of the choicest plants and submerging some of the largest rocks. Two young trees, which I planted last spring, have been blown over. One garage door has been severely damaged. On the third floor a large bucket is catching the water from a leak which has developed around a dormer window. Perhaps more damage has been done, but I am not in the mood to investigate just now. All in all I am not well pleased.

What will I do about it? Well, I have an idea that I'll get the rock garden fixed up again as soon as the storm subsides. And while it appears to be in a frightful condition right now, I doubt if the damage has been as serious as I think. The garage door can be repaired at no great expense. And I know that money will be found somehow to pay the roofer for any work that may be necessary around the dormer window. Yes, everything will be made spick and span again as soon as the storm subsides.

But how do I know that the storm is going to subside? How do I know that the rain is going to stop and the sun is going to shine? To be frank with you, I have no proof. I see no sign of the sun breaking through the clouds, yet I know the sun is going to break through, maybe not today, maybe not tomorrow, but soon. I find no indication that the rain is going to cease, yet I know it isn't going to rain forever. Common sense tells me that.

And while the elements are raging outside of my window, there is another storm raging over my head, an economic storm. My garden of stocks and bonds, so highly prized and admired a few years ago, has been washed away. That door of dividends, which I had closed and barred against the approach of the wolf, has broken loose and is being badly battered. A leak has developed in the roof of my economic castle, and a flood of bills and foreclosures comes pouring in, threatening to inundate me. I certainly am not pleased.

⁂

What will I do about it? Well, some people tell me I can't do anything about it. Some people tell me the damage is beyond repair. Some people tell me that this economic storm is not going to subside until it has carried us all downstream. And I can't argue with these people. I have no proof to offer them. I see no bright sign on our economic horizon. But I know the clouds are going to break and the sun is going to shine. Common sense tells me that.

Oh, I'll admit that this economic storm is violent. There are those who say that it is the most violent one we have ever experienced. And I don't doubt it. We are living in an age of superlatives. We went through the most stupendous war in all history; we enjoyed the greatest era of prosperity the world has ever known; now we appear to be suffering from the worst depression. Everything today is either "the best" or "the worst," and right now "the worsts" are on top.

And I'll admit that those men and women, who have been active in business and professional life, who were our leaders during the World War and the days of economic complacency that followed, have grown weary, have found themselves unable to cope with the changing conditions.

Again it is only natural that this should be so. In the face of adversity, people who have been accustomed to success, are apt to become discouraged and grow pessimistic. It is as if the bottom had dropped out of things. It is as if our economic paradise had tumbled down at our feet.

Yes, we must face the facts. We must admit that the storm has reached serious proportions. But we must not be swept off our feet by this admission. We must permit common sense to govern our thoughts and actions.

America has become the most pessimistic nation in the world. The reason for this is that we have been disillusioned. Up until October of 1929 we were led to believe that prosperity had become a fixture in the American scheme of things. This Utopian idea of our economic condition was peculiarly American. No other nation in the world was capable of such a dream. Quite naturally, when the crash came, we were totally unprepared for it. The paradise in which we had been living had snapped our strength, and we were helpless when the props were knocked from under us. We became confirmed pessimists, and the ones responsible for that state of mind are those politicians and those speculators who built up that false idea of economic security.

But common sense will extricate us. Common sense will give us that strength that is so much needed now. This depression had a cause and it has a purpose. What that purpose is, I don't know. But my faith in this world and in that Power that governs it is such that I cannot doubt.

⁂

Every day I hear people—and you hear people—talking about the depression. And quite naturally the loudest voices are the ones that say the rain will not cease and the skies will not clear. Whenever I hear them, I am reminded of that quotation from Shakespeare: "The empty vessel makes the greatest sound."

Are you an "empty vessel"? Are you one of those persons of little faith? Are you one of those poor, deluded ones who believed that prosperity was going to last forever and now believe that the depression is permanent? If you are one of those evil rumor-mongers, one of those chronic pessimists, you cannot be the prophet of the new era that is about to dawn. We must look elsewhere.

Oh, I realize it's very easy to have the blues today. I realize it's rather difficult sometimes to keep a stiff upper lip. But the easy things in life are not generally the big things. And we have need of big things today.

America has been through periods like this before. If we do not believe so, it is because we have forgotten, or because we have not studied our economic history. We had storms similar to this back in 1837, and in 1873, and again in 1893. We have had numerous squalls of lesser degree. And each time we have recovered. Each time the sun has shone a little brighter and a little warmer. And I believe now that the sunshine will be all the more glorious after the clouds have passed away.

As I glance out of my window again, the rain is still coming down. The clouds are still hanging low, and the wind is still howling. There is still no break in the west.

But I know it is going to clear. Common sense tells me that. I know the storm is almost over. It can't last much longer. And tomorrow I expect to go out and fix up that rock garden. I expect to prop up those trees and repair the garage door. And when I get through, I expect to go over and help my neighbor, for the storm has done considerable damage there, too. And the day after tomorrow—well, just wait and see; you won't even know we've had a storm.

Oh, this weather is very depressing, and I could be blue, too. But I find it more profitable to be gay. So I am planning my future along the lines of Edward Everett Hale's famous motto: "Look up and not down, look forward and not back, look out and not in, and lend a hand."

H. G. M.

Notes From German Cities

A Vacation "Automat"

PRESS the button and up bobs a vacation—at least the place where a vacation or week-end may be enjoyed. For under one roof in Berlin, almost the whole of Germany has been assembled in miniature to aid those who are searching for a place for their week-ends. The display—part of Berlin's summer exhibition, "Sun, Light and Homes for All"—makes use of elaborate relief maps equipped with electric lights. The visitor who wants, for instance, to know the location of a watering place or mountain resort, simply presses a button on an alphabetical list. The light flashes on upon the map. But "Sonne, Luft und Haus für Alle" goes further than merely telling the visitor where to go for a week-end. It tells him why—especially why he should week-end. Static and animated exhibits in a large hall depict the workman at his tasks and show advantages of rest and recreation. The means of transport are also suggested—ranging from full-sized Luft-Hansa transport planes to mahogany and rubber "kayaks" or canoes, to be shot over placid waters with the aid of a double-bladed paddle. But when one arrives—where does one stay? The exhibit also answers this question with an elaborate display of "growing" houses. They are designed especially for week-enders, and priced at reasonable figures. First the purchaser buys a single room. It is a complete house. As he desires to enlarge he buys another room. The French door that led out into the garden now leads into the bedroom. Other sections may similarly be added, until the house has completely "grown up."

⁂

Water Fuel For Motors

A "gasoline" engine which uses water for "fuel" has been developed by a Berlin engineer. The engine is designed to take the place of small turbines and to operate under very light pressure. The inventor, who claims to have already submitted models to practical tests, desired to make use of water pressures comparable to those found in the ordinary kitchen water tap. He discarded the customary turbine technique and designed an engine with pistons that operates almost on the same theory as a gasoline motor, except that hydraulic pressure takes the place of gas explosions. The engine is said to be adapted to providing power for various household devices, such as washing machines and vacuum cleaners, and even for generating electric power.

⁂

The Horse Comes Back

Horse cabs are now used instead of rubberneck cars to convey sight-seers through the old sections of Berlin. The first attempt was recently made with much success. Old Berlin rubbed its eyes and looked with amazement at forty tumble-down horse cabs rumbling through its quiet streets. The sleepy courts woke up at the familiar sound of wooden wheels rumbling over cobblestones, and joyfully reëchoed the clatter of the horses' hoofs and the crack of the whips. The strains of an old hurdy-gurdy playing long-forgotten Berlin melodies floated through the air and the chimes of the Nikolai church began to ring out quaint old tunes. The people in the forty cabs certainly must have thought that the '90's had returned. They reveled in recollections as they drove down the old Splittberg-Gasse where Frederick the Great had founded the first Berlin sugar refinery and passed the remnants of the city wall near the old Koelnische Park. And that exactly was the purpose of this strange ride: to enable people to view the old parts of the city in a way which would make them forget that just around the corner cars and subways, stop and go signals, and dazzling signs bespoke the age of engineering. Incidentally, the few remaining horse cabs which have fought a brave fight against the advancing taxicab are given some work to do. Twenty years ago driving in a motorcar was a thrill. Today a ride in a horse cab is almost as great an adventure.

⁂

Electrical Anniversary

Pioneer electric lights, shining with brave steadiness in a curious world, were recalled as members of the Society of Electrical Engineers celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of an international electrical exhibition held in the Bavarian capital in 1882—the first of its kind in Germany. From it sprang the beginnings of German electrification of devices, organizations, and plans which have endured to the present day. It was there that Herr Sigmund Schuckert—who became a member of one of Germany's largest electrical concerns—exhibited a pioneer dynamo. And Dr. Oscar von Miller, founder of the German Technical Museum, presented the first German experiments in long-distance power transmission, sending 1500 and 2000 volts over a fifty-seven-kilometer (thirty-five-mile) line. Herr Emil Rathenau and Dr. von Miller the next year formed the German Edison Company, which later became the General Electric Company in Germany.

⁂

Temperance Education

Temperance succeeds — if one makes a real effort and starts early enough. This conviction is the result of several years of effort on the part of the Federal Welfare Offices and Federal Youth Offices to promote temperance education in the Berlin schools. Their campaign has made use of numerous posters which have been displayed in the schools. Mothers bringing their children to school for the first time have enlisted in the drive against alcohol. The value of temperance has been explained before parents' meetings. Children not only have received lessons pointing out the bad effects of alcohol, but have brought their own ideas to the study. In several schools the children have written descriptions of object lessons of their own observation, or have gathered clippings from newspapers to form a temperance exhibit to which their parents have been invited. According to a summary of the work contained in official Berlin publications, the temperance program has produced results in the schools where adequate initiative has been displayed.